

# Converting Colors

YUV(148.2150, -22.7840,  
27.8754)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(148.2150, -22.7840,  
27.8754)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B48D66
RGB	180, 141, 102
RGB Percent	71%, 55%, 40%
CMY	0.2941, 0.4471, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.43, 0.29
HSL	30°, 34%, 55%
HSV	30°, 43%, 71%
XYZ	30.7455, 29.7124, 16.6850
YIQ	148.2150, 35.7630, -3.8610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

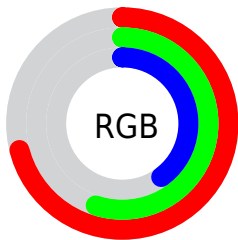
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	180, 180, 102
Decimal	11832678
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.41, 9.59, 26.43
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 28.117, 70.066
Yxy	29.7124, 0.3986, 0.3852
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290022758 (0xFFB48D66)
YUV	148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754
Hunter-Lab	54.5090, 5.2912, 20.0079

# Details

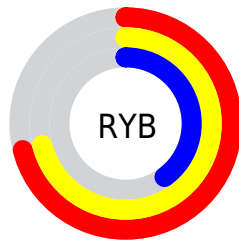
The YUV color **148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **133.7850, 22.7840, -27.8754**, and the grayscale version is **148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202.7700, -24.5366, 30.0197**, and **96.9480, -21.1734, 24.6016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **140.8800, -28.0418, 34.3082**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155.5500, -17.5262, 21.4426**.

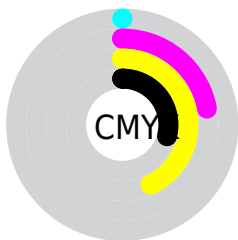
# Distribution



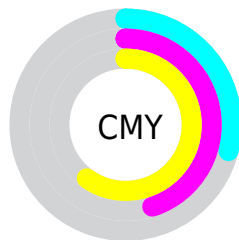
- Red (71%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 148.2150,  
-22.7840, 27.8754

■ 148.2150,  
-22.7840, 27.8754

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 121.8450,  
-21.6156, 26.4459

■ 202.7700,  
-24.5366, 30.0197

■ 96.9480, -21.1734,  
24.6016

■ 227.6660,  
-23.4993, 23.9719

■ 72.5780, -20.0050,  
23.1721

■ 247.2940,  
-19.3719, 6.7582

■ 49.6810, -19.5627,  
21.3278

■ 252.8340, -8.2992,  
1.8996

■ 28.7390, -14.1683,  
17.7689

■ 7.4750, -3.6852,  
15.3694

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 148.2150,  
-22.7840, 27.8754

■ 148.2150,  
-22.7840, 27.8754

■ 140.8800,  
-28.0418, 34.3082

■ 155.5500,  
-17.5262, 21.4426

■ 133.5450,  
-33.2997, 40.7410

■ 162.8850,  
-12.2683, 15.0099

■ 126.2100,  
-38.5575, 47.1738

■ 170.2200, -7.0105,  
8.5771

■ 118.8750,  
-43.8154, 53.6066

■ 177.5550, -1.7526,  
2.1443

■ 111.5400,  
-49.0732, 60.0394

■ 184.8900, 3.5052,  
-4.2885

■ 106.6500,  
-52.5785, 64.3280

■ 192.2250, 8.7631,  
-10.7213

■ 199.5600, 14.0209,  
-17.1541

■ 206.8950, 19.2788,  
-23.5869

■ 213.2040, 20.6054,  
-29.1199

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149.7140, -16.1280, 39.7158



148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754



145.6920, -23.0192, 9.9171

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754



135.0040, 10.3510, -53.5005



151.2350, 17.1391, 9.4409

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754



133.7850, 22.7840, -27.8754

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147.6060, 24.3512, -17.1945



148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754



134.3590, 22.0080, -59.0738

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754



139.3410, -4.1121, -34.5021



140.3100, 26.4692, -43.2449



152.3210, 6.7437, 30.4135



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754



143.9290, -19.1920, -4.3227



140.3100, 26.4692, -43.2449



150.5760, 19.9290, 1.2488

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754



222.0740, -8.9105, 11.3361



129.7680, 5.5374, 44.0535



109.6650, -5.2578, 6.4328



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754



185.2850, -35.6365, 43.6001



171.1080, -34.0702, 7.7983



85.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



90.9460, -44.8364, 54.4214



15.4050, -7.5947, 9.2918



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133.7850, 22.7840, -27.8754



162.7150, 35.6365, -43.6001



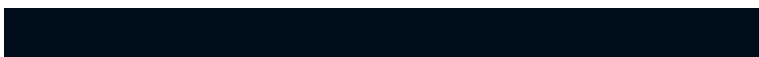
110.8920, 34.0702, -7.7983



83.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738



62.6410, 44.5470, -54.9362



10.5950, 7.5947, -9.2918



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

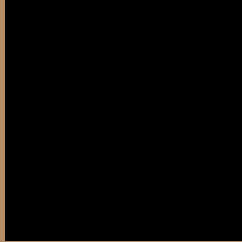
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754.

27.8754.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754

### Protanopia

146.6860, -20.5512, 11.6764

### Deuteranopia

147.9050, -22.6312, 25.5163



## Tritanopia

150.9050, -2.4182, 29.0243

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754

## Protanomaly

146.9040, -21.1517, 17.6242

## Deuteranomaly

148.2040, -22.7786, 26.1311

## Tritanomaly

149.9560, -9.8383, 28.9796

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754

## Achromatopsia

148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

147.8890, -8.3263, 10.6213

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 141, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 141, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 141, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 141, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 141, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 141, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 141, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 141, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 141, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 141,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 148.2150, -22.7840, 27.8754 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 141, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
141, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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