

Converting Colors

YUV(145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(145.2090, -7.0050,
6.8327)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	999083
RGB	153, 144, 131
RGB Percent	60%, 56%, 51%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4353, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.14, 0.40
HSL	35°, 10%, 56%
HSV	35°, 14%, 60%
XYZ	27.2069, 28.3575, 25.5123
YIQ	145.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

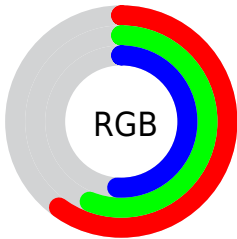
Format	Color
R _Y B	146, 153, 131
Decimal	10064003
CIE Lab	60.21, 1.03, 8.10
CIE LCh	60, 8.163, 82.764
Yxy	28.3575, 0.3356, 0.3498
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288254083 (0xFF999083)
YUV	145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327
Hunter-Lab	53.2518, -1.9932, 8.8711

Details

The YUV color **145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **138.7910, 7.0050, -6.8327**, and the grayscale version is **145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **199.0950, -7.4418, 6.9327**, and **95.0240, -6.4208, 6.1180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139.9770, -11.8207, 11.4212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442**.

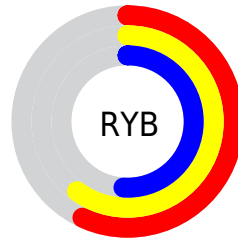
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (56%)

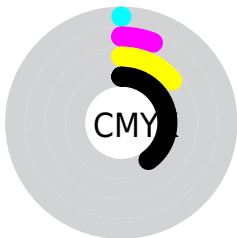
Blue (51%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (51%)

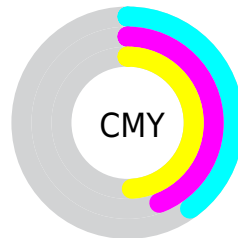


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 145.2090, -7.0050,
6.8327

■ 145.2090, -7.0050,
6.8327

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 119.3230, -6.5682,
6.7327

■ 199.0950, -7.4418,
6.9327

■ 95.0240, -6.4208,
6.1180

■ 227.3940, -7.5892,
7.5475

■ 71.1380, -5.9840,
6.0180

■ 252.7030, -6.2626,
2.0145

■ 48.8390, -5.8366,
5.4032

■ 27.5400, -5.6892,
4.7884

■ 1.1960, -0.5896,
2.4591

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 145.2090, -7.0050,
6.8327

■ 145.2090, -7.0050,
6.8327

■ 139.9770,
-11.8207, 11.4212

■ 150.4410, -2.1894,
2.2442

■ 134.0440,
-16.7837, 16.6244

■ 156.3740, 2.7736,
-2.9590

■ 128.8120,
-21.5993, 21.2129

■ 161.6060, 7.5892,
-7.5475

■ 123.5800,
-26.4149, 25.8013

■ 166.8380, 12.4049,
-12.1359

■ 118.2340,
-31.6674, 30.4898

■ 172.1840, 17.6573,
-16.8244

■ 112.4150,
-36.1936, 35.5930

■ 178.0030, 22.1835,
-21.9276

■ 107.1830,
-41.0092, 40.1815

■ 183.2350, 26.9991,
-26.5161

■ 101.9510,
-45.8248, 44.7700

■ 188.4670, 31.8148,
-31.1046

■ 98.5770, -48.5985,
47.7290

■ 192.2170, 30.9520,
-34.3933

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146.1710, -6.0003, 11.2510



145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327



144.1050, -5.9678, 0.7849

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327



142.5360, 3.6798, -13.6251



146.6570, 3.6201, 5.5628

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327



138.7910, 7.0050, -6.8327

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327



143.2310, 6.2951, -12.4806

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327



142.6350, 0.1799, -11.0809



144.4920, 7.1524, -7.4475



146.4790, 0.2569, 10.9809

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327



144.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185



144.4920, 7.1524, -7.4475



145.9880, 4.9359, 3.5185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327



196.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



138.6040, 0.6882, 12.6253



97.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327



186.9060, -10.7997, 10.6064



149.8940, -9.3147, 0.9700



73.7400, -2.3368, 2.8590



90.5810, -44.6564, 43.3405



8.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



138.7910, 7.0050, -6.8327



177.0940, 10.7997, -10.6064



134.1060, 9.3147, -0.9700



71.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442



49.4190, 44.6564, -43.3405



4.4170, 4.2314, -3.8737

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

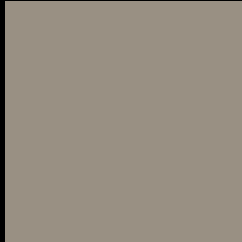
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

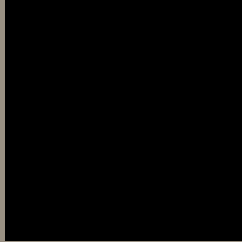
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.2090, -7.0050,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327

Protanopia

145.1980, -6.9996, 5.0884

Deuteranopia

146.2640, -7.0322, 15.5545



Tritanopia

146.7390, 2.5937, 8.1219

Trichromacy



Original Color

145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327

Protanomaly

145.4970, -7.1470, 5.7031

Deuteranomaly

145.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806

Tritanomaly

146.1150, -1.0427, 7.7921

Monochromacy



Original Color

145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327

Achromatopsia

145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

145.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 144, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 144, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 144, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 144, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 144, 131) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 144, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 144, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 144, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 144, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 144,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 145.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 144, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
144, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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