

# Converting Colors

YUV(145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(145.6810, 13.9613,  
2.0338)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	948BAE
RGB	148, 139, 174
RGB Percent	58%, 55%, 68%
CMY	0.4196, 0.4549, 0.3176
CMYK	0.15, 0.20, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	255°, 18%, 61%
HSV	255°, 20%, 68%
XYZ	29.0853, 27.8171, 43.8807
YIQ	145.6810, -5.8710, 12.7930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

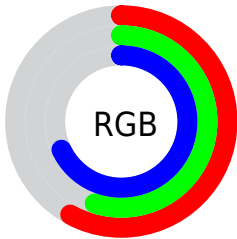
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	148, 139, 174
Decimal	9735086
CIELab	59.72, 10.54, -17.17
CIElCh	60, 20.151, 301.550
Yxy	27.8171, 0.2886, 0.2760
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287925166 (0xFF948BAE)
YUV	145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338
Hunter-Lab	52.7419, 6.1381, -12.4092

# Details

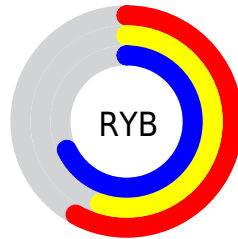
The YUV color **145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **167.3190, -13.9613, -2.0338**, and the grayscale version is **146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **199.3220, 15.1243, 2.3486**, and **95.1540, 13.2351, 1.6189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131.8150, 20.7972, 2.7932**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159.5470, 7.1253, 1.2743**.

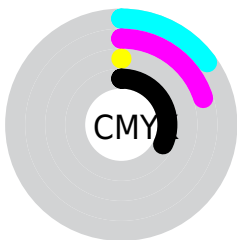
# Distribution



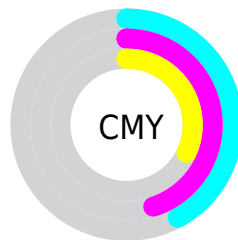
- Red (58%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 145.6810, 13.9613,  
2.0338

■ 145.6810, 13.9613,  
2.0338

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 120.1540, 13.2351,  
1.6189

■ 199.3220, 15.1243,  
2.3486

■ 95.1540, 13.2351,  
1.6189

■ 227.2790, 13.6665,  
3.2633

■ 71.6270, 12.5089,  
1.2041

■ 251.4780, 1.7363,  
3.0888

■ 49.1000, 11.7827,  
0.7893

■ 27.5730, 11.0565,  
0.3745

■ 4.8010, 11.9301,  
0.1745

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 145.6810, 13.9613,  
2.0338

■ 145.6810, 13.9613,  
2.0338

■ 131.8150, 20.7972,  
2.7932

■ 159.5470, 7.1253,  
1.2743

■ 117.3620, 27.9225,  
4.0675

■ 174.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 103.4960, 34.7585,  
4.8270

■ 187.8660, -6.8359,  
-0.7595

■ 89.0430, 41.8838,  
6.1013

■ 202.3190,  
-13.9613, -2.0338

■ 75.1770, 48.7197,  
6.8608

■ 216.1850,  
-20.7972, -2.7932

■ 61.3110, 55.5557,  
7.6203

■ 230.0510,  
-27.6331, -3.5527

47.1570, 62.5336,  
9.5093

240.6830,  
-32.8747, -2.3530

33.2910, 69.3695,  
10.2688

244.5700,  
-34.7910, 5.6391

245.7660,  
-35.3806, 8.0982

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142.5970, 17.9467, -16.3096



145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338



147.2440, 6.7817, 18.2030

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338



144.4300, -15.4950, 23.3019



136.7140, 3.5920, -32.1982

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338



167.3190, -13.9613, -2.0338

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138.5710, -6.1975, -18.9178



145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338



143.0110, -16.7674, 11.3914

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338



146.2550, -9.9857, 29.5944



140.7210, -13.6665, -3.2633



136.0860, 12.7756, -37.7864



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338



147.2080, 1.3765, 25.2506



140.7210, -13.6665, -3.2633



137.5250, 0.2342, -28.5244

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338



215.7920, 5.5255, 1.0594



158.2520, 7.7638, -16.8840



108.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338



182.4560, 21.9602, 3.1081



150.7640, 11.4553, 12.4850



79.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298



28.7610, 59.7708, 8.9796



4.4160, 9.1619, 1.3892



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152.4290, 6.1975, 18.9178



193.1190, 9.8013, 29.7136



162.2360, -11.4553, -12.4850



81.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



57.6180, 26.8103, 81.0190



8.8150, 4.0352, 12.4402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338

### Protanopia

144.0820, 15.7356, -7.0879

### Deuteranopia

145.3600, 14.1195, -2.0697



## Tritanopia

144.8520, 4.5100, 0.1298

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338

## Protanomaly

144.5770, 14.9985, -4.0140

## Deuteranomaly

145.3710, 14.1141, -0.3254

## Tritanomaly

145.3620, 7.7095, 0.5595

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338

## Achromatopsia

146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

145.6780, 5.0887, 1.1594

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 139, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 139, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 139, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 139, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 139, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 139, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 139, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 139, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 139, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 139,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 145.6810, 13.9613, 2.0338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 139, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
139, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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