

Converting Colors

YUV(15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(15.3010, -3.1064,
16.3990)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	220709
RGB	34, 7, 9
RGB Percent	13%, 3%, 4%
CMY	0.8667, 0.9725, 0.9647
CMYK	0.00, 0.79, 0.74, 0.87
HSL	356°, 66%, 8%
HSV	356°, 79%, 13%
XYZ	0.7850, 0.5118, 0.3159
YIQ	15.3010, 15.4500, 6.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

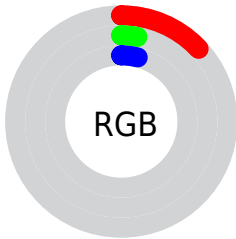
Format	Color
RYB	34, 7, 9
Decimal	2230025
CIELab	4.62, 12.23, 3.45
CIELCh	5, 12.708, 15.764
Yxy	0.5118, 0.4868, 0.3174
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280420105 (0xFF220709)
YUV	15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990
Hunter-Lab	7.1538, 7.0675, 2.3899

Details

The YUV color **15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **25.6990, 3.1064, -16.3990**, and the grayscale version is **15.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.0020, -2.9590, 15.7842**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.1980, -3.5486, 18.2434**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.4040, -2.6642, 14.5547**.

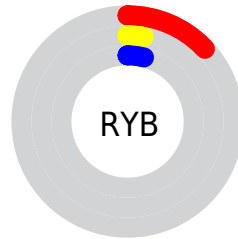
Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (3%)

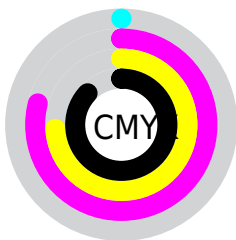
Blue (4%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (3%)

Blue (4%)

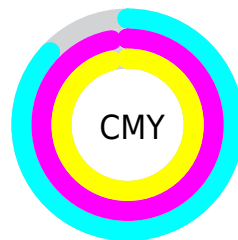


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (74%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (87%)

Magenta (97%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3010, -3.1064,
16.3990

■ 15.3010, -3.1064,
16.3990

■ 238.4040, -2.6642,
14.5547

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 60.0020, -2.9590,
15.7842

■ 82.6000, -3.2538,
17.0138

■ 107.1980, -3.5486,
18.2434

■ 132.4970, -3.6960,
18.8581

■ 158.7960, -3.8434,
19.4729

■ 186.0950, -3.9908,

20.0877

■ 213.3940, -4.1382,
20.7025

■ 15.3010, -3.1064,
16.3990

■ 15.3010, -3.1064,
16.3990

■ 13.1980, -3.5486,
18.2434

■ 17.4040, -2.6642,
14.5547

■ 10.5080, -3.7014,
20.6025

■ 20.0940, -2.5113,
12.1956

■ 22.1970, -2.0691,
10.3512

■ 25.0010, -1.4795,
7.8921

■ 27.1040, -1.0373,
6.0478

■ 29.2070, -0.5951,
4.2035

■ 31.8970, -0.4422,
1.8443

■ 34.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 36.6900, 0.1528,
-2.3591

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.3590, 2.2880, 12.8402



15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



15.1500, -7.4689, 15.6545

Triad

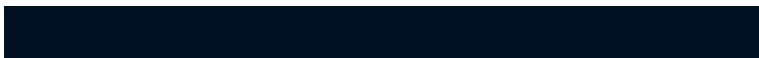
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



12.3380, -6.0826, -9.0664



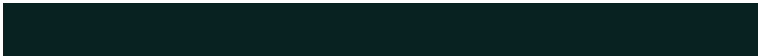
14.3280, 9.2053, -12.5657

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



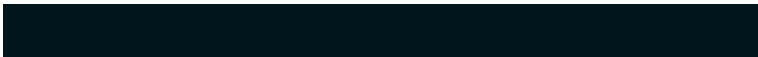
15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



25.6990, 3.1064, -16.3990

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5190, 6.1531, -13.6102



15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



13.9400, -2.4354, -12.2254

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



14.7630, -7.2782, 1.0848



15.3080, 2.8062, -13.4251



15.8560, 8.4520, -4.2587

Rectangle

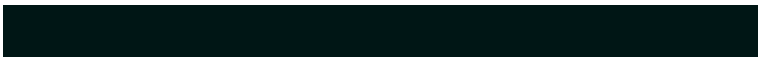
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



