

# Converting Colors

YUV(146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(146.3180, -9.0308,  
3.2291)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	969480
RGB	150, 148, 128
RGB Percent	59%, 58%, 50%
CMY	0.4118, 0.4196, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.15, 0.41
HSL	55°, 9%, 55%
HSV	55°, 15%, 59%
XYZ	27.0639, 29.2224, 24.6361
YIQ	146.3180, 7.6120, -5.7960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

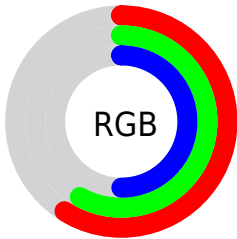
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	130, 150, 128
Decimal	9868416
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.98, -2.86, 10.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 11.218, 104.750
Yxy	29.2224, 0.3344, 0.3611
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288058496 (0xFF969480)
YUV	146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291
Hunter-Lab	54.0577, -5.2354, 10.8197

# Details

The YUV color  $146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $131.6820, 9.0308, -3.2291$ , and the grayscale version is  $146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $200.2040, -9.4676, 3.3291$ , and  $95.5460, -8.1572, 3.0292$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $144.0210, -15.2934, 5.2436$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $148.6150, -2.7682, 1.2146$ .

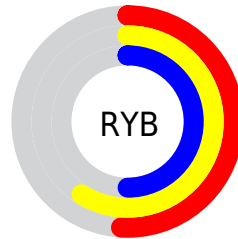
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (58%)

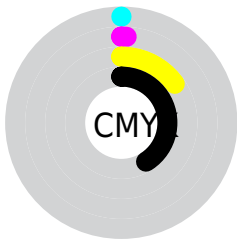
Blue (50%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (50%)

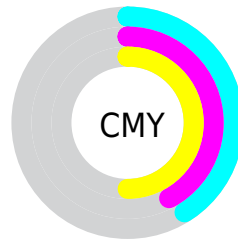


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 146.3180, -9.0308,  
3.2291

■ 146.3180, -9.0308,  
3.2291

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 120.4320, -8.5940,  
3.1291

■ 200.2040, -9.4676,  
3.3291

■ 95.5460, -8.1572,  
3.0292

■ 228.0900, -9.9044,  
3.4291

■ 72.2470, -8.0098,  
2.4144

■ 252.9480, -7.8624,  
1.7996

■ 49.3610, -7.5730,  
2.3144

■ 28.3610, -7.5730,  
2.3144

■ 3.5220, -1.7363,  
-3.0888

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 146.3180, -9.0308,  
3.2291

■ 146.3180, -9.0308,  
3.2291

■ 144.0210,  
-15.2934, 5.2436

■ 148.6150, -2.7682,  
1.2146

■ 141.1370,  
-21.2665, 7.7729

■ 151.4990, 3.2050,  
-1.3146

■ 138.8400,  
-27.5291, 9.7873

■ 153.7960, 9.4676,  
-3.3291

■ 136.5430,  
-33.7917, 11.8018

■ 156.0930, 15.7302,  
-5.3436

■ 133.6590,  
-39.7649, 14.3311

■ 158.9770, 21.7033,  
-7.8728

■ 131.3620,  
-46.0275, 16.3455

■ 161.2740, 27.9659,  
-9.8873

■ 128.4780,  
-52.0007, 18.8748

■ 164.1580, 33.9391,  
-12.4166

■ 126.1810,  
-58.2632, 20.8893

■ 166.4550, 40.2017,  
-14.4310

■ 124.6820,  
-61.4682, 22.2039

■ 167.8400, 42.9699,  
-15.6457

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147.5470, -9.6367, 10.9213



146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



145.3600, -6.0935, -5.5777

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



144.3550, 8.2060, -18.7283



149.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



131.6820, 9.0308, -3.2291

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



148.6400, 6.0935, 5.5777



146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



146.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



143.6170, 4.1328, -18.9581



147.3830, 9.1782, -3.8439



148.6000, -3.2538, 17.0138



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



144.1250, -3.0196, -11.5106



147.3830, 9.1782, -3.8439



148.9890, 3.4564, 11.4106

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



192.5010, -3.2050, 1.3146



134.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251



95.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147



224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



188.2490, -14.4198, 5.0436



144.8010, -8.2829, -3.3335



72.6150, -2.7682, 1.2146



114.6370, -56.5160, 20.4894



8.2730, -4.0786, 1.5146



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.6820, 9.0308, -3.2291



164.7510, 14.4198, -5.0436



133.1990, 8.2829, 3.3335



67.7980, 3.0576, -0.6998



23.3630, 56.5160, -20.4894



1.7270, 4.0786, -1.5146



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

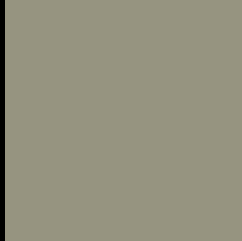
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

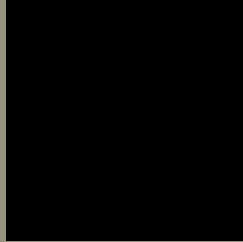
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 146.3180, -9.0308,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291

### Protanopia

146.8130, -9.7678, 6.3030

### Deuteranopia

148.2920, -9.5110, 17.2839



## Tritanopia

148.2440, 3.3307, 5.0480

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291

## Protanomaly

146.5140, -9.6204, 5.6882

## Deuteranomaly

147.3730, -9.0579, 11.9509

## Tritanomaly

147.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291

## Achromatopsia

146.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

146.0880, -3.4944, 0.7998

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 148, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 148, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 148, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 148, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

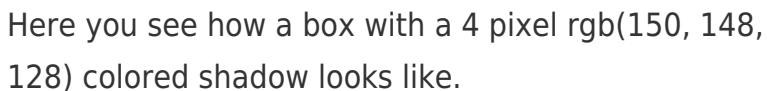
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 148, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 148, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 148, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 148, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 148, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 148, 128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 146.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 148, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
148, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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