

# Converting Colors

YUV(145.0690, -11.8660,  
-67.5895)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(145.0690, -11.8660,  
-67.5895)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	44BD79
RGB	68, 189, 121
RGB Percent	27%, 74%, 47%
CMY	0.7333, 0.2588, 0.5255
CMYK	0.64, 0.00, 0.36, 0.26
HSL	146°, 48%, 50%
HSV	146°, 64%, 74%
XYZ	24.0327, 39.0046, 24.3511
YIQ	145.0690, -50.2880, -46.8000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

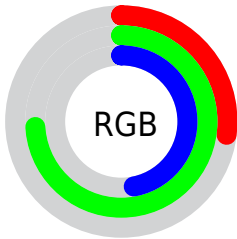
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">68, 152, 189</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4504953</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.75, -49.15, 24.73</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 55.019, 153.291</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.0046, 0.2750, 0.4463</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282695033 (0xFF44BD79)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.4537, -40.6057, 20.6000</a>

# Details

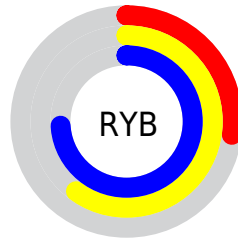
The YUV color **145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. A complement of this color would be **111.9310, 11.8660, 67.5895**, and the grayscale version is **145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202.5100, -14.0554, -65.3453**, and **87.4530, -7.6183, -76.6963** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **138.1340, -13.8701, -78.1705**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152.0040, -9.8620, -57.0085**.

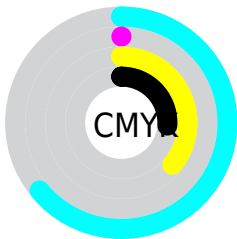
# Distribution



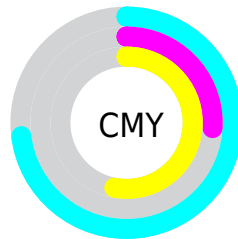
- Red (27%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 145.0690,  
-11.8660, -67.5895

■ 145.0690,  
-11.8660, -67.5895

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 114.7200, -9.2290,  
-73.4224

■ 202.5100,  
-14.0554, -65.3453

■ 87.4530, -7.6183,  
-76.6963

■ 219.5420, -9.1412,  
-54.8493

■ 68.8680, -10.2879,  
-60.3972

■ 231.5190, -0.7489,  
-39.9202

■ 51.6850, -12.6627,  
-45.3277

■ 243.3390, 5.7489,  
-23.9763

■ 34.8610, -16.2005,  
-30.5731

■ 252.3090, 1.3267,  
-5.5330

■ 21.7190, -10.7075,  
-19.0476

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 145.0690,  
-11.8660, -67.5895

■ 145.0690,  
-11.8660, -67.5895

■ 138.1340,  
-13.8701, -78.1705

■ 152.0040, -9.8620,  
-57.0085

■ 131.3130,  
-15.4373, -88.8515

■ 158.8250, -8.2947,  
-46.3275

■ 124.3780,  
-17.4414, -99.4325

■ 165.7600, -6.2907,  
-35.7465

■ 120.4050,  
-18.4407, -105.5952

■ 172.5810, -4.7234,  
-25.0655

■ 179.5160, -2.7194,  
-14.4845

■ 186.1520, -0.5679,  
-4.5183

■ 192.9730, 0.9993,  
6.1627

■ 199.9080, 3.0034,  
16.7437

■ 206.8430, 5.0074,  
27.3247

# Harmonies

## Analogous

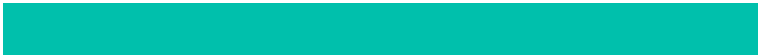
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156.9280, -37.9255, -15.7229



145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895



132.3120, 19.5662, -116.0376

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895



153.6660, 49.9577, -63.7281



166.3660, -24.8304, 77.7320

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895



111.9310, 11.8660, 67.5895

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167.7290, -1.8384, 76.5367



145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895



171.0600, 39.4104, 6.0864

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895



137.6650, 57.8462, -120.7322



172.0200, 20.2031, 53.4795



165.4240, -43.1000, 57.5102



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895



136.1880, 34.4173, -119.4369



172.0200, 20.2031, 53.4795



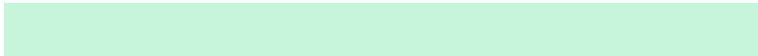
165.7280, -17.1209, 78.2915

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895



227.9830, -4.4286, -26.2951



159.6580, -45.1874, -19.8711



111.9180, -2.4246, -15.7141



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895



176.4050, -18.4407, -105.5952



151.9090, 14.3419, -73.5882



90.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



100.6120, -15.5847, -88.2367



19.6790, -3.2927, -17.2585



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111.9310, 11.8660, 67.5895



124.5950, 18.4407, 105.5952



105.0910, -14.3419, 73.5882



88.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



57.3880, 15.5847, 88.2367



11.2070, 2.8559, 17.3585



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

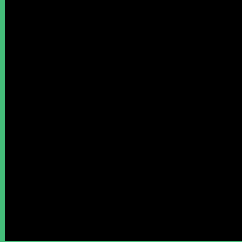
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895.

-67.5895.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895

### Protanopia

164.0300, -25.6508, 14.0057

### Deuteranopia

166.8170, -19.1368, 24.7165



## Tritanopia

155.3980, 19.5238, -55.6000

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895

## Protanomaly

156.8090, -20.6118, -15.6185

## Deuteranomaly

159.1780, -16.8498, -8.9261

## Tritanomaly

151.3900, 8.1887, -59.9780

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895

## Achromatopsia

145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

144.9940, -4.4340, -24.5507

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 189, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 189, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 189, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 189, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 189, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 189, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 189, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 189, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 189, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 189,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 145.0690, -11.8660, -67.5895 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 189, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 189,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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