

# Converting Colors

YUV(146.1690, -47.4113,  
-100.1262)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262)  
contains.

<b>YUV(146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(146.1690, -47.4113,  
-100.1262)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	20DF32
RGB	32, 223, 50
RGB Percent	13%, 87%, 20%
CMY	0.8745, 0.1255, 0.8039
CMYK	0.86, 0.00, 0.78, 0.13
HSL	126°, 75%, 50%
HSV	126°, 86%, 87%
XYZ	27.5591, 53.3127, 11.8555
YIQ	146.1690, -58.3030, -94.2950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

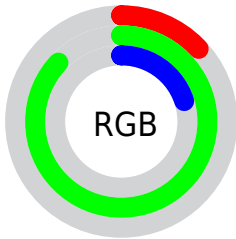
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">32, 207, 223</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">2154290</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">78.06, -74.49, 66.67</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">78, 99.968, 138.172</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">53.3127, 0.2972, 0.5749</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4280344370</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF20DF32</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">73.0156, -60.4040, 41.4840</a>

# Details

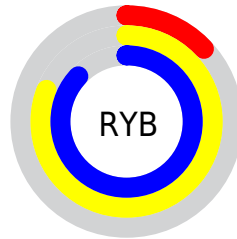
The YUV color **146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **108.8310, 47.4113, 100.1262**, and the grayscale version is **147.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197.0940, -43.4303, -70.2424**, and **97.4420, -48.0389, -85.4566** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **137.3110, -52.9043, -111.6517**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155.0270, -41.9183, -88.6007**.

# Distribution



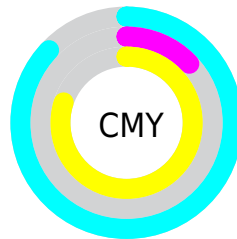
- Red (13%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 146.1690,  
-47.4113, -100.1262

■ 146.1690,  
-47.4113, -100.1262

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 114.4480,  
-53.9579, -100.3709

■ 197.0940,  
-43.4303, -70.2424

■ 97.4420, -48.0389,  
-85.4566

■ 210.1530,  
-36.0644, -52.7542

■ 81.0060, -39.9360,  
-71.0423

■ 223.0270,  
-28.1143, -35.9807

■ 65.7440, -32.4118,  
-57.6575

■ 235.7870,  
-20.6010, -19.1072

■ 49.8950, -24.5982,  
-43.7579

■ 248.4760,  
-12.0667, -3.0485

■ 35.8070, -17.6529,  
-31.4027

254.7720, -0.8736,

■ 20.5450, -10.1287,

0.2000

-18.0180

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 146.1690,  
-47.4113, -100.1262

■ 146.1690,  
-47.4113, -100.1262

■ 137.3110,  
-52.9043, -111.6517

■ 155.0270,  
-41.9183, -88.6007

■ 133.2950,  
-55.3614, -116.8997

■ 164.1840,  
-36.5727, -76.4604

■ 173.1560,  
-30.6429, -65.0348

■ 182.0140,  
-25.1499, -53.5093

■ 191.1710,  
-19.8043, -41.3690

■ 200.0290,  
-14.3113, -29.8434

■ 208.8870, -8.8183,  
-18.3179

■ 217.8590, -2.8885,  
-6.8923

■ 227.0160, 2.4571,  
5.2480

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174.4430, -86.0004, 3.9965



146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262



152.9250, -0.4560, -134.1152

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262



155.2750, 49.1644, -136.1762



141.6270, -0.3091, 99.4281

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262



108.8310, 47.4113, 100.1262

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153.9900, 39.4449, 88.5858



146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262



161.2860, 46.2010, -72.1648

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262



164.0800, 44.8236, -143.8982



186.3210, 33.8587, 60.2315



158.9560, -53.2223, 84.2306



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262



162.0960, 27.0677, -142.1582



186.3210, 33.8587, 60.2315



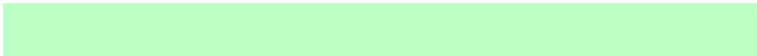
140.4650, 15.5468, 100.4472

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262



228.4260, -16.4790, -34.5766



196.4420, -81.0699, 9.2594



111.9360, -9.8284, -20.9919



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262



152.4210, -63.3116, -133.6732



156.7710, -6.7891, -109.4242



107.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



105.2500, -43.5072, -92.3042



28.7460, -11.7068, -25.2102



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108.8310, 47.4113, 100.1262



102.5790, 63.3116, 133.6732



98.2290, 6.7891, 109.4242



105.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



70.7500, 43.5072, 92.3042

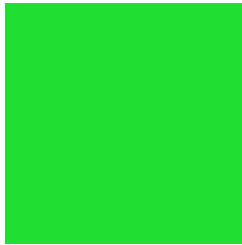


19.3680, 12.1436, 25.1103



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262.



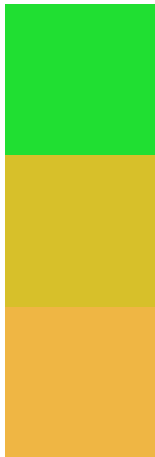
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262

### Protanopia

181.7770, -68.9101, 29.1366

### Deuteranopia

186.0470, -58.1972, 46.4398



## Tritanopia

176.4500, 23.9352, -70.5546

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262



## Protanomaly

168.5430, -60.9067, -18.0162



## Deuteranomaly

171.6290, -54.5401, -6.6906



## Tritanomaly

165.2120, -2.0765, -80.8699

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262



## Achromatopsia

146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

146.1870, -17.3472, -36.1210

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 223, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 223, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 223, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 223, 50) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 223, 50) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 223, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 223, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 223, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 223, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 223,  
50) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 146.1690, -47.4113, -100.1262 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 223, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 223,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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