

# Converting Colors

YUV(145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(145.6260, -2.7736,  
2.9590)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	95918C
RGB	149, 145, 140
RGB Percent	58%, 57%, 55%
CMY	0.4157, 0.4314, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.06, 0.42
HSL	33°, 4%, 57%
HSV	33°, 6%, 58%
XYZ	27.2534, 28.5338, 28.8821
YIQ	145.6260, 3.9890, -0.7070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

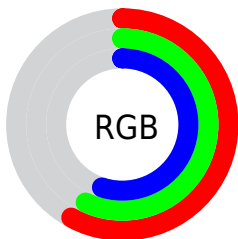
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	147, 149, 140
Decimal	9802124
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.37, 0.54, 3.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 3.209, 80.369
Yxy	28.5338, 0.3219, 0.3370
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287992204 (0xFF95918C)
YUV	145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590
Hunter-Lab	53.4170, -2.4089, 5.3344

# Details

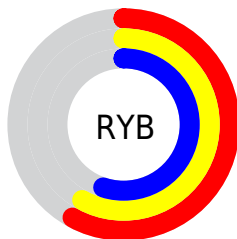
The YUV color  $145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $143.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590$ , and the grayscale version is  $146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $199.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590$ , and  $95.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $139.8070, -7.2999, 8.0623$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $151.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443$ .

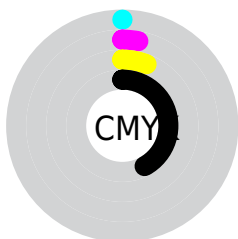
# Distribution



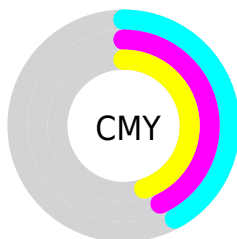
- Red (58%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 145.6260, -2.7736,  
2.9590

■ 145.6260, -2.7736,  
2.9590

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 119.7400, -2.3368,  
2.8590

■ 199.6260, -2.7736,  
2.9590

■ 95.3270, -2.6262,  
2.3442

■ 227.5120, -3.2104,  
3.0590

■ 71.4410, -2.1894,  
2.2442

■ 254.4300, -2.1840,  
0.4999

■ 49.4410, -2.1894,  
2.2442

■ 28.4410, -2.1894,  
2.2442

■ 1.4840, -0.7316,  
1.3295

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 145.6260, -2.7736,  
2.9590

■ 145.6260, -2.7736,  
2.9590

■ 139.8070, -7.2999,  
8.0623

■ 151.4450, 1.7526,  
-2.1443

■ 134.5750,  
-12.1155, 12.6507

■ 156.6770, 6.5682,  
-6.7327

■ 128.7560,  
-16.6417, 17.7540

■ 162.4960, 11.0945,  
-11.8360

■ 123.5240,  
-21.4573, 22.3425

■ 167.7280, 15.9101,  
-16.4245

■ 117.8190,  
-25.5468, 27.3457

■ 173.5470, 20.4363,  
-21.5277

■ 112.0000,  
-30.0730, 32.4490

■ 179.2520, 24.5258,  
-26.5310

■ 106.7680,  
-34.8886, 37.0375

■ 184.4840, 29.3414,  
-31.1195

■ 100.9490,  
-39.4149, 42.1407

■ 189.8470, 32.1204,  
-35.8228

■ 95.1300, -43.9411,  
47.2440

■ 193.9560, 30.0947,  
-39.4264

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034



145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



145.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



144.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182



145.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



143.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999



145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



144.9500, 2.4897, -5.2181

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



144.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035



145.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



146.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



145.4190, -2.1786, -1.2445



145.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



146.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



192.3700, -1.1684, 1.4295



143.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



96.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148



224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



188.8820, -4.3788, 4.4885



147.9740, -3.9312, 0.8998



71.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443



85.8740, -42.3359, 45.7145



6.5120, -3.2104, 3.0590



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



185.1180, 4.3788, -4.4885



141.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998



70.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443



51.5390, 42.6253, -45.1997



4.0750, 2.9210, -3.5738



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

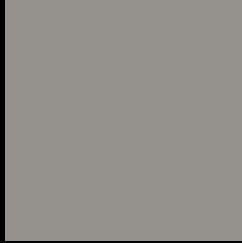
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

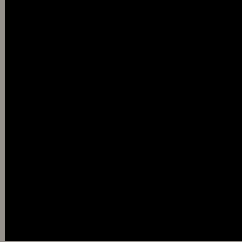
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.6260, -2.7736,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590

### Protanopia

145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590

### Deuteranopia

146.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955



## Tritanopia

146.6460, 3.6255, 3.8185

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590

## Protanomaly

145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590

## Deuteranomaly

146.3710, -2.6479, 9.3216

## Tritanomaly

146.3640, 1.2995, 3.1888

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590

## Achromatopsia

146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

146.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 145, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 145, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 145, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 145, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 145, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 145, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 145, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 145, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 145, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 145,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 145.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 145, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
145, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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