

# Converting Colors

YUV(145.7340, -9.7289,  
40.5753)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753)  
contains.

<b>YUV(145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(145.7340, -9.7289,  
40.5753)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C07E7E
RGB	192, 126, 126
RGB Percent	75%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.2471, 0.5059, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.34, 0.25
HSL	0°, 34%, 62%
HSV	0°, 34%, 75%
XYZ	32.9650, 27.6345, 23.3352
YIQ	145.7340, 39.3360, 13.9920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

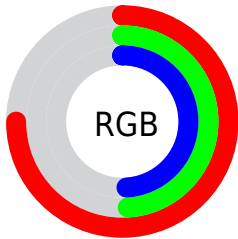
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	192, 126, 126
Decimal	12615294
CIE Lab	59.56, 25.62, 10.58
CIE LCh	60, 27.720, 22.446
Yxy	27.6345, 0.3927, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290805374 (0xFFC07E7E)
YUV	145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753
Hunter-Lab	52.5686, 19.9398, 10.4791

# Details

The YUV color **145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **172.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753**, and the grayscale version is **146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200.2290, -10.4659, 43.6492**, and **94.0540, -8.4076, 36.7866** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132.4150, -12.5296, 52.2560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159.0530, -6.9281, 28.8945**.

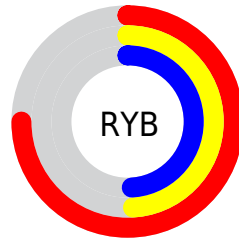
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (49%)

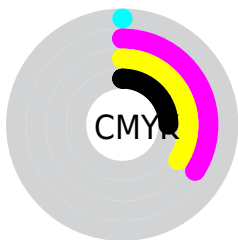
Blue (49%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (49%)

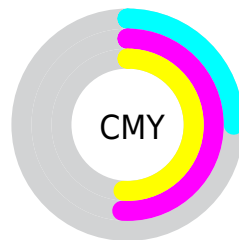


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 145.7340, -9.7289,  
40.5753

 145.7340, -9.7289,  
40.5753


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 119.8370, -9.2866,  
38.7310


 200.2290,  
-10.4659, 43.6492


 94.0540, -8.4076,  
36.7866


 221.2380, -7.5123,  
29.6093

 69.5700, -7.6760,  
35.4571

 240.8660, -3.3849,  
12.3955

 45.9010, -6.3602,  
33.4128

 22.4170, -5.6286,  
32.0833

 11.1770, -5.0173,  
22.6468

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 145.7340, -9.7289,  
40.5753

■ 145.7340, -9.7289,  
40.5753

■ 132.4150,  
-12.5296, 52.2560

■ 159.0530, -6.9281,  
28.8945

■ 119.0960,  
-15.3303, 63.9368

■ 172.3720, -4.1274,  
17.2138

■ 105.0760,  
-18.2785, 76.2323

■ 186.3920, -1.1793,  
4.9182

■ 91.7570, -21.0792,  
87.9131

■ 199.7110, 1.6215,  
-6.7625

■ 78.4380, -23.8799,  
99.5939

■ 213.0300, 4.4222,  
-18.4433

■ 65.1190, -26.6807,  
111.2746

■ 226.3490, 7.2229,  
-30.1241

■ 57.4080, -28.3021,  
118.0372

■ 236.1630, 9.2866,  
-38.7310

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753



144.5840, -19.0219, 34.5678

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753



136.4800, -11.5756, -20.5920



139.1480, 25.5630, -32.5788

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753



172.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131.9620, 24.1757, -54.3407



145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753



132.4910, 1.7299, -41.6496

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753



140.2070, -20.8081, 0.6955



129.6490, 15.4560, -57.5742



144.2870, 21.5505, -5.5137



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753



143.2040, -22.7786, 26.1311



129.6490, 15.4560, -57.5742



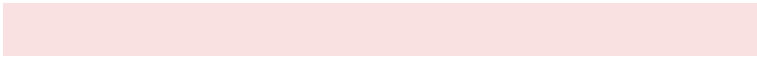
136.5060, 25.8795, -40.7858

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753



232.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694



153.2580, 19.0998, 33.9767



114.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753



177.7970, -15.1829, 63.3220



165.1050, -19.2788, 23.5869



89.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478



48.1390, -23.7325, 98.9791



9.8670, -4.8644, 20.2876



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753



219.2030, 15.1829, -63.3220



152.8950, 19.2788, -23.5869



94.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478



112.8610, 23.7325, -98.9791

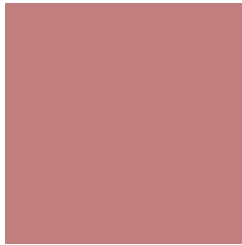


23.1330, 4.8644, -20.2876



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

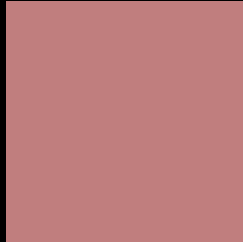
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

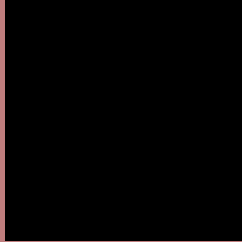
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 145.7340, -9.7289,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753

### Protanopia

143.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737

### Deuteranopia

144.4770, -10.0952, 17.9987



## Tritanopia

146.3580, -6.0925, 40.9050

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753

## Protanomaly

144.5030, -6.1640, 17.0989

## Deuteranomaly

145.2330, -9.9749, 26.1057

## Tritanomaly

146.0160, -7.4029, 41.2050

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753

## Achromatopsia

146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

146.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 126, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 126, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 126, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 126, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 126, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 126, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 126, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 126, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 126, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 126,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 145.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 126, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
126, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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