

# Converting Colors

YUV(149.5490, -6.1867,  
-22.4065)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(149.5490, -6.1867,  
-22.4065)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CA589
RGB	124, 165, 137
RGB Percent	49%, 65%, 54%
CMY	0.5137, 0.3529, 0.4627
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.17, 0.35
HSL	139°, 19%, 57%
HSV	139°, 25%, 65%
XYZ	26.2827, 33.0015, 28.6516
YIQ	149.5490, -15.4480, -17.4000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

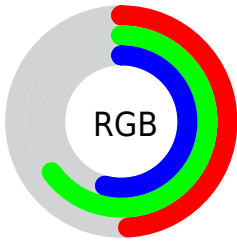
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	124, 155, 165
Decimal	8168841
CIELab	64.16, -19.78, 10.05
CIELCh	64, 22.186, 153.068
Yxy	33.0015, 0.2989, 0.3753
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286358921 (0xFF7CA589)
YUV	149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065
Hunter-Lab	57.4469, -18.8662, 10.6420

# Details

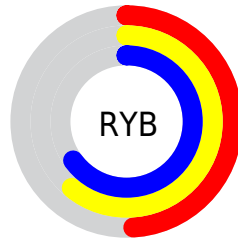
The YUV color **149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **139.4510, 6.1867, 22.4065**, and the grayscale version is **150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203.7230, -6.7654, -23.4361**, and **98.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **143.2120, -8.4855, -31.7579**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155.5870, -3.7404, -13.6698**.

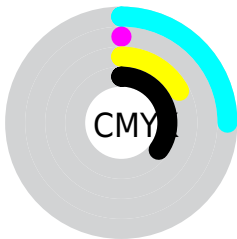
# Distribution



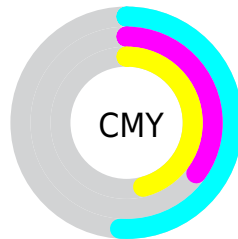
- Red (49%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 149.5490, -6.1867,  
-22.4065

■ 149.5490, -6.1867,  
-22.4065

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 123.9620, -5.8973,  
-21.8917

■ 203.7230, -6.7654,  
-23.4361

■ 98.3750, -5.6079,  
-21.3769

■ 232.3100, -7.0548,  
-23.9509

■ 73.9020, -4.8817,  
-20.9621

■ 247.5100, -0.2514,  
-12.7253

■ 51.0160, -4.4449,  
-21.0620

■ 27.9450, -3.4239,  
-21.8768

■ 13.5010, -6.6560,  
-11.8404

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 149.5490, -6.1867,  
-22.4065

■ 149.5490, -6.1867,  
-22.4065

■ 143.2120, -8.4855,  
-31.7579

■ 155.5870, -3.7404,  
-13.6698

■ 137.0600,  
-11.3686, -40.3946

■ 162.0380, -1.0047,  
-4.4183

■ 130.7230,  
-13.6674, -49.7461

■ 168.0760, 1.4415,  
4.3183

■ 124.6850,  
-16.1137, -58.4827

■ 174.4130, 3.7404,  
13.6698

■ 118.6470,  
-18.5600, -67.2194

■ 180.4510, 6.1867,  
22.4065

■ 112.1960,  
-21.2956, -76.4709

■ 186.9020, 8.9223,  
31.6579

■ 105.8590,  
-23.5945, -85.8223

■ 192.9400, 11.3686,  
40.3946

■ 102.7830,  
-25.0360, -90.1407

■ 198.9780, 13.8148,  
49.1313

■ 200.2320, 18.6196,  
48.0315

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.3680, -14.9714, -4.7077



149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065



147.3220, 4.7713, -37.1164

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065



154.4550, 19.9887, -17.9390



157.6360, -11.1595, 32.7682

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065



139.4510, 6.1867, 22.4065

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158.6280, -2.2816, 31.8982



149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065



157.7350, 15.4136, 2.8634

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065



149.6440, 19.8955, -34.7678



159.0810, 7.3551, 20.9770



155.9850, -17.2476, 25.4462



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065



146.4230, 11.6235, -41.5900



159.0810, 7.3551, 20.9770



158.0320, -8.3968, 33.2979

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065



208.3750, -2.1569, -8.2219



156.4390, -15.9924, -3.8930



103.9240, -1.4415, -4.3183



235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065



189.8480, -9.7851, -34.9467



151.8290, 2.5493, -24.4060



78.6250, -1.2941, -4.9331



90.3590, -21.8690, -79.2448



11.2500, -2.5882, -9.8662



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139.4510, 6.1867, 22.4065



174.1520, 9.7851, 34.9467



137.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060



76.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



54.6410, 21.8690, 79.2448



6.7500, 2.5882, 9.8663



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

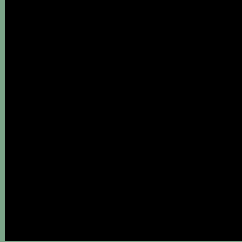
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065.

-22.4065.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065

### Protanopia

154.7700, -11.2256, 7.2177

### Deuteranopia

155.7480, -7.7638, 16.8840



## Tritanopia

152.8110, 9.9532, -19.1282

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065

## Protanomaly

153.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483

## Deuteranomaly

153.4750, -7.1362, 2.2144

## Tritanomaly

151.6060, 4.1382, -20.7025

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065

## Achromatopsia

150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

149.6740, -2.3043, -7.6071

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 165, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 165, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 165, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 165, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 165, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 165, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 165, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 165, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 165, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 165,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 149.5490, -6.1867, -22.4065 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 165, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
165, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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