

Converting Colors

YUV(15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(15.6110, 30.2648,
-0.5358)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F044D
RGB	15, 4, 77
RGB Percent	6%, 2%, 30%
CMY	0.9412, 0.9843, 0.6980
CMYK	0.81, 0.95, 0.00, 0.70
HSL	249°, 90%, 16%
HSV	249°, 95%, 30%
XYZ	1.5800, 0.7242, 7.0777
YIQ	15.6110, -16.8770, 25.0350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

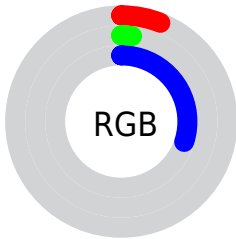
Format	Color
R_{YB}	15, 4, 77
Decimal	984141
CIE Lab	6.54, 30.44, -41.55
CIE LCh	7, 51.510, 306.230
Yxy	0.7242, 0.1684, 0.0772
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279174221 (0xFF0F044D)
YUV	15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358
Hunter-Lab	8.5101, 18.2475, -43.3535

Details

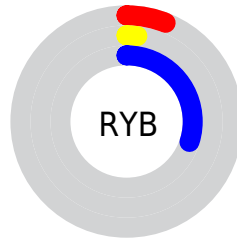
The YUV color **15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **65.3890, -30.2648, 0.5358**, and the grayscale version is **15.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.5840, 31.2641, 5.6268**, and **4.7080, 12.9620, -4.1289** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.3660, 31.8646, -0.3210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.4000, 26.9178, -0.3508**.

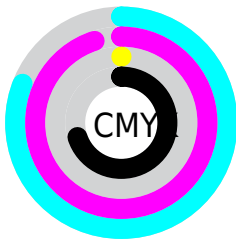
Distribution



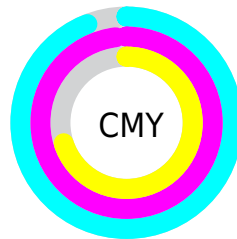
- Red (6%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.6110, 30.2648,
-0.5358

■ 15.6110, 30.2648,
-0.5358

■ 239.1510, 7.8136,
13.8996

■ 6.1560, 23.5871,
-5.3988

■ 63.5840, 31.2641,
5.6268

■ 4.7080, 12.9620,
-4.1289

■ 88.1220, 31.9849,
7.7860

■ 0.3420, 1.3104,
-0.2999

■ 113.0620, 33.0004,
8.7156

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 139.0020, 34.0160,
9.6452

■ 165.9420, 35.0316,
10.5749

■ 192.2150, 30.9530,

12.0894

■ 216.7350, 18.8646,
16.0184

■ 15.6110, 30.2648,
-0.5358

■ 15.6110, 30.2648,
-0.5358

■ 12.3660, 31.8646,
-0.3210

■ 22.4000, 26.9178,
-0.3508

■ 28.3030, 24.0076,
-0.2657

■ 35.0920, 20.6606,
-0.0807

■ 41.5820, 17.4611,
-0.5104

■ 48.3710, 14.1141,
-0.3254

■ 54.2740, 11.2039,
-0.2403

■ 61.0630, 7.8569,
-0.0553

■ 67.5530, 4.6574,
-0.4850

■ 73.7550, 1.5998,
0.2149

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.0490, 32.5138, -21.9680



15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358



24.1240, 12.2639, 33.2173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358



17.2870, -8.5225, 26.9353



21.8620, 2.5330, -19.1730

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358



65.3890, -30.2648, 0.5358

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1970, -8.9711, -15.9588



15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358



18.8940, -9.3147, 0.9700

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358



19.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753



18.1970, -8.9711, -15.9588



26.3250, 17.0948, -23.0870

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358



24.6060, 1.1802, 41.5645



18.1970, -8.9711, -15.9588



19.7930, -2.8559, -17.3585

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358



76.2740, 11.2039, -0.2403



48.7160, 13.9440, -39.2159



36.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358



15.7710, 41.0319, -0.6762



26.3750, 24.9581, 21.5961



34.7550, 1.5998, 0.2149



16.1130, 42.3423, -0.9761



36.6850, 95.3043, -1.4777

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.8950, 16.3208, 38.6801



39.1770, 22.0977, 52.4648



54.6250, -24.9581, -21.5961



35.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



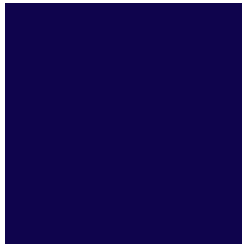
40.4160, 22.9659, 54.0092



91.0000, 51.2720, 121.9030

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

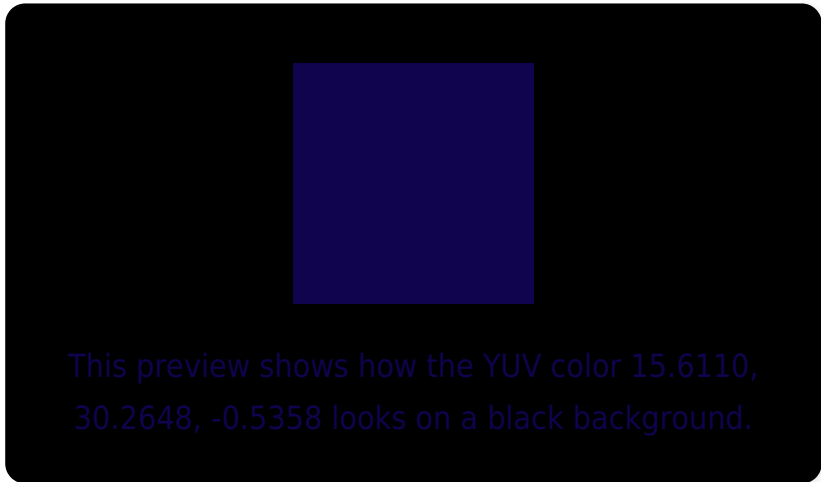
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

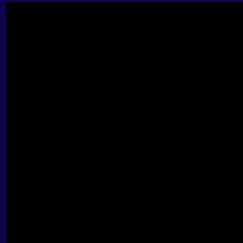
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358.

-0.5358.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358

Protanopia

19.0870, 14.7471, -16.7393

Deuteranopia

19.4630, 11.1107, -17.0691

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358

Protanomaly

17.6130, 20.4038, -11.0616

Deuteranomaly

17.7440, 18.3672, -11.1765

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358

Achromatopsia

16.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

16.1600, 10.7671, -0.1403

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 4, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 4, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 4, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 4, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 4, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 4, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 4, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 4, 77); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 4, 77); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 4, 77) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 15.6110, 30.2648, -0.5358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 4, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 4,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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