

# Converting Colors

YUV(147.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506)  
contains.

<b>YUV(147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(147.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	77A391
RGB	119, 163, 145
RGB Percent	47%, 64%, 57%
CMY	0.5333, 0.3608, 0.4314
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.11, 0.36
HSL	155°, 19%, 55%
HSV	155°, 27%, 64%
XYZ	25.8158, 32.1607, 31.6351
YIQ	147.7920, -20.4460, -14.9260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

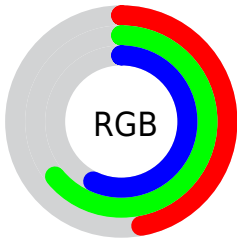
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	119, 147, 163
Decimal	7840657
CIELab	63.48, -18.76, 4.56
CIElCh	63, 19.307, 166.332
Yxy	32.1607, 0.2881, 0.3589
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286030737 (0xFF77A391)
YUV	147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506
Hunter-Lab	56.7104, -17.9861, 6.6232

# Details

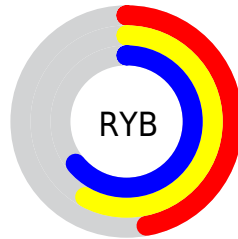
The YUV color **147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **134.2080, 1.3765, 25.2506**, and the grayscale version is **148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202.0800, -1.5184, -26.3802**, and **96.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142.2100, -2.0755, -34.3872**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153.3740, -0.6774, -16.1140**.

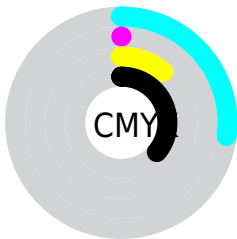
# Distribution



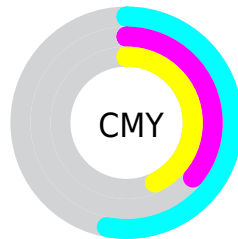
- Red (47%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 147.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506

■ 147.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 122.0910, -1.5239,  
-24.6358

■ 202.0800, -1.5184,  
-26.3802

■ 96.6180, -0.7977,  
-24.2210

■ 230.6670, -1.8078,  
-26.8950

■ 72.6180, -0.7977,  
-24.2210

■ 246.9270, 3.9800,  
-16.5990

■ 48.8460, 0.0759,  
-24.4209

■ 27.2590, 0.3653,  
-23.9061

■ 12.4410, -5.6404,  
-10.9108

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 147.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506

■ 147.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506

■ 142.2100, -2.0755,  
-34.3872

■ 153.3740, -0.6774,  
-16.1140

■ 136.4430, -2.1904,  
-44.2385

■ 159.1410, -0.5625,  
-6.2627

■ 130.8610, -2.8895,  
-53.3751

■ 164.7230, 0.1366,  
2.8739

■ 125.2790, -3.5885,  
-62.5117

■ 170.3050, 0.8356,  
12.0105

■ 119.8110, -3.8508,  
-71.7482

■ 176.0720, 0.9505,  
21.8619

■ 113.9300, -4.4025,  
-81.4996

■ 181.6540, 1.6496,  
30.9984

■ 108.3480, -5.1016,  
-90.6362

■ 187.2360, 2.3487,  
40.1350

■ 106.6250, -5.2381,  
-93.5101

■ 192.7040, 2.6109,  
49.3716

■ 195.2960, 4.7841,  
52.3604

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149.7030, -9.7136, -11.1405



147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



146.8430, 7.9654, -34.9423

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



154.0820, 15.7356, -7.0879



155.5490, -12.5957, 26.7055

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



134.2080, 1.3765, 25.2506

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156.3950, -5.6177, 28.5946



147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



156.2260, 10.7346, 10.3258

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



151.1400, 17.6790, -23.8018



156.5390, 2.6923, 23.2063



153.8700, -16.2049, 17.6540



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



147.0970, 12.7702, -36.0421



156.5390, 2.6923, 23.2063



155.4290, -10.5645, 28.5648

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



206.1190, -0.5517, -9.7514



150.2100, -15.3865, -11.5852



103.2550, -0.1257, -6.3626



235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



188.4760, -2.2067, -39.0055



147.4960, 7.6435, -24.9910



78.8530, -0.4205, -5.1331



94.9190, -4.3971, -83.2440



11.8200, -0.4043, -10.3661



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134.2080, 1.3765, 25.2506



167.5240, 2.2067, 39.0055



134.5040, -7.6435, 24.9910



76.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



50.0810, 4.3971, 83.2440



6.1800, 0.4043, 10.3661



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

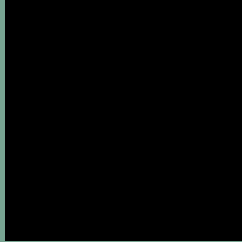
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506.



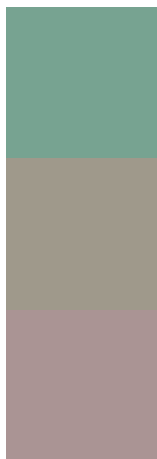
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506.

-25.2506.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506

### Protanopia

153.1980, -6.9996, 5.0884

### Deuteranopia

154.5780, -3.2430, 13.5251



## Tritanopia

150.0170, 10.8376, -22.8169

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506

## Protanomaly

151.2890, -5.0725, -6.3925

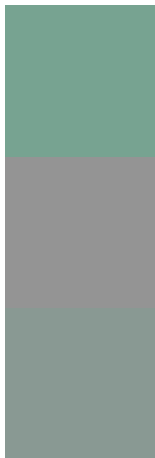
## Deuteranomaly

151.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297

## Tritanomaly

148.8660, 6.4751, -23.5615

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506

## Achromatopsia

148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

147.5320, -0.2623, -9.2366

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 163, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 163, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 163, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 163, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 163, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 163, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 163, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 163, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 163, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 163,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 163, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
163, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor