

Converting Colors

YUV(148.1980, 26.5244,
-14.2056)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(148.1980, 26.5244,
-14.2056)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8492CA
RGB	132, 146, 202
RGB Percent	52%, 57%, 79%
CMY	0.4824, 0.4275, 0.2078
CMYK	0.35, 0.28, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	228°, 40%, 65%
HSV	228°, 35%, 79%
XYZ	30.4553, 29.7276, 60.0099
YIQ	148.1980, -26.3200, 14.4480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

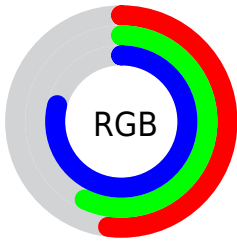
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 144, 202
Decimal	8688330
CIE _{Lab}	61.42, 8.45, -30.50
CIE _{LCh}	61, 31.645, 285.479
Yxy	29.7276, 0.2534, 0.2473
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286878410 (0xFF8492CA)
YUV	148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056
Hunter-Lab	54.5230, 4.2907, -27.0906

Details

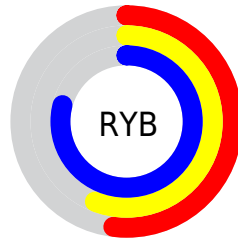
The YUV color **148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **185.8020, -26.5244, 14.2056**, and the grayscale version is **148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202.3830, 25.9402, -13.4909**, and **97.1440, 25.0720, -15.0353** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132.8260, 34.1028, -18.2644**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.5700, 18.9460, -10.1469**.

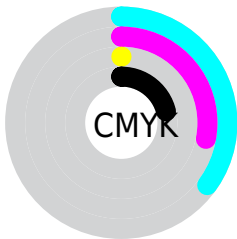
Distribution



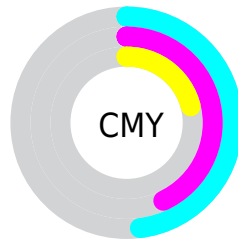
- Red (52%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 148.1980, 26.5244,
-14.2056

■ 148.1980, 26.5244,
-14.2056

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 121.9700, 25.6508,
-14.0057

■ 202.3830, 25.9402,
-13.4909

■ 97.1440, 25.0720,
-15.0353

■ 227.1910, 13.7098,
-10.6915

■ 72.3180, 24.4932,
-16.0649

■ 251.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 48.4810, 23.9199,
-18.8388

■ 25.3450, 23.4939,
-22.2276

■ 6.8740, 21.2611,
-6.0285

■ 4.3660, 11.6516,

-3.8290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 148.1980, 26.5244,
-14.2056

■ 148.1980, 26.5244,
-14.2056

■ 132.8260, 34.1028,
-18.2644

■ 163.5700, 18.9460,
-10.1469

■ 117.4540, 41.6812,
-22.3232

■ 178.9420, 11.3676,
-6.0881

■ 101.7830, 49.4070,
-26.9967

■ 194.6130, 3.6418,
-1.4146

■ 85.8240, 57.2748,
-30.5406

■ 210.5720, -4.2260,
2.1294

■ 70.4520, 64.8532,
-34.5994

■ 225.9440,
-11.8044, 6.1881

■ 55.0800, 72.4316,
-38.6582

■ 241.3160,
-19.3828, 10.2469

■ 46.5080, 76.6576,
-40.7875

■ 248.9580,
-23.1503, 5.2988

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038



148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056



152.0940, 17.7017, 15.7036

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056



149.5140, -19.4804, 41.6452



136.2690, -1.6116, -43.2089

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056



185.8020, -26.5244, 14.2056

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141.2370, -16.3858, -17.7478



148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056



147.5910, -26.4204, 27.5457

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056



150.9350, -7.8560, 46.5380



145.1000, -25.1923, 6.9283



129.9960, 15.7780, -67.5255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056



152.1300, 9.7959, 31.4580



145.1000, -25.1923, 6.9283



137.9450, -6.8749, -35.0318

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056



235.7850, 9.4730, -5.0734



179.4740, 4.2033, -41.6347



115.5850, 6.1206, -3.1440



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056



172.5250, 40.6602, -21.5084



146.2590, 27.4803, 5.9119



94.3140, 3.7892, -2.0294



38.2950, 62.9586, -33.5847



9.0280, 14.2832, -7.9176

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154.5260, -4.2033, 41.6347



182.3870, -6.5998, 63.6816



187.7410, -27.4803, -5.9119



95.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



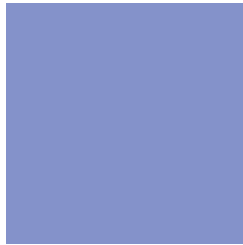
53.3960, -10.0552, 98.7537



12.2740, -2.1071, 22.5617

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

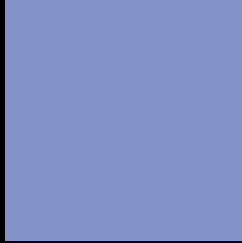
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

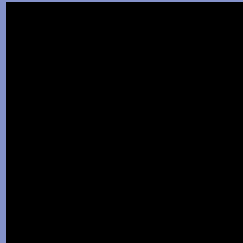
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056

Protanopia

148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056

Deuteranopia

148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056



Tritanopia

145.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283

Trichromacy



Original Color

148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056

Protanomaly

148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056

Deuteranomaly

148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056

Tritanomaly

146.3150, 15.6207, -16.9393

Monochromacy



Original Color

148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056

Achromatopsia

148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

147.8990, 9.9098, -5.1734

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 146, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 146, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 146, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 146, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 146, 202) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 146, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 146, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 146, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 146, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 146,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 148.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 146, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
146, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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