

Converting Colors

YUV(149.7460, -1.3538,
14.2548)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(149.7460, -1.3538,
14.2548)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A68E93
RGB	166, 142, 147
RGB Percent	65%, 56%, 58%
CMY	0.3490, 0.4431, 0.4235
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.11, 0.35
HSL	348°, 12%, 60%
HSV	348°, 14%, 65%
XYZ	30.6653, 29.5596, 31.6931
YIQ	149.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

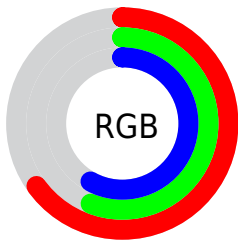
Format	Color
R _Y B	166, 142, 147
Decimal	10915475
CIE Lab	61.27, 9.86, 0.68
CIE LCh	61, 9.884, 3.961
Yxy	29.5596, 0.3336, 0.3216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289105555 (0xFFA68E93)
YUV	149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548
Hunter-Lab	54.3687, 5.5333, 3.4963

Details

The YUV color **149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **158.2540, 1.3538, -14.2548**, and the grayscale version is **150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204.0450, -1.5012, 14.8695**, and **99.1480, -1.0590, 13.0252** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **138.2850, -2.1125, 24.3061**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035**.

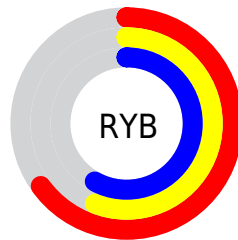
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (56%)

Blue (58%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (58%)

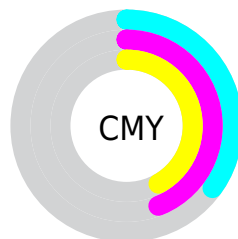


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 149.7460, -1.3538,
14.2548

■ 149.7460, -1.3538,
14.2548

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 123.7460, -1.3538,
14.2548

■ 204.0450, -1.5012,
14.8695

■ 99.1480, -1.0590,
13.0252

■ 232.3440, -1.6486,
15.4843

■ 74.8490, -0.9116,
12.4104

■ 253.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

■ 52.4360, -1.2009,
11.8956

■ 30.8380, -0.9061,
10.6661

■ 7.8170, -2.3748,
15.0695

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 149.7460, -1.3538,
14.2548

■ 149.7460, -1.3538,
14.2548

■ 138.2850, -2.1125,
24.3061

■ 161.2070, -0.5951,
4.2035

■ 127.4110, -3.1606,
33.8426

■ 172.0810, 0.4531,
-5.3330

■ 115.9500, -3.9194,
43.8939

■ 183.5420, 1.2118,
-15.3843

■ 104.9620, -5.4043,
53.5303

■ 194.5300, 2.6967,
-25.0208

■ 93.5010, -6.1630,
63.5816

■ 205.9910, 3.4554,
-35.0721

■ 82.0400, -6.9217,
73.6329

■ 217.4520, 4.2142,
-45.1234

■ 71.1660, -7.9698,
83.1694

■ 226.5650, 6.1305,
-53.1155

■ 59.7050, -8.7286,
93.2207

■ 228.0470, 11.8088,
-54.4152

■ 53.6240, -9.1816,
98.5538

■ 228.3890, 13.1192,
-54.7152

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149.8640, 3.0250, 9.7663



149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548



149.3070, -5.5744, 14.6398

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548



146.2680, -6.5411, -1.9890



146.3880, 8.1897, -13.4953

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548



158.2540, 1.3538, -14.2548

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145.3830, 5.7272, -16.9989



149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548



145.2500, -2.5882, -9.8663

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548



147.8560, -8.3100, 5.3883



145.0690, 1.9380, -14.9695



147.5460, 8.6048, -6.6178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548



148.8400, -7.3161, 13.2953



145.0690, 1.9380, -14.9695



146.2630, 7.7583, -15.1397

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548



210.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330



150.4170, 7.6824, 9.2813



105.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548



191.9750, -1.9597, 21.9469



153.2850, -5.5635, 11.1511



78.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



47.7860, -8.2755, 87.8877



6.4360, -1.2009, 11.8956

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548



191.9750, -1.9597, 21.9469



154.7150, 5.5635, -11.1511



78.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



47.7860, -8.2755, 87.8877



6.4360, -1.2009, 11.8956

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

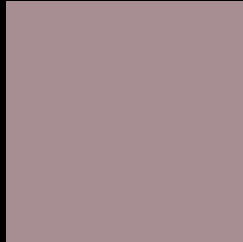
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

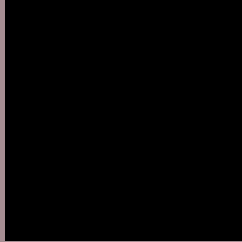
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 149.7460, -1.3538,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548

Protanopia

148.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Deuteranopia

149.4360, -1.2009, 11.8956



Tritanopia

150.0280, 0.9722, 14.8844

Trichromacy



Original Color

149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548

Protanomaly

148.7450, 0.1257, 6.3626

Deuteranomaly

149.7350, -1.3484, 12.5104

Tritanomaly

149.8000, 0.0986, 15.0844

Monochromacy



Original Color

149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548

Achromatopsia

150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

149.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 142, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 142, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 142, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 142, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 142, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 142, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 142, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 142, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 142, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 142,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 149.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 142, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
142, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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