

# Converting Colors

YUV(148.9060, -47.7747,  
16.7454)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(148.9060, -47.7747,  
16.7454)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A89E34
RGB	168, 158, 52
RGB Percent	66%, 62%, 20%
CMY	0.3412, 0.3804, 0.7961
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.69, 0.34
HSL	55°, 53%, 43%
HSV	55°, 69%, 66%
XYZ	28.9951, 33.0265, 8.0954
YIQ	148.9060, 39.9860, -30.8460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

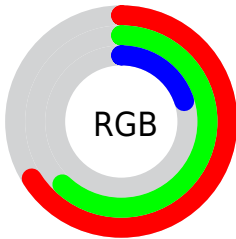
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">63, 168, 52</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11050548</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">64.18, -9.03, 54.15</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">64, 54.894, 99.463</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">33.0265, 0.4135, 0.4710</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289240628 (0xFFA89E34)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">57.4687, -10.5101, 31.8762</a>

# Details

The YUV color **148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **71.0940, 47.7747, -16.7454**, and the grayscale version is **149.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203.9880, -48.8011, 19.3045**, and **96.5960, -47.6218, 14.3863** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **146.3810, -54.9108, 18.9599**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151.4310, -40.6385, 14.5310**.

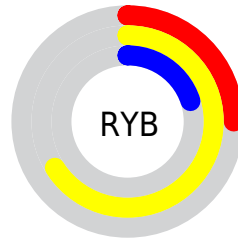
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (62%)

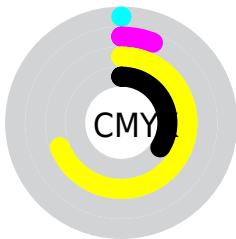
Blue (20%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (20%)

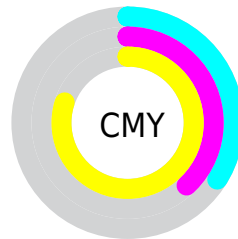


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (69%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 148.9060,  
-47.7747, 16.7454

■ 148.9060,  
-47.7747, 16.7454

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 121.9660,  
-48.7902, 15.8158

■ 203.9880,  
-48.8011, 19.3045

■ 96.5960, -47.6218,  
14.3863

■ 232.6460,  
-50.1115, 19.6045

■ 74.4350, -36.6965,  
10.1425

■ 244.0560,  
-41.9326, 9.5979

■ 53.1600, -26.2079,  
5.9987

■ 247.1340,  
-30.1391, 6.8985

■ 33.3580, -16.4455,  
1.4400

■ 250.4400,  
-17.4719, 3.9991

■ 11.1530, -5.4984,  
-9.7812

■ 253.7460, -4.8048,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

1.0998

0.0000

■ 148.9060,  
-47.7747, 16.7454

■ 148.9060,  
-47.7747, 16.7454

■ 146.3810,  
-54.9108, 18.9599

■ 151.4310,  
-40.6385, 14.5310

■ 143.2690,  
-61.7576, 21.6891

■ 154.5430,  
-33.7917, 11.8018

■ 140.8580,  
-68.4570, 23.8035

■ 156.9540,  
-27.0923, 9.6873

■ 140.6300,  
-69.3306, 24.0035

■ 160.0660,  
-20.2455, 6.9581

■ 162.5910,  
-13.1094, 4.7437

■ 165.7030, -6.2626,  
2.0145

■ 168.2280, 0.8736,  
-0.2000

■ 171.2260, 7.2836,  
-2.8292

■ 173.7510, 14.4198,  
-5.0436

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.5110, -45.1149, 50.4179



148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454



142.8390, -32.9516, -24.4148

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454



129.2240, 43.2736, -113.3294



158.9130, 15.8189, 59.7123

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454



71.0940, 47.7747, -16.7454

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



159.8010, 35.5941, 16.8375



148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454



127.9480, 58.6926, -112.2104

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454



125.0400, 22.1653, -109.6601



147.8080, 51.3667, -48.9436



155.4860, -6.6486, 79.3808



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454



135.2010, -15.3821, -59.8123



147.8080, 51.3667, -48.9436



159.6710, 22.8402, 47.6465

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454



211.4080, -18.9351, 6.6582



88.0520, -11.8576, 70.1144



105.0470, -11.3622, 4.3438



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454



189.4470, -75.1564, 25.9180



141.0220, -43.8878, -16.6823



82.5010, -3.2050, 1.3146



123.4970, -60.8840, 21.4891



17.1330, -8.4466, 2.5144



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.0940, 47.7747, -16.7454



67.1400, 74.8670, -26.4328



78.9780, 43.8878, 16.6823



76.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998



24.5030, 60.8840, -21.4891



3.4540, 8.1572, -3.0292



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

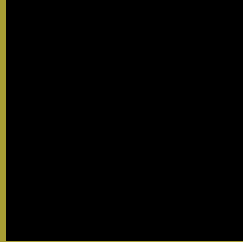
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454

### Protanopia

149.4120, -48.5171, 21.5637

### Deuteranopia

151.2660, -46.9661, 37.4777



## Tritanopia

157.9250, 0.5300, 16.7288

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454

## Protanomaly

149.4010, -48.5117, 19.8193

## Deuteranomaly

150.8090, -47.2338, 29.9855

## Tritanomaly

154.9300, -17.2205, 16.7244

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454

## Achromatopsia

149.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

148.8640, -17.1880, 6.2583

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 158, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 158, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 158, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 158, 52) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 158, 52) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 158, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 158, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 158, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 158, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 158,  
52) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 148.9060, -47.7747, 16.7454 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 158, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
158, 52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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