

# Converting Colors

YUV(149.4910, 12.0829,  
-2.1846)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(149.4910, 12.0829,  
-2.1846)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9392AE
RGB	147, 146, 174
RGB Percent	58%, 57%, 68%
CMY	0.4235, 0.4275, 0.3176
CMYK	0.16, 0.16, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	242°, 15%, 63%
HSV	242°, 16%, 68%
XYZ	29.9515, 29.8168, 44.2210
YIQ	149.4910, -8.3920, 8.9200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

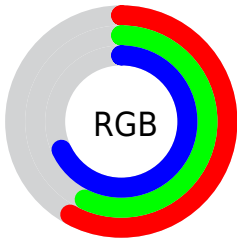
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">147, 146, 174</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9671342</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">61.50, 6.22, -14.50</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">61, 15.773, 293.205</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">29.8168, 0.2880, 0.2867</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287861422</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF9392AE</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">54.6048, 2.3514, -9.7919</a>

# Details

The YUV color  $149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $170.5090, -12.0829, 2.1846$ , and the grayscale version is  $149.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $203.7190, 12.9565, -2.3846$ , and  $98.9640, 11.3567, -2.5994$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $134.4290, 19.5085, -3.8842$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $164.5530, 4.6574, -0.4850$ .

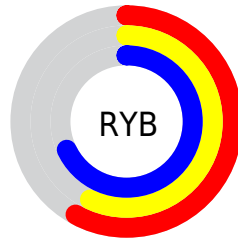
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (57%)

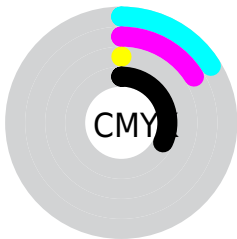
Blue (68%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (68%)

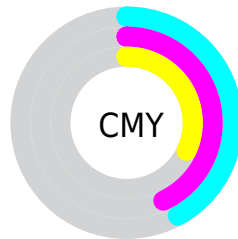


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 149.4910, 12.0829,  
-2.1846

■ 149.4910, 12.0829,  
-2.1846

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 123.3770, 11.6461,  
-2.0846

■ 203.7190, 12.9565,  
-2.3846

■ 98.9640, 11.3567,  
-2.5994

■ 231.3770, 11.6461,  
-2.0846

■ 74.8500, 10.9200,  
-2.4994

■ 52.3230, 10.1938,  
-2.9143

■ 30.7960, 9.4676,  
-3.3291

■ 6.0890, 11.7881,  
-0.9551

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 149.4910, 12.0829,  
-2.1846

■ 149.4910, 12.0829,  
-2.1846

■ 134.4290, 19.5085,  
-3.8842

■ 164.5530, 4.6574,  
-0.4850

■ 118.7800, 27.2235,  
-5.0691

■ 180.2020, -3.0576,  
0.6998

■ 104.0170, 34.5016,  
-6.1539

■ 194.9650,  
-10.3357, 1.7847

■ 88.3680, 42.2166,  
-7.3387

■ 210.6140,  
-18.0507, 2.9695

■ 73.3060, 49.6421,  
-9.0384

■ 225.6760,  
-25.4763, 4.6691

■ 58.2440, 57.0677,  
-10.7380

■ 240.7380,  
-32.9018, 6.3688

■ 42.8940, 64.6353,  
-11.3080

■ 245.7660,  
-35.3806, 8.0982

■ 27.8320, 72.0608,  
-13.0077

■ 21.6300, 75.1184,  
-13.7075

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147.2720, 14.1629, -16.0245



149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846



151.2000, 6.8034, 11.2256

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846



149.5590, -11.1216, 20.5578



143.3840, 0.7967, -22.2618

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846



170.5090, -12.0829, 2.1846

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145.3870, -7.0928, -11.7404



149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846



148.2330, -13.4259, 12.9507

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846



150.5470, -6.1857, 24.0763



146.9110, -11.7881, 0.9551



142.8870, 7.9437, -27.9649



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846



151.5060, 2.7085, 17.9732



146.9110, -11.7881, 0.9551



144.0100, -1.9769, -19.3028

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846



217.2540, 4.8048, -1.0998



165.0410, 4.4168, -16.6990



108.7980, 3.0576, -0.6998



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846



189.2010, 18.6349, -3.6843



153.6770, 10.0192, 6.4223



79.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998



18.5950, 64.7827, -11.9228



2.9210, 9.8989, -1.6847



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157.4500, 7.6661, 14.5143



201.5310, 11.5702, 22.3363



166.3230, -10.0192, -6.4223



81.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



61.3800, 41.2247, 77.7197

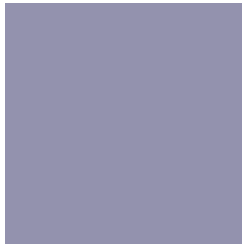


9.3850, 6.2192, 11.9404



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

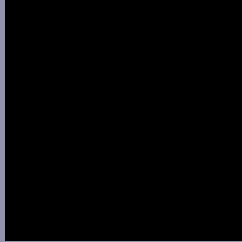
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846.

-2.1846.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846

### Protanopia

148.9960, 12.8200, -5.2585

### Deuteranopia

149.8010, 11.9301, 0.1745



## Tritanopia

148.4710, 5.6838, -3.0441

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846

## Protanomaly

149.2950, 12.6726, -4.6437

## Deuteranomaly

149.5020, 12.0775, -0.4403

## Tritanomaly

148.7530, 8.0098, -2.4144

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846

## Achromatopsia

149.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

149.1400, 4.3680, -0.9998

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 146, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 146, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 146, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 146, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 146, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 146, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 146, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 146, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 146, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 146,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 149.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 146, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
146, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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