

Converting Colors

YUV(146.7160, -9.2270,
19.5431)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431)
contains.

YUV(146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(146.7160, -9.2270,
19.5431)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A98B80
RGB	169, 139, 128
RGB Percent	66%, 55%, 50%
CMY	0.3373, 0.4549, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.24, 0.34
HSL	16°, 19%, 58%
HSV	16°, 24%, 66%
XYZ	29.4911, 28.4588, 24.3608
YIQ	146.7160, 21.4110, 2.9390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

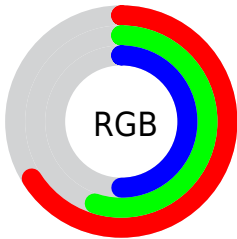
Format	Color
R_{YB}	169, 143, 128
Decimal	11111296
CIE _{Lab}	60.30, 9.61, 10.14
CIE _{LCh}	60, 13.971, 46.522
Yxy	28.4588, 0.3583, 0.3457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289301376 (0xFFA98B80)
YUV	146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431
Hunter-Lab	53.3468, 5.3213, 10.2679

Details

The YUV color **146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **150.2840, 9.2270, -19.5431**, and the grayscale version is **147.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201.2000, -9.9586, 20.8726**, and **95.9330, -8.3480, 17.5988** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **137.7340, -13.1799, 27.4203**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155.6980, -5.2741, 11.6659**.

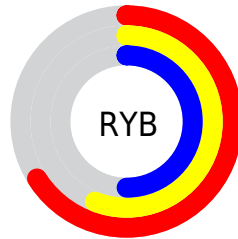
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (55%)

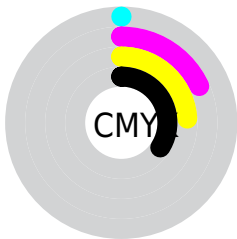
Blue (50%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (50%)

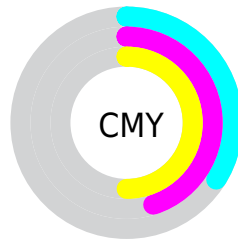


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 146.7160, -9.2270,
19.5431

■ 146.7160, -9.2270,
19.5431

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 121.1180, -8.9322,
18.3135

■ 201.2000, -9.9586,
20.8726

■ 95.9330, -8.3480,
17.5988

■ 228.7980,
-10.2534, 22.1022

■ 72.3350, -8.0532,
16.3692

■ 249.4260, -6.1260,
4.8884

■ 49.2640, -7.0322,
15.5545

■ 28.1390, -7.4635,
13.9101

■ 6.5780, -3.2430,
13.5251

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 146.7160, -9.2270,
19.5431

■ 146.7160, -9.2270,
19.5431

■ 137.7340,
-13.1799, 27.4203

■ 155.6980, -5.2741,
11.6659

■ 128.1650,
-16.8433, 35.8123

■ 165.2670, -1.6106,
3.2738

■ 119.1830,
-20.7962, 43.6895

■ 174.2490, 2.3422,
-4.6034

■ 110.2010,
-24.7491, 51.5667

■ 183.2310, 6.2951,
-12.4806

■ 100.6320,
-28.4126, 59.9587

■ 192.6860, 9.5218,
-20.7726

■ 91.7640, -31.9287,
67.7360

■ 201.6680, 13.4747,
-28.6498

■ 82.1950, -35.5921,
76.1280

■ 211.2370, 17.1382,
-37.0418

■ 76.9460, -37.9344,
80.7314

■ 219.3070, 17.5966,
-44.1192

■ 226.3510, 14.1240,
-50.2968

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147.3940, -4.1382, 20.7025



146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431



145.9880, -11.8261, 13.1655

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431



141.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584



145.9530, 11.3622, -4.3438

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431



150.2840, 9.2270, -19.5431

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143.5170, 12.5631, -16.2394



146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431



141.2250, 5.3121, -23.8763

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431



142.7080, -7.2510, -7.6369



141.6040, 10.5482, -23.3317



147.2920, 7.2510, 7.6369

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431



144.3570, -11.5150, 6.7029



141.6040, 10.5482, -23.3317



145.4470, 12.1046, -9.1620

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431



210.8330, -3.3687, 7.1625



143.6790, 7.0603, 22.2065



104.8650, -1.9054, 4.5034



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431



184.8160, -14.2063, 29.9794



158.4560, -15.0148, 9.2471



79.5660, -1.7580, 3.8886



67.7320, -33.3919, 70.3950



8.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



150.2840, 9.2270, -19.5431



190.1840, 14.2063, -29.9794



138.5440, 15.0148, -9.2471



80.4340, 1.7580, -3.8886



80.2680, 33.3919, -70.3950



11.0850, 4.3951, -9.7215

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

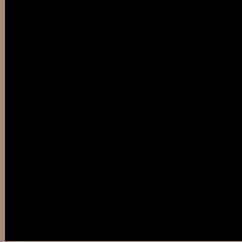
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 146.7160, -9.2270,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431

Protanopia

145.4970, -7.1470, 5.7031

Deuteranopia

146.4060, -9.0742, 17.1839



Tritanopia

147.7190, -0.3545, 20.4174

Trichromacy



Original Color

146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431

Protanomaly

146.0030, -7.8895, 10.5214

Deuteranomaly

146.7050, -9.2216, 17.7987

Tritanomaly

147.2090, -3.5540, 19.9877

Monochromacy



Original Color

146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431

Achromatopsia

147.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

146.8330, -3.3687, 7.1625

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 139, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 139, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 139, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 139, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 139, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 139, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 139, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 139, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 139, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 139,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 146.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 139, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
139, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor