

# Converting Colors

YUV(146.0460, -22.7007,  
94.6757)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(146.0460, -22.7007,  
94.6757)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE6464
RGB	254, 100, 100
RGB Percent	100%, 39%, 39%
CMY	0.0039, 0.6078, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.61, 0.00
HSL	0°, 99%, 69%
HSV	0°, 61%, 100%
XYZ	47.7305, 31.1053, 15.5448
YIQ	146.0460, 91.7840, 32.6480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

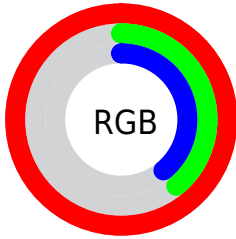
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 100, 100
Decimal	16671844
CIE Lab	62.60, 58.65, 30.98
CIE LCh	63, 66.328, 27.846
Yxy	31.1053, 0.5057, 0.3296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294861924 (0xFFFE6464)
YUV	146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757
Hunter-Lab	55.7721, 55.1614, 22.5151

# Details

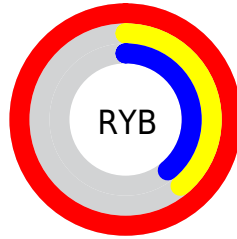
The YUV color **146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **207.9540, 22.7007, -94.6757**, and the grayscale version is **146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185.0310, -16.7773, 61.3628**, and **86.6310, -16.5801, 91.5316** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128.5210, -26.3859, 110.0451**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.5710, -19.0155, 79.3062**.

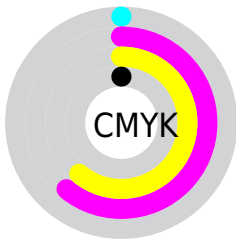
# Distribution



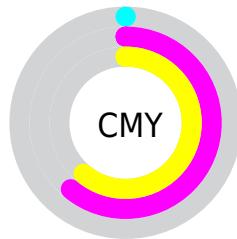
- Red (100%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 146.0460,  
-22.7007, 94.6757

■ 146.0460,  
-22.7007, 94.6757

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 117.3060,  
-20.3639, 91.8166

■ 185.0310,  
-16.7773, 61.3628

■ 86.6310, -16.5801,  
91.5316

■ 205.1320,  
-13.3761, 43.7342

■ 51.4880, -9.6076,  
95.1650

■ 225.2330, -9.9749,  
26.1057

■ 39.8250, -14.2107,  
78.2065

■ 245.4480, -6.1369,  
8.3771

■ 29.6010, -14.5933,  
60.8629

■ 21.1580, -9.4449,  
42.8344

■ 12.0740, -5.4595,

24.4911

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 146.0460,  
-22.7007, 94.6757

■ 146.0460,  
-22.7007, 94.6757

■ 128.5210,  
-26.3859, 110.0451

■ 163.5710,  
-19.0155, 79.3062

■ 110.2950,  
-30.2184, 126.0293

■ 181.7970,  
-15.1829, 63.3220

■ 92.7700, -33.9036,  
141.3987

■ 199.3220,  
-11.4977, 47.9526

■ 75.9460, -37.4414,  
156.1534

■ 217.5480, -7.6652,  
31.9684

■ 235.0730, -3.9800,  
16.5990

252.5980, -0.2948,  
1.2296

254.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



148.2500, 4.8068, 91.8658



146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757



146.5460, -48.0902, 71.4352

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757



119.3030, -16.9114, -82.7037



122.9900, 65.0809, -107.8622

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757



207.9540, 22.7007, -94.6757

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.1650, 59.5717, -114.1547



146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757



121.0160, 11.8241, -106.1310

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757



137.5900, -52.0559, -10.1644



127.8560, 38.0320, -112.1297



152.5340, 50.5157, -9.2383



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757



144.0320, -62.1338, 49.0839



127.8560, 38.0320, -112.1297



125.9250, 63.6340, -110.4362

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757



222.7540, -6.7807, 28.2797



163.6020, 44.5662, 79.2790



107.6710, -4.2748, 17.8285



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757



124.6140, -27.4177, 114.3485



191.2450, -44.9838, 55.0361



118.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921



57.1090, -28.1547, 117.4224



19.1360, -9.4340, 39.3457



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207.9540, 22.7007, -94.6757



199.3860, 27.4177, -114.3485



162.7550, 44.9838, -55.0361



124.1130, 1.9163, -7.9921



133.8910, 28.1547, -117.4224



44.8640, 9.4340, -39.3457



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

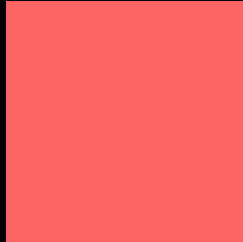
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757

### Protanopia

150.6840, -14.1412, 9.0471

### Deuteranopia

150.6190, -28.8992, 29.2751



## Tritanopia

146.0290, -20.2273, 94.6906

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757

## Protanomaly

148.7850, -17.1490, 40.5306

## Deuteranomaly

149.0440, -26.6437, 52.5814

## Tritanomaly

145.8010, -21.1009, 94.8905

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757

## Achromatopsia

146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

145.7440, -8.2548, 34.4275

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 100, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 100, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 100, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 100, 100) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 100, 100) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 100, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 100, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 100, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 100, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 100,  
100) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 146.0460, -22.7007, 94.6757 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 100, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
100, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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