

# Converting Colors

YUV(150.0450, 14.7678,  
-70.1995)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995)  
contains.

<b>YUV(150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(150.0450, 14.7678,  
-70.1995)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	46B9B4
RGB	70, 185, 180
RGB Percent	27%, 73%, 71%
CMY	0.7255, 0.2745, 0.2941
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.03, 0.27
HSL	177°, 45%, 50%
HSV	177°, 62%, 73%
XYZ	28.1130, 39.2953, 49.2831
YIQ	150.0450, -66.9350, -25.9350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

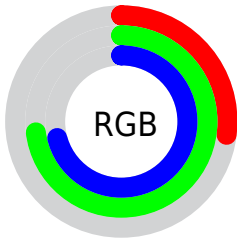
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">70, 129, 185</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4635060</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.96, -33.09, -7.07</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 33.834, 192.059</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.2953, 0.2409, 0.3367</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282825140</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF46B9B4</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.6860, -29.6480, -2.7330</a>

# Details

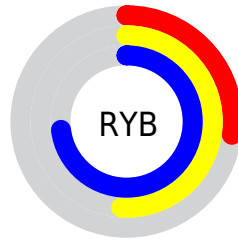
The YUV color **150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **104.9550, -14.7678, 70.1995**, and the grayscale version is **150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **208.1270, 13.7414, -67.6404**, and **91.3750, 17.5631, -80.1359** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **144.5490, 16.9843, -81.1655**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155.8400, 12.4039, -58.6187**.

# Distribution



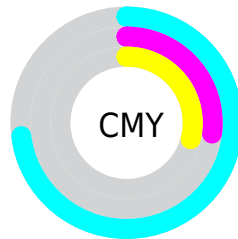
- Red (27%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 150.0450, 14.7678,  
-70.1995

■ 150.0450, 14.7678,  
-70.1995

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 119.7560, 16.3893,  
-76.9620

■ 208.1270, 13.7414,  
-67.6404

■ 91.3750, 17.5631,  
-80.1359

■ 226.5950, 14.0037,  
-58.4038

■ 73.8500, 13.8780,  
-64.7664

■ 235.5650, 9.5815,  
-39.9605

■ 56.4390, 10.6296,  
-49.4970

■ 244.5350, 5.1592,  
-21.5172

■ 39.8430, 7.9654,  
-34.9423

■ 253.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

■ 25.5950, 4.1437,  
-22.4468

■ 2.0690, 5.3890,

-1.8145

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 150.0450, 14.7678,  
-70.1995

■ 150.0450, 14.7678,  
-70.1995

■ 144.5490, 16.9843,  
-81.1655

■ 155.8400, 12.4039,  
-58.6187

■ 138.7540, 19.3483,  
-92.7463

■ 161.3360, 10.1874,  
-47.6527

■ 133.0730, 22.1490,  
-104.4270

■ 167.0170, 7.3866,  
-35.9719

■ 128.7730, 23.7759,  
-112.9339

■ 172.5130, 5.1701,  
-25.0059

■ 178.3080, 2.8062,  
-13.4251

■ 183.8040, 0.5896,  
-2.4591

■ 189.5990, -1.7743,  
9.1217

■ 194.9810, -4.4276,  
20.1877

■ 200.7760, -6.7916,  
31.7684

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156.5740, -4.2270, -44.3534



150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995



149.0730, 29.0510, -78.1170

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995



172.1800, 20.6173, 13.8741



167.7550, -28.4732, 32.6639

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995



104.9550, -14.7678, 70.1995

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169.7320, -20.0809, 47.5930



150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995



172.6040, 7.5902, 38.9353

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995



167.3760, 29.8876, -19.6238



171.4840, -7.1406, 50.4415



165.0250, -28.1133, 10.5021



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995



154.8990, 33.0808, -63.9324



171.4840, -7.1406, 50.4415



168.9560, -26.6003, 38.6266

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995



226.0180, 5.9071, -28.0798



139.2990, -34.1644, -55.5132



111.5140, 3.6906, -17.1138



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995



185.2680, 23.0389, -109.8600



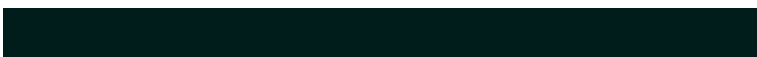
120.0910, 32.0001, -43.9298



89.1950, 0.8899, -5.4330



108.5580, 19.9379, -95.2054



19.5140, 3.6906, -17.1138



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104.9550, -14.7678, 70.1995



114.7320, -23.0389, 109.8600



134.9090, -32.0001, 43.9298



85.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



47.4420, -19.9379, 95.2054

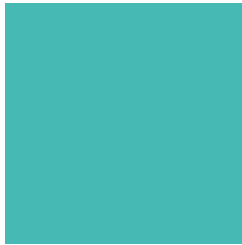


8.4860, -3.6906, 17.1138



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

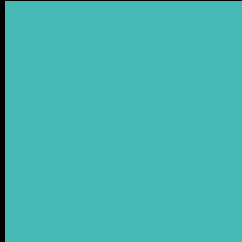
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

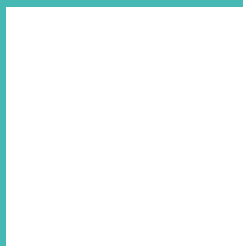
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995.



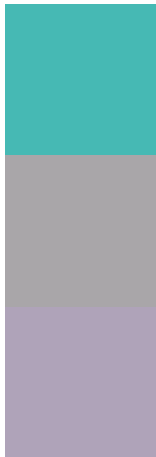
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995.

-70.1995.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995

### Protanopia

167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

### Deuteranopia

169.0960, 7.8407, 5.1778



## Tritanopia

152.6140, 21.8823, -65.4365

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995



## Protanomaly

161.0400, 5.8963, -24.5911



## Deuteranomaly

162.2020, 10.2534, -22.1022



## Tritanomaly

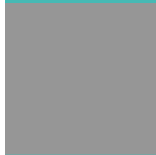
151.6200, 19.4143, -67.1957

# Monochromacy



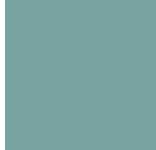
## Original Color

150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995



## Achromatopsia

150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

150.2140, 5.3175, -25.6207

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 185, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 185, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 185, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 185, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

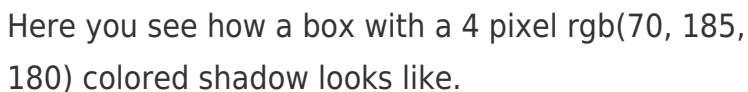
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 185, 180) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 185, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 185, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 185, 180); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 185, 180); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 185, 180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 150.0450, 14.7678, -70.1995 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 185, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 185,  
180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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