

# Converting Colors

YUV(145.4260, -59.3700,  
96.0964)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(145.4260, -59.3700,  
96.0964)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF7119
RGB	255, 113, 25
RGB Percent	100%, 44%, 10%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5569, 0.9020
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.90, 0.00
HSL	23°, 100%, 55%
HSV	23°, 90%, 100%
XYZ	47.3206, 33.1404, 4.8224
YIQ	145.4260, 112.8800, 2.7360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

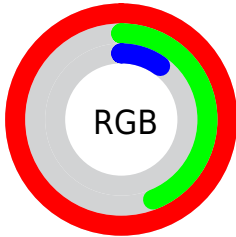
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 168, 25
Decimal	16740633
CIE Lab	64.27, 50.27, 67.64
CIE LCh	64, 84.279, 53.379
Yxy	33.1404, 0.5549, 0.3886
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294930713 (0xFFFF7119)
YUV	145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964
Hunter-Lab	57.5677, 45.9832, 35.3308

# Details

The YUV color **145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **134.5740, 59.3700, -96.0964**, and the grayscale version is **146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184.2090, -50.3890, 62.0837**, and **91.4430, -45.0814, 86.4345** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **133.7710, -65.9491, 106.3178**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157.6680, -53.0803, 85.3602**.

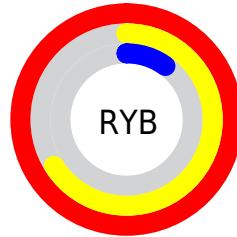
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (44%)

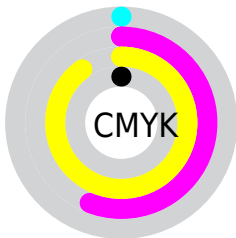
Blue (10%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (10%)

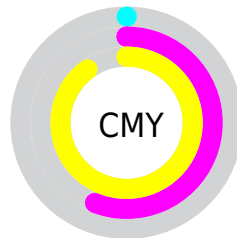


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (90%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



145.4260,  
-59.3700, 96.0964

145.4260,  
-59.3700, 96.0964

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

116.8600,  
-57.6120, 92.2078

184.2090,  
-50.3890, 62.0837

91.4430, -45.0814,  
86.4345

203.6090,  
-47.1352, 45.0699

64.2650, -31.6826,  
82.2056

223.7100,  
-43.7340, 27.4413

37.9730, -18.7207,  
78.0767

243.9250,  
-39.8960, 9.7128

28.7040, -14.1511,  
59.0186

247.7040,  
-27.9551, 6.3986

20.3320, -10.0237,  
41.8048

250.8960,

11.7750, -5.3121,

-15.7247, 3.5992

23.8763

254.2020, -3.0576,  
0.6998

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

145.4260,  
-59.3700, 96.0964

145.4260,  
-59.3700, 96.0964

133.7710,  
-65.9491, 106.3178

157.6680,  
-53.0803, 85.3602

169.4370,  
-46.0644, 75.0388

181.6790,  
-39.7747, 64.3025

194.0350,  
-33.0483, 53.4663

206.2770,  
-26.7586, 42.7301

■ 218.0460,  
-19.7427, 32.4087

■ 230.2880,  
-13.4530, 21.6724

■ 242.6440, -6.7265,  
10.8362

254.8860, -0.4368,  
0.1000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131.1970, -14.8871, 108.5752



145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964



146.6870, -72.3167, 48.5095

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964



125.8600, 4.9990, -110.3792



145.9010, 53.7858, -31.4852

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964



134.5740, 59.3700, -96.0964

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.8600, 62.1870, -113.0102



145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964



135.3390, 38.7799, -118.6923

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964



113.2180, -28.2085, -99.2922



137.0780, 58.1355, -120.2174



157.3780, 44.1836, 61.9355



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964



142.6240, -70.3136, 12.6078



137.0780, 58.1355, -120.2174



119.4680, 66.8173, -104.7734

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964



221.8930, -17.6952, 29.0348



110.4140, 29.8689, 126.8019



108.0640, -10.3846, 17.4839



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964



133.7710, -65.9491, 106.3178



210.5830, -91.4924, 38.9537



121.8220, -3.3632, 5.4181



99.9600, -49.2803, 79.8421

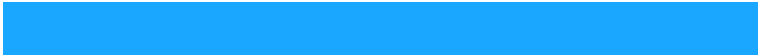


33.2240, -16.3794, 26.9906

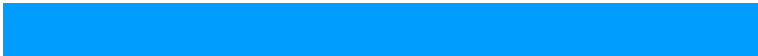


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134.5740, 59.3700, -96.0964



121.2290, 65.9491, -106.3178



69.4170, 91.4924, -38.9537



121.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181



91.0400, 49.2803, -79.8421



30.1890, 16.6688, -26.4758



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.4260, -59.3700,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964

### Protanopia

148.8870, -55.6533, 23.7781

### Tritanopia

152.6370, -19.0480, 89.7724

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964

## Protanomaly

147.7100, -57.0450, 50.2433

## Tritanomaly

150.1630, -33.6044, 91.9420

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964

## Achromatopsia

145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

144.9000, -21.6427, 35.1677

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 113, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 113, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 113, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 113, 25) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 113, 25) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 113, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 113, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 113, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 113, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 113,  
25) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 145.4260, -59.3700, 96.0964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 113, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
113, 25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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