

# Converting Colors

YUV(144.7960, -50.6784,  
61.5689)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(144.7960, -50.6784,  
61.5689)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7812A
RGB	215, 129, 42
RGB Percent	84%, 51%, 16%
CMY	0.1569, 0.4941, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.80, 0.16
HSL	30°, 68%, 50%
HSV	30°, 80%, 84%
XYZ	36.2925, 30.3148, 6.1290
YIQ	144.7960, 79.1830, -8.8250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

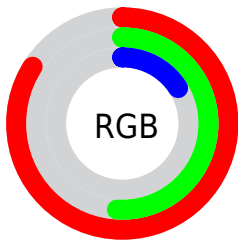
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	213, 215, 42
Decimal	14123306
CIE Lab	61.92, 26.86, 57.70
CIE LCh	62, 63.648, 65.041
Yxy	30.3148, 0.4990, 0.4168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292313386 (0xFFD7812A)
YUV	144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689
Hunter-Lab	55.0588, 21.3069, 31.9412

# Details

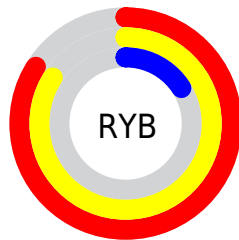
The YUV color **144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **112.2040, 50.6784, -61.5689**, and the grayscale version is **145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193.7950, -49.1989, 53.6768**, and **92.4190, -45.5626, 54.0065** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135.8310, -57.1047, 69.4312**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153.6470, -44.6890, 53.8066**.

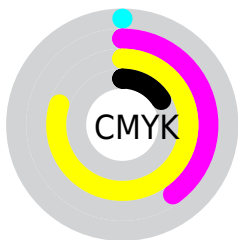
# Distribution



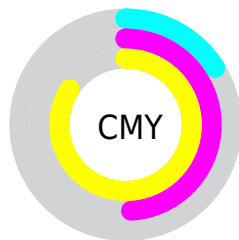
- Red (84%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 144.7960,  
-50.6784, 61.5689


 144.7960,  
-50.6784, 61.5689


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 117.2040,  
-52.8516, 58.5801


 193.7950,  
-49.1989, 53.6768

 92.4190, -45.5626,  
54.0065


 213.3090,  
-45.5083, 36.5630

 69.6600, -34.3424,  
48.5332


 232.8230,  
-41.8177, 19.4492

 47.4880, -23.4116,  
42.5450

 245.8800,  
-34.9438, 7.9982

 25.6150, -12.6282,  
37.1716

 249.0720,  
-22.7135, 5.1989

 12.8570, -6.3385,  
26.4354

 252.3780,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

-10.0464, 2.2995

0.0000

■ 144.7960,  
-50.6784, 61.5689

■ 144.7960,  
-50.6784, 61.5689

■ 135.8310,  
-57.1047, 69.4312

■ 153.6470,  
-44.6890, 53.8066

■ 127.6810,  
-62.9467, 76.5788

■ 162.0250,  
-37.9733, 46.4591

■ 170.8760,  
-31.9839, 38.6967

■ 179.8410,  
-25.5576, 30.8344

■ 188.1050,  
-19.2788, 23.5869

■ 197.0700,  
-12.8525, 15.7246

■ 206.0350, -6.4263,  
7.8623

■ 214.8860, -0.4368,  
0.1000

■ 223.2640, 6.2788,  
-7.2475

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145.5090, -28.3519, 87.2536



144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689



140.2910, -61.7685, 25.1778

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689



121.3240, 18.0813, -106.4011



152.7490, 44.4937, 8.9901

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689



112.2040, 50.6784, -61.5689

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



118.8810, 67.1067, -104.2586



144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689



127.0070, 42.3945, -111.3851

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689



112.8370, -6.8216, -98.9580



127.3440, 61.4554, -111.6807



152.0690, 22.6440, 63.9605



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689



137.1500, -51.3459, -4.5165



127.3440, 61.4554, -111.6807



149.7890, 50.3900, -15.6010

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689



230.4360, -17.9629, 21.5426



103.6450, 12.5000, 97.6583



112.6290, -10.6631, 13.4804



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689



154.6410, -72.2940, 88.0148



195.2780, -75.5661, 17.2962



102.8110, -3.3578, 3.6738



101.6110, -50.0942, 60.8542



25.7710, -12.7051, 15.1098



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112.2040, 50.6784, -61.5689



108.3590, 72.2940, -88.0148



61.7220, 75.5661, -17.2962



100.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



69.3890, 50.0942, -60.8542



17.8160, 12.4157, -15.6246



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 144.7960, -50.6784,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689

### Protanopia

143.7540, -47.2067, 21.2637

### Deuteranopia

143.9690, -53.2287, 39.4922



## Tritanopia

151.2140, -10.9515, 59.4483

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689

## Protanomaly

143.9130, -48.2711, 36.0333

## Deuteranomaly

143.9530, -52.2348, 47.3992

## Tritanomaly

149.0280, -25.6498, 60.4884

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689

## Achromatopsia

145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

144.7350, -18.1104, 22.1574

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 129, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 129, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 129, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 129, 42) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 129, 42) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 129, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 129, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 129, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 129, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 129,  
42) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 144.7960, -50.6784, 61.5689 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 129, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
129, 42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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