

# Converting Colors

YUV(147.0330, 39.9167,  
-63.1729)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(147.0330, 39.9167,  
-63.1729)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4BA8E4
RGB	75, 168, 228
RGB Percent	29%, 66%, 89%
CMY	0.7059, 0.3412, 0.1059
CMYK	0.67, 0.26, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	204°, 74%, 59%
HSV	204°, 67%, 89%
XYZ	30.9079, 35.1026, 78.5452
YIQ	147.0330, -74.6880, -1.0560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

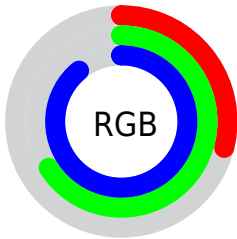
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	75, 133, 228
Decimal	4958436
CIE Lab	65.83, -8.88, -38.29
CIE LCh	66, 39.302, 256.947
Yxy	35.1026, 0.2138, 0.2428
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283148516 (0xFF4BA8E4)
YUV	147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729
Hunter-Lab	59.2474, -10.5640, -37.1285

# Details

The YUV color **147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **155.9670, -39.9167, 63.1729**, and the grayscale version is **147.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201.2330, 26.5071, -55.4553**, and **87.7000, 41.5599, -76.9129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **134.8730, 45.9116, -72.6796**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159.1930, 33.9219, -53.6663**.

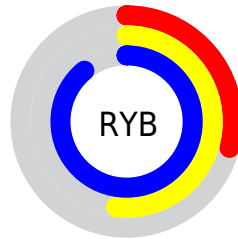
# Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (66%)

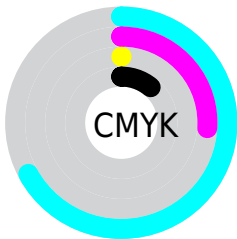
Blue (89%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (89%)

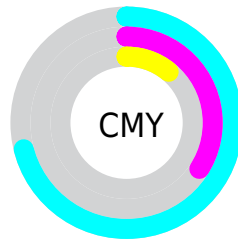


Cyan (67%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 147.0330, 39.9167,  
-63.1729

■ 147.0330, 39.9167,  
-63.1729

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 116.3200, 41.2542,  
-72.1946

■ 201.2330, 26.5071,  
-55.4553

■ 87.7000, 41.5599,  
-76.9129

■ 227.5250, 13.5452,  
-51.3264

■ 70.5340, 36.7117,  
-61.8583

■ 238.2560, 8.2548,  
-34.4275

■ 53.5960, 32.7372,  
-47.0037

■ 247.2260, 3.8326,  
-15.9842

■ 37.7180, 27.7470,  
-33.0787

■ 23.8290, 22.7623,  
-20.8980

■ 7.8200, 19.8087,

-6.8581

■ 3.5510, 11.0674,  
-3.1142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 147.0330, 39.9167,  
-63.1729

■ 147.0330, 39.9167,  
-63.1729

■ 134.8730, 45.9116,  
-72.6796

■ 159.1930, 33.9219,  
-53.6663

■ 122.7130, 51.9065,  
-82.1863

■ 171.3530, 27.9270,  
-44.1596

■ 110.8520, 57.7540,  
-91.0782

■ 183.2140, 22.0795,  
-35.2677

■ 107.5850, 59.3646,  
-94.3520

■ 195.3740, 16.0846,  
-25.7610

■ 207.5340, 10.0897,  
-16.2543

■ 219.6940, 4.0949,  
-6.7476

■ 231.8540, -1.9000,  
2.7590

■ 243.1170, -7.4527,  
10.4214

■ 247.8130, -9.7678,  
6.3030

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126.6650, 41.0842, -111.0852



147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729



159.8970, 33.0818, -17.4497

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729



162.3170, -10.5093, 57.6040



150.8680, -20.1479, -24.4402

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729



155.9670, -39.9167, 63.1729

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



155.3790, -31.7388, 6.6836



147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729



160.2010, -24.7491, 51.5667

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729



164.0180, 6.4001, 47.3422



158.7890, -33.4200, 32.6340



143.2130, -0.1050, -59.8228



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729



163.5260, 25.8697, 9.1857



158.7890, -33.4200, 32.6340



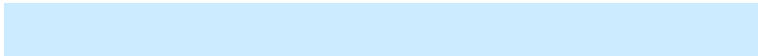
152.3810, -24.8378, -13.4891

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729



228.0110, 13.3056, -21.0576



171.5370, -18.5057, -84.6629



111.1000, 8.3317, -12.3657



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729



145.5600, 53.9539, -85.5601



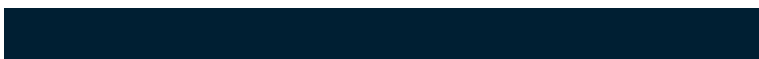
103.0080, 61.6211, -24.5630



108.4770, 3.2158, -4.8033



83.8020, 46.9326, -73.4944



24.0110, 13.3056, -21.0576



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.3490, 18.0689, 84.7629



124.2570, 24.5233, 114.6616



199.9920, -61.6211, 24.5630



107.3860, 1.2887, 6.6775



65.8330, 20.7883, 99.2475

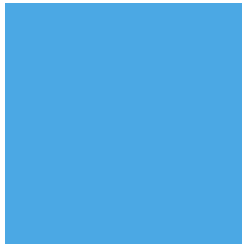


18.7830, 6.0230, 28.2543



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

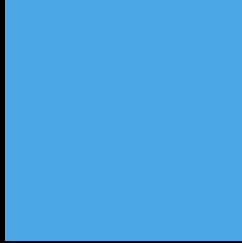
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

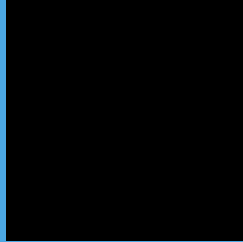
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

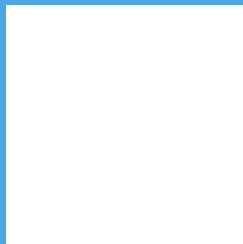
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729.



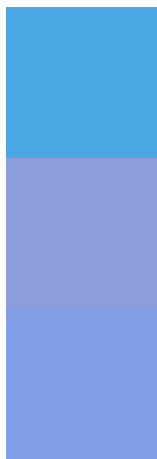
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729

### Protanopia

158.9850, 29.5874, -16.6498

### Deuteranopia

157.8360, 35.5769, -24.4122



## Tritanopia

139.5200, 24.3936, -77.6320

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729

**Protanomaly**

154.4990, 33.2780, -33.7636

**Deuteranomaly**

154.0900, 36.9306, -38.6669

**Tritanomaly**

142.0460, 30.0503, -71.9543

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729

**Achromatopsia**

147.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

**Achromatomaly**

147.2280, 14.1846, -23.0020

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 168, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 168, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 168, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 168, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 168, 228) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 168, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 168, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 168, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 168, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 168,  
228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 147.0330, 39.9167, -63.1729 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 168, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 168,  
228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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