

Converting Colors

YUV(146.1120, -6.4642,
20.0728)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| YUV(146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**YUV(146.1120, -6.4642,
20.0728)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | A98985 |
| RGB | 169, 137, 133 |
| RGB Percent | 66%, 54%, 52% |
| CMY | 0.3373, 0.4627, 0.4784 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.19, 0.21, 0.34 |
| HSL | 7°, 17%, 59% |
| HSV | 7°, 21%, 66% |
| XYZ | 29.5415, 28.0198, 26.0417 |
| YIQ | 146.1120, 20.3560, 5.5400 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

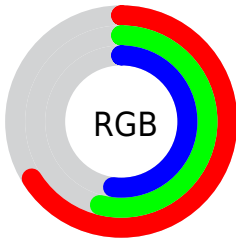
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 169, 138, 133 |
| Decimal | 11110789 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 59.91, 11.51, 6.73 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 60, 13.328, 30.316 |
| Yxy | 28.0198, 0.3534, 0.3352 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289300869 (0xFFA98985) |
| YUV | 146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728 |
| Hunter-Lab | 52.9337, 6.9840, 7.8849 |

Details

The YUV color **146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **155.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728**, and the grayscale version is **146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200.0090, -6.9064, 21.9171**, and **95.3290, -5.5852, 18.1285** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135.3690, -9.5489, 29.4944**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **156.8550, -3.3795, 10.6512**.

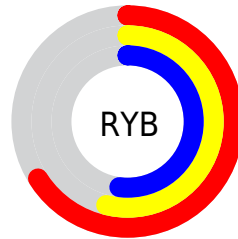
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (54%)

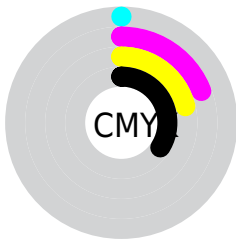
Blue (52%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (52%)

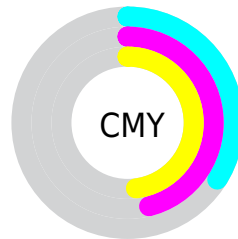


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)


Magenta (46%)


Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YUV color 146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 146.1120, -6.4642,
20.0728

 146.1120, -6.4642,
20.0728


255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 120.5140, -6.1694,
18.8432


 200.0090, -6.9064,
21.9171


 95.3290, -5.5852,
18.1285


 228.3080, -7.0538,
22.5319

 71.6170, -5.7272,
16.9989

 248.8220, -3.3632,
5.4181

 49.1330, -4.9956,
15.6694

 27.5350, -4.7008,
14.4398

 6.8770, -3.3904,
14.1399

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 146.1120, -6.4642,
20.0728

■ 146.1120, -6.4642,
20.0728

■ 135.3690, -9.5489,
29.4944

■ 156.8550, -3.3795,
10.6512

■ 124.6260,
-12.6336, 38.9160

■ 167.5980, -0.2948,
1.2296

■ 113.8830,
-15.7183, 48.3376

■ 178.3410, 2.7899,
-8.1921

■ 103.1400,
-18.8030, 57.7592

■ 189.0840, 5.8746,
-17.6137

■ 92.3970, -21.8877,
67.1808

■ 199.7130, 8.5225,
-26.9353

■ 81.7680, -24.5356,
76.5025

■ 210.4560, 11.6072,
-36.3569

■ 71.0250, -27.6203,
85.9241

■ 221.1990, 14.6919,
-45.7785

■ 61.6840, -30.4102,
94.1161

■ 229.2860, 12.6770,
-52.8708

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146.5940, -0.7858, 18.7731



146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728



145.3520, -10.5265, 16.3543

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728



141.0710, -4.4720, -12.3403



143.7350, 11.9626, -10.2916

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728



155.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141.7400, 10.9742, -19.9430



146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728



140.0360, 1.9543, -20.2026

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728



142.5840, -9.1619, -1.3892



140.5070, 7.6380, -23.2466



145.5300, 9.5987, 1.2892

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728



144.0910, -11.3839, 11.3212



140.5070, 7.6380, -23.2466



143.3000, 11.6841, -14.2951

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728



211.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625



147.4120, 8.6709, 18.9327



104.9790, -1.4686, 4.4034



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728



183.1520, -10.4279, 31.4387



156.6780, -11.6733, 10.8064



78.9790, -1.4686, 4.4034



53.6440, -26.4465, 82.7502



7.1540, -3.5269, 11.2659

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728



198.4350, 10.1385, -31.9535



145.3220, 11.6733, -10.8064



81.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034



93.7690, 26.7359, -82.2354



12.8460, 3.5269, -11.2659

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 146.1120, -6.4642,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728

Protanopia

144.6970, -3.7946, 3.7737

Deuteranopia

145.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545



Tritanopia

146.7190, -0.3545, 20.4174

Trichromacy



Original Color

146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728

Protanomaly

144.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215

Deuteranomaly

145.5030, -6.1640, 17.0989

Tritanomaly

146.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025

Monochromacy



Original Color

146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728

Achromatopsia

146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

146.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 137, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 137, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 137, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 137, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 137, 133) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 137, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 137, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 137, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 137, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 137,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 146.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 137, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
137, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor