

# Converting Colors

YUV(144.4540, 4.7062,  
-16.1842)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(144.4540, 4.7062,  
-16.1842)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7E989A
RGB	126, 152, 154
RGB Percent	49%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.5059, 0.4039, 0.3961
CMYK	0.18, 0.01, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	184°, 12%, 55%
HSV	184°, 18%, 60%
XYZ	25.6652, 29.2252, 34.8602
YIQ	144.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

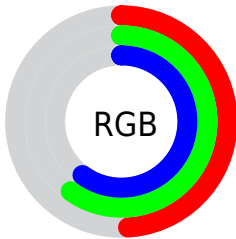
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	126, 139, 154
Decimal	8296602
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.98, -8.63, -4.10
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 9.557, 205.386
Yxy	29.2252, 0.2860, 0.3256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286486682 (0xFF7E989A)
YUV	144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842
Hunter-Lab	54.0603, -9.8626, -0.3902

# Details

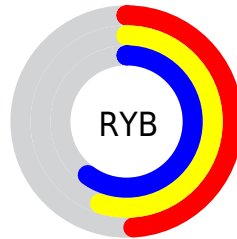
The YUV color  $144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669999$ . A complement of this color would be  $135.5460, -4.7062, 16.1842$ , and the grayscale version is  $144.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $198.1550, 4.8536, -16.7989$ , and  $93.7530, 4.5588, -15.5694$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $139.3820, 7.2067, -24.8910$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $149.5260, 2.2057, -7.4773$ .

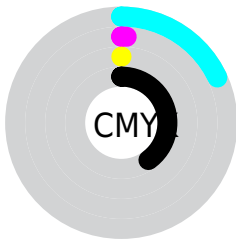
# Distribution



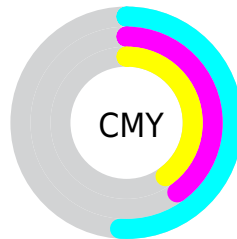
- Red (49%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 144.4540, 4.7062,  
-16.1842

■ 144.4540, 4.7062,  
-16.1842

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 118.7530, 4.5588,  
-15.5694

■ 198.1550, 4.8536,  
-16.7989

■ 93.7530, 4.5588,  
-15.5694

■ 226.2690, 5.2904,  
-16.8989

■ 70.0520, 4.4114,  
-14.9546

■ 249.0200, 2.9481,  
-12.2955

■ 47.3510, 4.2640,  
-14.3398

■ 26.0520, 4.4114,  
-14.9546

■ 5.5910, 3.6526,  
-4.9033

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 144.4540, 4.7062,  
-16.1842

■ 144.4540, 4.7062,  
-16.1842

■ 139.3820, 7.2067,  
-24.8910

■ 149.5260, 2.2057,  
-7.4773

■ 134.0110, 9.8546,  
-34.2126

■ 154.8970, -0.4422,  
1.8443

■ 128.9390, 12.3551,  
-42.9195

■ 159.9690, -2.9427,  
10.5512

■ 123.5680, 15.0030,  
-52.2411

■ 165.3400, -5.5906,  
19.8728

■ 118.4960, 17.5035,  
-60.9480

■ 170.4120, -8.0911,  
28.5797

■ 112.8370, 20.2934,  
-69.1400

■ 176.0710,  
-10.8810, 36.7717

■ 107.4660, 22.9413,  
-78.4617

■ 181.4420,  
-13.5289, 46.0934

■ 102.3940, 25.4418,  
-87.1685

■ 186.5140,  
-16.0294, 54.8002

■ 101.4970, 25.8840,  
-89.0129

■ 188.8950,  
-17.2032, 57.9741

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144.3250, 0.3328, -13.4400



144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



145.5620, 7.6109, -14.5249

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



148.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072



147.1660, -8.4628, 7.7474

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



135.5460, -4.7062, 16.1842

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806



144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



149.3760, -0.1854, 12.8252

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



147.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



148.6490, -4.2640, 14.3398



146.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



146.1110, 8.3263, -10.6213



148.6490, -4.2640, 14.3398



147.2910, -8.0315, 9.3918

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



198.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478



142.6640, -7.2294, -14.6143



100.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



186.0830, 7.3541, -25.5058



136.2360, 8.7577, -8.9770



74.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034



92.2700, 23.5309, -80.9208



8.5260, 2.2057, -7.4773



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137.3360, 7.2294, 14.6143



174.8300, 11.4228, 22.9511



143.7640, -8.7577, 8.9770



72.1900, 1.8783, 4.2184



56.6800, 36.1468, 73.0716



5.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

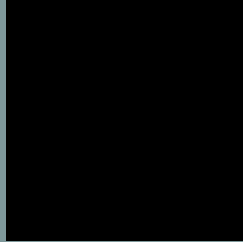
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842.



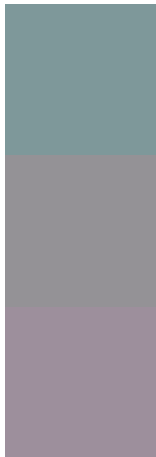
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842.

-16.1842.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842

### Protanopia

147.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296

### Deuteranopia

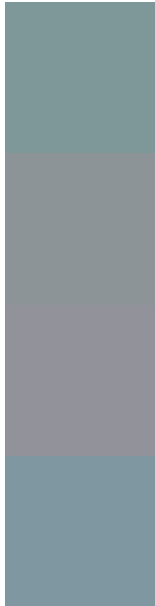
148.6680, 3.6147, 7.3072



## Tritanopia

145.4910, 8.6319, -15.3396

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842

## Protanomaly

145.9500, 2.4897, -5.2181

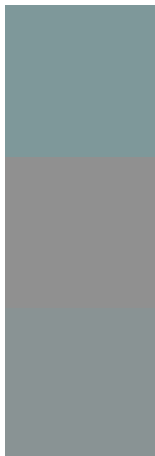
## Deuteranomaly

147.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998

## Tritanomaly

144.8500, 7.4690, -15.6544

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842

## Achromatopsia

144.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

144.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 152, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 152, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 152, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 152, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 152, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 152, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 152, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 152, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 152, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 152,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 144.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 152, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
152, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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