

Converting Colors

YUV(15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(15.7840, -2.3585,
9.8364)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B0B0B
RGB	27, 11, 11
RGB Percent	11%, 4%, 4%
CMY	0.8941, 0.9569, 0.9569
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.59, 0.89
HSL	0°, 42%, 7%
HSV	0°, 59%, 11%
XYZ	0.6321, 0.4965, 0.3791
YIQ	15.7840, 9.5360, 3.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

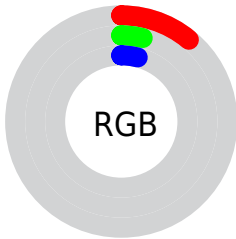
Format	Color
RYB	27, 11, 11
Decimal	1772299
CIELab	4.49, 6.56, 2.31
CIELCh	4, 6.955, 19.397
Yxy	0.4965, 0.4192, 0.3293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279962379 (0xFF1B0B0B)
YUV	15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364
Hunter-Lab	7.0464, 3.6805, 1.7424

Details

The YUV color **15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **22.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364**, and the grayscale version is **16.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.1860, -2.0637, 8.6069**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.6810, -2.8007, 11.6808**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921**.

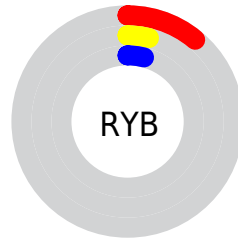
Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (4%)

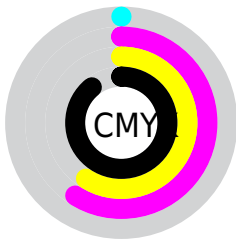
Blue (4%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (4%)

Blue (4%)

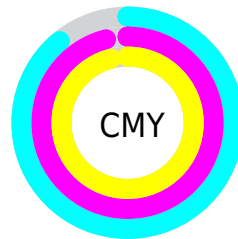


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (59%)

Black (89%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.7840, -2.3585,
9.8364

■ 15.7840, -2.3585,
9.8364

■ 240.6810, -2.8007,
11.6808

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 59.1860, -2.0637,
8.6069

■ 81.8980, -1.9217,
9.7365

■ 106.1970, -2.0691,
10.3512

■ 131.4960, -2.2165,
10.9660

■ 157.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660

■ 184.3820, -2.6533,

11.0660

■ 212.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660

■ 15.7840, -2.3585,
9.8364

■ 15.7840, -2.3585,
9.8364

■ 13.6810, -2.8007,
11.6808

■ 17.8870, -1.9163,
7.9921

■ 12.2790, -3.0955,
12.9103

■ 19.2890, -1.6215,
6.7625

■ 10.1760, -3.5378,
14.7546

■ 21.3920, -1.1793,
4.9182

■ 8.0730, -3.9800,
16.5990

■ 23.4950, -0.7370,
3.0739

■ 25.5980, -0.2948,
1.2296

■ 27.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 29.1030, 0.4422,
-1.8443

■ 31.2060, 0.8844,
-3.6887

■ 32.6080, 1.1793,
-4.9182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.9840, 0.9939, 7.9070



15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



15.2740, -5.5581, 9.4067

Triad

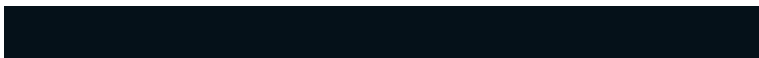
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



13.5280, -4.2043, -4.8481



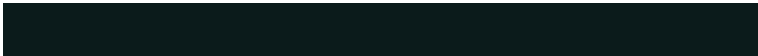
14.3240, 5.2633, -8.1771

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



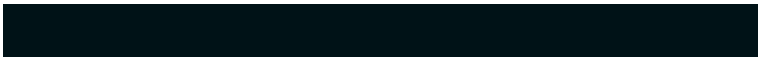
15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



22.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.1880, 4.8373, -11.5659



15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



12.6350, 0.1799, -11.0809

Square

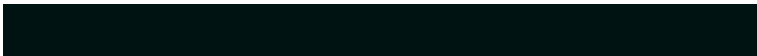
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



