

# Converting Colors

YUV(149.4730, -24.3902,  
-17.0778)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(149.4730, -24.3902,  
-17.0778)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82A964
RGB	130, 169, 100
RGB Percent	51%, 66%, 39%
CMY	0.4902, 0.3373, 0.6078
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.41, 0.34
HSL	94°, 29%, 53%
HSV	94°, 41%, 66%
XYZ	25.6941, 34.0419, 17.2731
YIQ	149.4730, -1.0950, -29.7270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

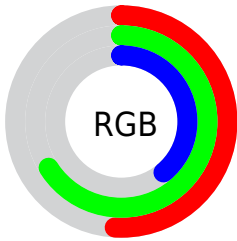
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	100, 169, 139
Decimal	8563044
CIELab	65.00, -25.82, 31.38
CIElCh	65, 40.639, 129.451
Yxy	34.0419, 0.3337, 0.4420
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286753124 (0xFF82A964)
YUV	149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778
Hunter-Lab	58.3454, -23.4967, 23.2890

# Details

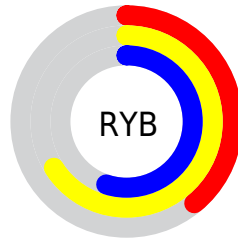
The YUV color **149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **119.5270, 24.3902, 17.0778**, and the grayscale version is **150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203.8320, -25.5532, -17.3927**, and **98.2280, -22.7904, -16.8630** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **144.5450, -30.3417, -21.5260**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154.4010, -18.4387, -12.6297**.

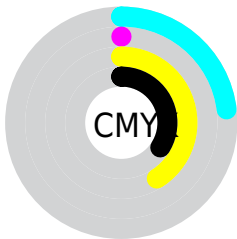
# Distribution



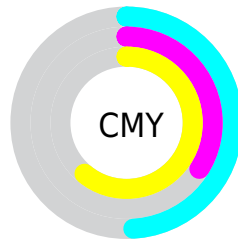
- Red (51%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 149.4730,  
-24.3902, -17.0778

■ 149.4730,  
-24.3902, -17.0778

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 123.0000,  
-23.6640, -16.6630

■ 203.8320,  
-25.5532, -17.3927

■ 98.2280, -22.7904,  
-16.8630

■ 232.3050,  
-26.2794, -17.8075

■ 73.3420, -22.3536,  
-16.9629

■ 245.3420,  
-18.9026, -3.8079

■ 49.3420, -22.3536,  
-16.9629

■ 252.7200, -8.7360,  
1.9996

■ 27.9100, -13.7596,  
-20.0921

■ 15.2620, -7.5242,  
-13.3848

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 149.4730,  
-24.3902, -17.0778

■ 149.4730,  
-24.3902, -17.0778

■ 144.5450,  
-30.3417, -21.5260

■ 154.4010,  
-18.4387, -12.6297

■ 139.9160,  
-36.4406, -25.3593

■ 159.0300,  
-12.3398, -8.7963

■ 134.9880,  
-42.3921, -29.8075

■ 163.9580, -6.3883,  
-4.3482

■ 130.3590,  
-48.4910, -33.6408

■ 168.5870, -0.2894,  
-0.5148

■ 125.4310,  
-54.4425, -38.0890

■ 173.4010, 5.2253,  
4.0333

■ 121.0300,  
-59.6678, -42.1223

■ 178.0300, 11.3242,  
7.8667

■ 182.9580, 17.2757,  
12.3148

■ 187.5870, 23.3746,  
16.1482

■ 192.5150, 29.3261,  
20.5963

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.4400, -34.2339, 13.6461



149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778



142.1770, -5.5103, -52.7752

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778



136.2260, 43.7656, -84.3902



159.7670, -6.2941, 58.9633

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778



119.5270, 24.3902, 17.0778

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



161.8480, 10.9209, 43.9833



149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778



155.0310, 36.4667, -29.8452

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778



125.8670, 38.0266, -110.3854



161.5480, 25.8588, 12.6744



158.5050, -22.4340, 55.6851



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778



132.1480, 11.7590, -85.1988



161.5480, 25.8588, 12.6744



161.2380, -0.6103, 55.9193

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778



211.5510, -9.1456, -6.6222



142.9370, -21.1679, 22.8573



105.4850, -5.6621, -3.9333



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778



188.8620, -37.8930, -26.1890



140.8450, -18.6576, -35.8211



81.5930, -2.7573, -2.2741



106.0120, -52.2639, -36.8445



14.4310, -7.1145, -4.7630



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119.5270, 24.3902, 17.0778



142.4370, 37.7456, 26.8038



128.1550, 18.6576, 35.8211



78.1080, 2.9048, 1.6593



41.9880, 52.2639, 36.8445



5.8680, 6.9671, 5.3778



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

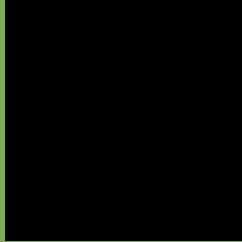
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778.

-17.0778.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778

### Protanopia

154.5310, -28.8558, 15.3203

### Deuteranopia

156.4170, -25.8416, 28.5753



## Tritanopia

155.8010, 8.4791, -12.9805

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778

## Protanomaly

152.5080, -27.3654, 3.9395

## Deuteranomaly

154.1330, -25.2086, 12.1614

## Tritanomaly

153.2880, -3.5930, -14.2846

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778

## Achromatopsia

149.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

148.9640, -8.8563, -6.1074

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 169, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 169, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 169, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 169, 100) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 169, 100) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 169, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 169, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 169, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 169, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 169,  
100) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 149.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 169, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
169, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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