

# Converting Colors

YUV(15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(15.2110, 20.1090,  
-9.8320)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	040D38
RGB	4, 13, 56
RGB Percent	2%, 5%, 22%
CMY	0.9843, 0.9490, 0.7804
CMYK	0.93, 0.77, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	230°, 87%, 12%
HSV	230°, 93%, 22%
XYZ	0.9078, 0.5992, 3.8092
YIQ	15.2110, -19.1670, 11.4650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

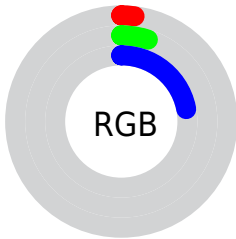
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	4, 12, 56
Decimal	265528
CIE Lab	5.41, 13.79, -28.49
CIE LCh	5, 31.655, 295.826
Yxy	0.5992, 0.1708, 0.1127
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278455608 (0xFF040D38)
YUV	15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320
Hunter-Lab	7.7407, 7.3877, -23.7581

# Details

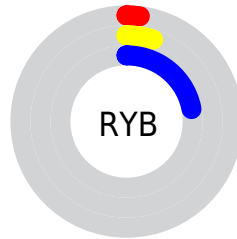
The YUV color **15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **44.7890, -20.1090, 9.8320**, and the grayscale version is **15.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.5860, 21.4031, -4.8989**, and **0.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.2540, 21.5668, -10.7468**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9400, 17.7776, -8.7174**.

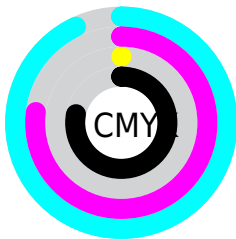
# Distribution



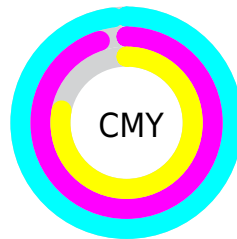
- Red (2%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (78%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.2110, 20.1090,  
-9.8320

■ 15.2110, 20.1090,  
-9.8320

■ 239.0740, 7.8515,  
1.6891

■ 5.0500, 14.2723,  
-4.4289

■ 60.5860, 21.4031,  
-4.8989

■ 0.9120, 3.4944,  
-0.7998

■ 84.1130, 22.1293,  
-4.4841

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 108.6400, 22.8555,  
-4.0693

■ 134.1670, 23.5817,  
-3.6545

■ 160.6940, 24.3079,  
-3.2396

■ 187.8080, 24.7447,

-3.3396

■ 213.9670, 20.2293,  
-1.7251

■ 15.2110, 20.1090,  
-9.8320

■ 15.2110, 20.1090,  
-9.8320

■ 12.2540, 21.5668,  
-10.7468

■ 19.9400, 17.7776,  
-8.7174

■ 23.7830, 15.8830,  
-7.7027

■ 28.5120, 13.5516,  
-6.5880

■ 32.9420, 11.3676,  
-6.0881

■ 37.0840, 9.3256,  
-4.4587

■ 41.8130, 6.9942,  
-3.3440

■ 45.6560, 5.0996,  
-2.3293

■ 50.3850, 2.7682,  
-1.2146

■ 54.8150, 0.5842,  
-0.7148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.7540, 19.8413, -17.3243



15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320



16.4490, 12.5966, 19.7772

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320



15.7920, -7.7855, 23.8614



17.9180, -2.4246, -15.7141

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320



44.7890, -20.1090, 9.8320

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.8490, -7.8136, -13.8996



15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320



17.4650, -8.6102, 8.3622

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



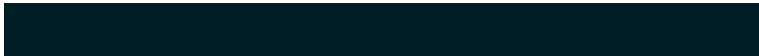
15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320



15.5480, -7.6652, 31.9684



14.0880, -6.9454, -12.3552



21.1270, 7.3324, -18.5284



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320



17.9570, 5.4442, 27.2247



14.0880, -6.9454, -12.3552



16.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320



57.7420, 8.0152, -4.1587



39.3120, 3.2972, -30.9686



27.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293



166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320



16.0670, 28.5610, -14.0908



14.7120, 20.3550, 4.6376



25.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



19.8800, 35.5552, -17.4348



47.2720, 84.6619, -41.4575



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.5740, -3.7340, 31.0686



23.6080, -5.2297, 44.1938



45.2880, -20.3550, -4.6376



26.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



29.3320, -6.5727, 54.9598



69.8130, -15.6838, 130.8370



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

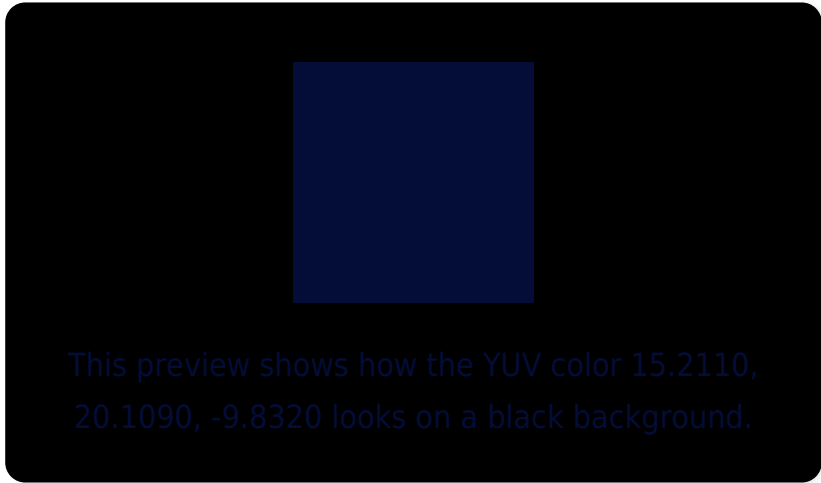
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

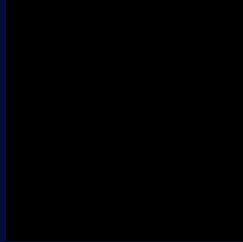
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 15.2110, 20.1090,

-9.8320.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320

### Protanopia

15.7130, 11.9735, -13.7803

### Deuteranopia

15.6160, 9.0633, -13.6952



## Tritanopia

15.5360, 3.6798, -13.6251

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320

## Protanomaly

15.5220, 15.0257, -12.7358

## Deuteranomaly

15.0660, 13.2785, -12.3359

## Tritanomaly

15.4420, 9.6421, -12.6656

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320

## Achromatopsia

15.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

14.9270, 7.4310, -3.4440

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 13, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 13, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 13, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 13, 56) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 13, 56) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 13, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 13, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 13, 56); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 13, 56); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 13, 56) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 15.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 13, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 13,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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