15.7150, -7.7475, 11.6509



15.3080, 2.8062, -13.4251



14.8010, 8.4791, -12.9805

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



36.1040, -1.0373, 6.0478



17.5530, 8.1084, 12.6700



18.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



14.6010, -4.7333, 24.9059



21.5300, -7.1633, 10.9362



16.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



25.2020, -9.4666, 49.8118



64.2010, -24.2561, 126.9887

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



14.6010, -4.7333, 24.9059



19.4700, 7.1633, -10.9362



16.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



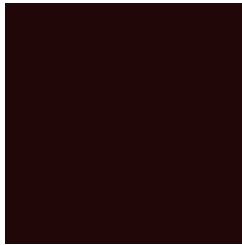
25.2020, -9.4666, 49.8118



64.2010, -24.2561, 126.9887

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

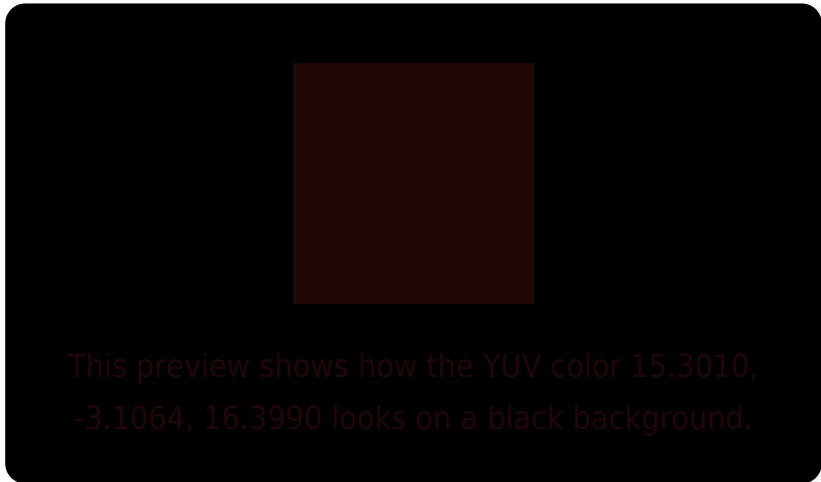
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

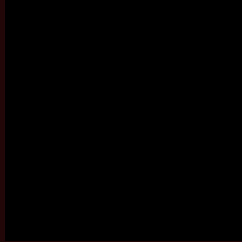
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990.

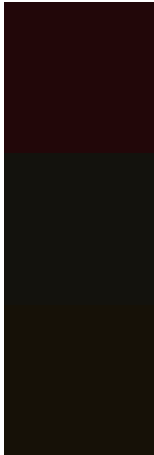


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 15.3010, -3.1064,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990

Protanopia

17.7290, -2.3314, 1.1147

Deuteranopia

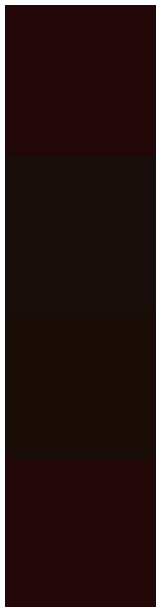
17.3550, -5.1050, 4.0737



Tritanopia

15.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990

Protanomaly

16.7620, -2.3477, 6.3477

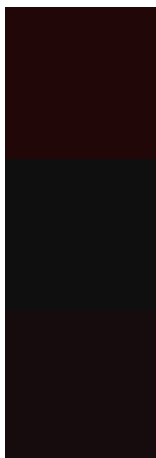
Deuteranomaly

16.3170, -4.1003, 8.4920

Tritanomaly

15.1870, -3.5432, 16.4990

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990

Achromatopsia

15.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

15.1040, -1.0373, 6.0478

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 7, 9)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 7, 9)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 7, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 7, 9) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 7, 9) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 7, 9) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 7, 9)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 7, 9); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 7, 9); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 7, 9) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 15.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 7, 9) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 7,  
9) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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