

# Converting Colors

YUV(147.3680, -72.6524,  
-77.4987)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>YUV(147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987)</b> ..... | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 12 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 24 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 28 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 31 |

# Color

**YUV(147.3680, -72.6524,  
-77.4987)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                         |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Hex         | 3BDD00                        |
| RGB         | 59, 221, 0                    |
| RGB Percent | 23%, 87%, 0%                  |
| CMY         | 0.7686, 0.1333, 1.0000        |
| CMYK        | 0.73, 0.00, 1.00, 0.13        |
| HSL         | 104°, 100%, 43%               |
| HSV         | 104°, 100%, 87%               |
| XYZ         | 27.6601, 52.6427, 8.7032      |
| YIQ         | 147.3680, -25.6110, -103.0750 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

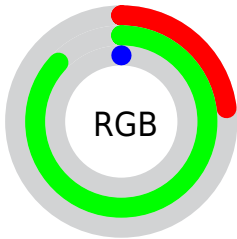
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                    |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 0, 221, 162                     |
| Decimal                             | 3923200                         |
| CIELab                              | 77.66, -72.38, 75.34            |
| CIELCh                              | 78, 104.473, 133.854            |
| Yxy                                 | 52.6427, 0.3108,<br>0.5915      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4282113280<br>(0xFF3BDD00)      |
| YUV                                 | 147.3680, -72.6524,<br>-77.4987 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 72.5553, -58.9226,<br>43.6767   |

# Details

The YUV color **147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **73.6320, 72.6524, 77.4987**, and the grayscale version is **148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198.5440, -55.9772, -59.2361**, and **96.2680, -47.4601, -84.4270** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154.6600, -65.4014, -69.8618**.

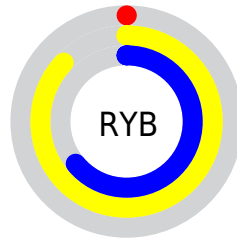
# Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (87%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (64%)

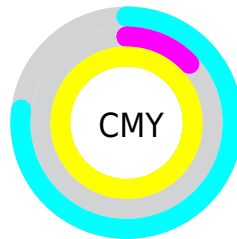


Cyan (73%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 147.3680,  
-72.6524, -77.4987

■ 147.3680,  
-72.6524, -77.4987

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 112.7040,  
-55.5631, -98.8414

■ 198.5440,  
-55.9772, -59.2361

■ 96.2680, -47.4601,  
-84.4270

■ 211.5320,  
-47.5903, -42.5626

■ 80.4190, -39.6466,  
-70.5275

■ 224.4060,  
-39.6402, -25.7891

■ 64.5700, -31.8330,  
-56.6279

■ 236.9810,  
-31.5426, -9.6303

■ 49.3080, -24.3088,  
-43.2431

■ 248.9580,  
-23.1503, 5.2988

■ 35.2200, -17.3635,  
-30.8879

■ 252.3780,

■ 19.9580, -9.8393,

-10.0464, 2.2995

-17.5032

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 147.3680,  
-72.6524, -77.4987

■ 154.6600,  
-65.4014, -69.8618

■ 161.9520,  
-58.1503, -62.2249

■ 169.5430,  
-51.0467, -53.9732

■ 176.8350,  
-43.7957, -46.3363

■ 184.2410,  
-36.1078, -38.7994

■ 191.5330,  
-28.8568, -31.1624

■ 198.8250,  
-21.6057, -23.5255

■ 206.4160,  
-14.5021, -15.2738

■ 213.7080, -7.2510,  
-7.6369

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175.3840, -86.4643, 12.8182



147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987



150.2860, -8.0290, -131.8008

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987



157.0360, 48.2963, -137.7206



131.7280, 9.9941, 108.1095

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987



73.6320, 72.6524, 77.4987

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152.0640, 47.2964, 90.2749



147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987



140.0130, 56.6886, -122.7914

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987



164.6670, 44.5342, -144.4130



186.2880, 33.8750, 54.9984



152.0090, -46.8394, 90.3231



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987



159.7990, 20.8051, -140.1437



186.2880, 33.8750, 54.9984



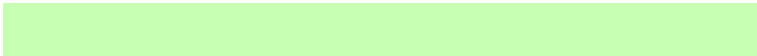
131.2670, 25.9974, 108.5138

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987



229.5920, -24.9419, -26.8292



158.8250, -78.3007, 54.5275



112.5900, -15.0809, -16.3034



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987



170.0170, -83.8184, -89.4689



135.1990, -42.9891, -118.5695



106.3540, -3.6255, -3.8185



115.3050, -56.8454, -60.7805



30.5900, -15.0809, -16.3034



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.6320, 72.6524, 77.4987



84.9830, 83.8184, 89.4689



85.8010, 42.9891, 118.5695



102.6460, 3.6255, 3.8185



57.6950, 56.8454, 60.7805

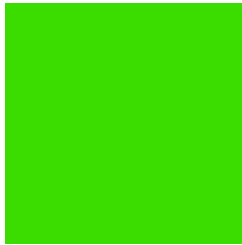


15.4100, 15.0809, 16.3034



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

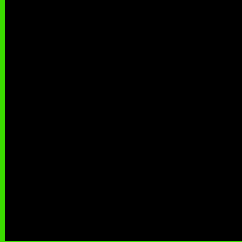
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987.

-77.4987.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987

### Protanopia

176.4020, -86.9662, 33.8504

### Deuteranopia

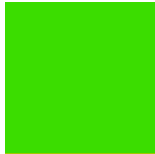
182.4790, -66.7911, 49.5689



## Tritanopia

177.6360, 21.8715, -61.9478

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987



## Protanomaly

165.8160, -81.7473, -6.8546



## Deuteranomaly

169.9110, -68.9761, 3.5861



## Tritanomaly

166.8410, -12.7396, -67.3896

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987



## Achromatopsia

147.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

147.2390, -26.2468, -28.2736

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 221, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 221, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 221, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 221, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 221, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 221, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 221, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 221, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 221, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 221, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 147.3680, -72.6524, -77.4987 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 221, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 221,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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