

# Converting Colors

YUV(145.1910, -29.6742,  
44.5595)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(145.1910, -29.6742,  
44.5595)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C48355
RGB	196, 131, 85
RGB Percent	77%, 51%, 33%
CMY	0.2314, 0.4863, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.57, 0.23
HSL	25°, 48%, 55%
HSV	25°, 57%, 77%
XYZ	32.5209, 28.6242, 12.4053
YIQ	145.1910, 53.5060, -0.5260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

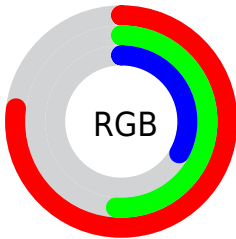
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 164, 85
Decimal	12878677
CIE Lab	60.45, 20.19, 34.85
CIE LCh	60, 40.278, 59.911
Yxy	28.6242, 0.4422, 0.3892
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291068757 (0xFFC48355)
YUV	145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595
Hunter-Lab	53.5016, 14.8733, 23.7037

# Details

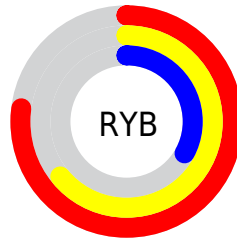
The YUV color **145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **135.8090, 29.6742, -44.5595**, and the grayscale version is **145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **199.7570, -31.4322, 48.4481**, and **93.4400, -27.3319, 39.9561** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136.4540, -35.2268, 52.2218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153.9280, -24.1215, 36.8971**.

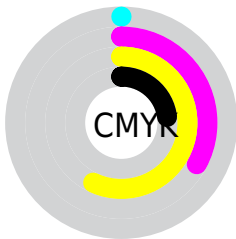
# Distribution



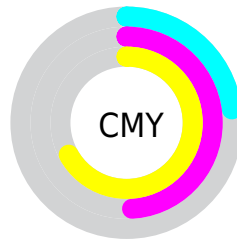
- Red (77%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (67%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 145.1910,  
-29.6742, 44.5595


 145.1910,  
-29.6742, 44.5595


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 119.1090,  
-28.6477, 42.0004


 199.7570,  
-31.4322, 48.4481


 93.4400, -27.3319,  
39.9561


 219.1570,  
-28.1784, 31.4343


 68.9450, -26.5949,  
36.8822


 238.6710,  
-24.4878, 14.3205

 45.6610, -22.5109,  
33.6233

 250.6680,  
-16.5983, 3.7992

 25.2610, -12.4537,  
27.8351

 253.9740, -3.9312,  
0.8998

 10.5790, -4.7224,  
21.4172

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 145.1910,  
-29.6742, 44.5595

■ 145.1910,  
-29.6742, 44.5595

■ 136.4540,  
-35.2268, 52.2218

■ 153.9280,  
-24.1215, 36.8971

■ 127.2440,  
-40.0533, 60.2990

■ 163.1380,  
-19.2950, 28.8200

■ 118.5070,  
-45.6060, 67.9614

■ 171.8750,  
-13.7424, 21.1576

■ 109.2970,  
-50.4324, 76.0385

■ 181.0850, -8.9159,  
13.0805

■ 106.1510,  
-52.3324, 78.7976

■ 189.8220, -3.3632,  
5.4181

■ 199.1460, 1.9000,  
-2.7590

■ 207.7690, 7.0159,  
-10.3214

■ 217.0930, 12.2792,  
-18.4986

■ 225.0320, 14.7742,  
-25.4611

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146.5960, -17.0558, 57.3593



145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595



143.0820, -34.5504, 21.8531

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595



113.8800, 14.8492, -96.3648



148.5680, 28.8070, 0.3789

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595



135.8090, 29.6742, -44.5595

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138.1000, 38.4047, -44.8147



145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595



116.2010, 31.4529, -101.9083

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595



132.9460, -11.8054, -40.2946



116.8170, 43.9672, -102.4485



150.3460, 15.6054, 34.7766



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595



140.4710, -31.2912, 3.0949



116.8170, 43.9672, -102.4485



145.8050, 32.6341, -13.8610

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595



235.4230, -11.5475, 17.1690



125.8270, 12.9033, 61.5417



116.2310, -7.0159, 10.3214



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595



175.4040, -46.0482, 69.8057



176.8890, -45.3013, 16.7603



92.3380, -2.6316, 4.0886



87.4680, -43.1217, 64.4876



18.0850, -8.9159, 13.0805



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135.8090, 29.6742, -44.5595



161.0090, 46.3376, -69.2909



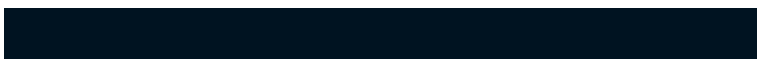
104.1110, 45.3013, -16.7603



91.6620, 2.6316, -4.0886



73.5320, 43.1217, -64.4876

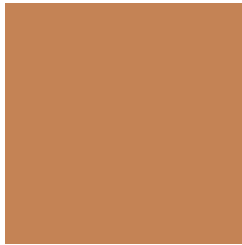


14.9150, 8.9159, -13.0805



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

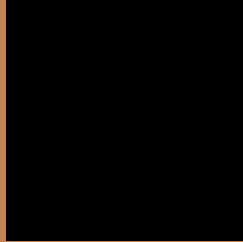
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595

### Protanopia

143.6170, -25.9402, 13.4909

### Deuteranopia

144.2770, -30.2096, 29.5751



## Tritanopia

148.4510, -7.1243, 45.2085

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595

## Protanomaly

144.3410, -27.2831, 24.2569

## Deuteranomaly

144.7230, -29.9364, 35.3229

## Tritanomaly

147.2740, -15.4181, 45.3637

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595

## Achromatopsia

145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

145.2380, -10.9633, 16.4543

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 131, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 131, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 131, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 131, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 131, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 131, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 131, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 131, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 131, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 131,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 145.1910, -29.6742, 44.5595 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 131, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
131, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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