14.4750, -7.1362, 2.2144



13.3190, 2.8007, -11.6808



15.8410, 4.5154, -1.6146

Rectangle

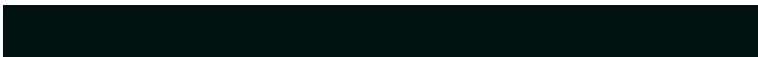
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



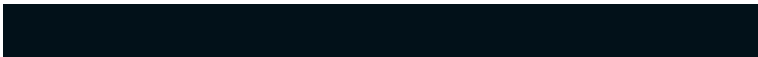
15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



14.9210, -6.8631, 7.9623



13.3190, 2.8007, -11.6808



13.4270, 5.7055, -10.0215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



31.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034



17.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368



15.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



17.7740, -3.8326, 15.9842



20.4800, -4.6736, 5.7180



11.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



23.0230, -11.3503, 47.3378



60.9960, -30.0710, 125.4145

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364



28.2260, 3.8326, -15.9842



17.5200, 4.6736, -5.7180



12.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



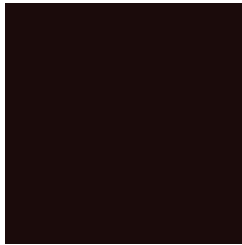
53.9770, 11.3503, -47.3378



143.0040, 30.0710, -125.4145

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

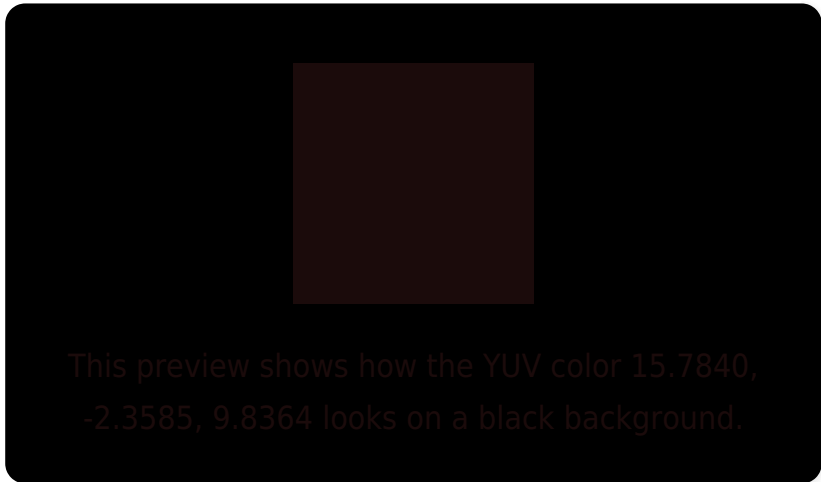
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

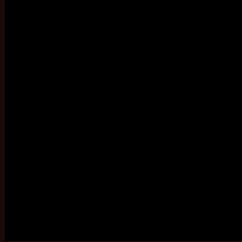
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 15.7840, -2.3585,

9.8364.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364

Protanopia

15.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147

Deuteranopia

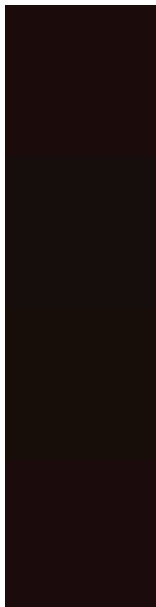
16.5120, -3.2104, 3.0590



Tritanopia

15.8980, -1.9217, 9.7365

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364

Protanomaly

15.8650, -1.9054, 4.5034

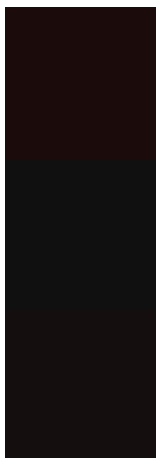
Deuteranomaly

16.2350, -3.0739, 5.9329

Tritanomaly

15.8980, -1.9217, 9.7365

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364

Achromatopsia

16.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

15.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 11, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 11, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 11, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 11, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 11, 11) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 11, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(27, 11, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 11, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 11, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 11, 11)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 15.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 11, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 11,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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