

# Converting Colors

YUV(149.7560, -73.8297,  
20.3850)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(149.7560, -73.8297,  
20.3850)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADA700
RGB	173, 167, 0
RGB Percent	68%, 65%, 0%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3451, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 1.00, 0.32
HSL	58°, 100%, 34%
HSV	58°, 100%, 68%
XYZ	31.0523, 36.5217, 5.4128
YIQ	149.7560, 57.1830, -50.6650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

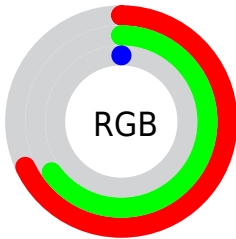
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	6, 173, 0
Decimal	11380480
CIE Lab	66.92, -13.03, 69.42
CIE LCh	67, 70.634, 100.632
Yxy	36.5217, 0.4255, 0.5004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289570560 (0xFFADA700)
YUV	149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850
Hunter-Lab	60.4332, -14.0396, 36.9928

# Details

The YUV color **149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **23.2440, 73.8297, -20.3850**, and the grayscale version is **150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **208.3460, -65.2466, 20.7446**, and **102.1890, -50.3792, 12.1122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152.2810, -66.6935, 18.1706**.

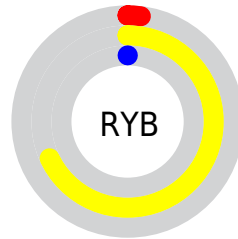
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (65%)

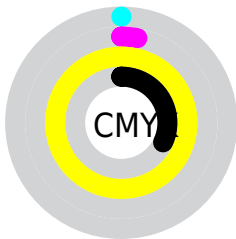
Blue (0%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (0%)

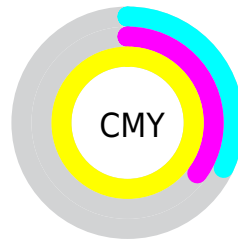


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 149.7560,  
-73.8297, 20.3850

■ 149.7560,  
-73.8297, 20.3850

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 125.8230,  
-62.0307, 15.9412

■ 208.3460,  
-65.2466, 20.7446

■ 102.1890,  
-50.3792, 12.1122

■ 234.8510,  
-64.5095, 17.6707

■ 80.0280, -39.4538,  
7.8684

■ 240.9780,  
-53.7262, 12.2973

■ 58.4540, -28.8178,  
3.1098

■ 244.1700,  
-41.4958, 9.4979

■ 37.7660, -18.6186,  
-1.5488

■ 247.4760,  
-28.8287, 6.5985

■ 16.7570, -8.2612,  
-10.3109

■ 250.7820,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-16.1615, 3.6992

0.0000

254.0880, -3.4944,  
0.7998

149.7560,  
-73.8297, 20.3850

152.2810,  
-66.6935, 18.1706

154.3330,  
-58.8312, 16.3710

156.8580,  
-51.6950, 14.1565

158.7960,  
-44.2694, 12.4569

161.4350,  
-36.6965, 10.1425

■ 163.9600,  
-29.5603, 7.9281

■ 165.8980,  
-22.1347, 6.2285

■ 168.4230,  
-14.9985, 4.0140

■ 170.4750, -7.1362,  
2.2144

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155.8210, -62.0298, 62.4240



149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850



144.1290, -42.9546, -36.0701

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850



139.3460, 51.5944, -122.2064



163.1250, 21.1374, 80.5744

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850



23.2440, 73.8297, -20.3850

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166.9080, 43.4294, 23.7597



149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850



135.3170, 59.0037, -118.6730

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850



134.2670, 24.5184, -117.7522



141.7940, 55.8106, -74.3643



150.6600, -3.7764, 91.5062



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850



121.4140, -12.0361, -106.4801



141.7940, 55.8106, -74.3643



165.6160, 29.7693, 65.2348

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850



215.1880, -28.6867, 7.7281



52.7530, -21.5702, 105.4566



106.8530, -17.1825, 4.5139



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850



194.3550, -95.8170, 25.9987



129.9560, -64.0683, -30.6564



85.3870, -3.6418, 1.4146



129.9650, -64.0727, 17.5707



19.7910, -9.7570, 2.8143



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.2440, 73.8297, -20.3850



30.2320, 95.5276, -26.5135



43.0440, 64.0683, 30.6564



79.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998



20.0350, 64.0727, -17.5707



3.2090, 9.7570, -2.8143



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850

### Protanopia

150.6970, -74.2936, 29.2067

### Deuteranopia

154.7280, -64.4489, 44.9655



## Tritanopia

165.0390, 0.9668, 16.6288

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850

## Protanomaly

150.0880, -73.9934, 26.2328

## Deuteranomaly

153.0490, -68.0582, 35.9140

## Tritanomaly

159.2370, -26.2458, 18.2092

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850

## Achromatopsia

150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

149.6440, -26.9395, 7.3282

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 167, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 167, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 167, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 167, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 167, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 167, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 167, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 167, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 167, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 167,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 149.7560, -73.8297, 20.3850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 167, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
167, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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