

# Converting Colors

YUV(150.3240, 45.1963,  
-76.5831)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(150.3240, 45.1963,  
-76.5831)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3FB1F2
RGB	63, 177, 242
RGB Percent	25%, 69%, 95%
CMY	0.7529, 0.3059, 0.0510
CMYK	0.74, 0.27, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	202°, 87%, 60%
HSV	202°, 74%, 95%
XYZ	33.7991, 38.9118, 89.7337
YIQ	150.3240, -88.8090, -3.9530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

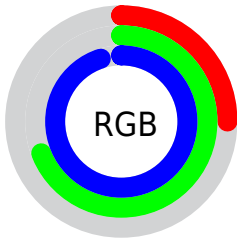
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	63, 133, 242
Decimal	4174322
CIE Lab	68.69, -10.80, -41.50
CIE LCh	69, 42.880, 255.417
Yxy	38.9118, 0.2081, 0.2395
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282364402 (0xFF3FB1F2)
YUV	150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831
Hunter-Lab	62.3794, -12.4471, -41.6241

# Details

The YUV color **150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **154.6760, -45.1963, 76.5831**, and the grayscale version is **150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205.6080, 24.3503, -63.6772**, and **94.5790, 45.0706, -82.9458** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **137.8650, 51.3386, -86.7046**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162.7830, 39.0540, -66.4617**.

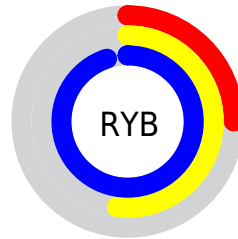
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (69%)

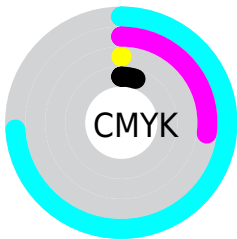
Blue (95%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (95%)

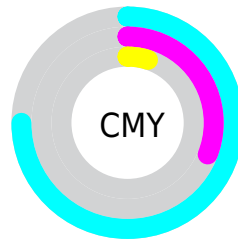


Cyan (74%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 150.3240, 45.1963,  
-76.5831

■ 150.3240, 45.1963,  
-76.5831

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 112.3320, 49.6293,  
-98.5152

■ 205.6080, 24.3503,  
-63.6772

■ 94.5790, 45.0706,  
-82.9458

■ 227.7910, 13.4140,  
-55.9447

■ 76.7120, 40.0750,  
-67.2764

■ 237.0600, 8.8444,  
-36.8866

■ 59.6600, 35.6636,  
-52.3218

■ 246.3290, 4.2748,  
-17.8285

■ 43.7820, 30.6735,  
-38.3968

■ 28.7190, 26.2675,  
-25.1866

■ 10.1340, 23.5979,

-8.8875

■ 5.2780, 15.1459,  
-4.6288

■ 1.3680, 5.2416,  
-1.1997

■ 150.3240, 45.1963,  
-76.5831

■ 150.3240, 45.1963,  
-76.5831

■ 137.8650, 51.3386,  
-86.7046

■ 162.7830, 39.0540,  
-66.4617

■ 125.4060, 57.4808,  
-96.8261

■ 175.2420, 32.9117,  
-56.3402

■ 117.9860, 61.1389,  
-103.4737

■ 187.4130, 26.9114,  
-45.0892

■ 199.8720, 20.7691,  
-34.9677

■ 212.3310, 14.6268,  
-24.8463

■ 224.7900, 8.4845,  
-14.7248

■ 237.2490, 2.3422,  
-4.6034

■ 248.8220, -3.3632,  
5.4181

■ 253.5180, -5.6784,  
1.2997

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133.9030, 43.4318, -117.4329



150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831



166.9010, 37.0238, -21.8382

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831



169.7630, -10.2362, 63.3518



157.5860, -22.4739, -25.0699

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831



154.6760, -45.1963, 76.5831

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



162.7660, -35.3806, 8.0982



150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831



167.7780, -26.5126, 57.1997

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831



172.0940, 7.8417, 51.6606



166.0130, -36.4884, 36.8226



148.6530, -0.8149, -65.4707



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831



171.4380, 29.3641, 8.3859



166.0130, -36.4884, 36.8226



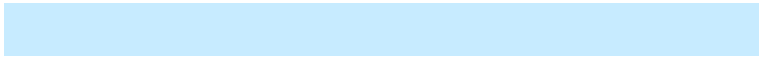
159.2840, -27.7480, -13.4041

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831



226.5160, 14.0426, -24.1315



175.2550, -24.2827, -98.4476



110.2030, 8.7739, -14.2100



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831



138.9930, 57.1915, -97.3409



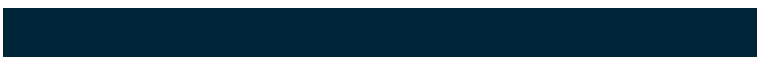
99.2550, 70.3733, -31.7956



113.4770, 3.2158, -4.8033



89.6550, 46.5121, -78.6274



27.5160, 14.0426, -24.1315



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129.5170, 23.4091, 98.6476



112.4030, 29.8743, 125.0576



205.7450, -70.3733, 31.7956



112.3860, 1.2887, 6.6775



68.3540, 23.9825, 101.4215

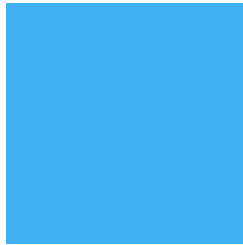


20.8480, 7.4699, 30.8283



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

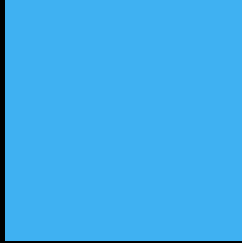
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

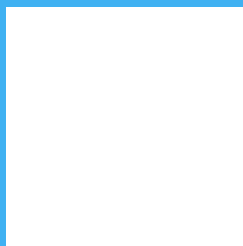
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831.

-76.5831.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831

### Protanopia

166.3700, 32.3556, -17.8645

### Deuteranopia

164.5520, 39.6609, -27.6711



## Tritanopia

135.2820, 31.9060, -107.2413

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831

## Protanomaly

160.7910, 37.0780, -39.2817

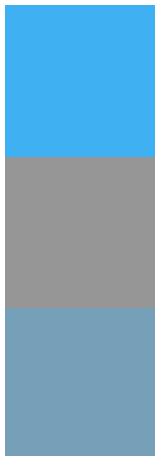
## Deuteranomaly

159.3110, 41.7517, -44.9997

## Tritanomaly

140.6130, 36.6728, -96.1306

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831

## Achromatopsia

150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

150.0640, 16.2374, -28.1201

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 177, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 177, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 177, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 177, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 177, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 177, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 177, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 177, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 177, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 177,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 150.3240, 45.1963, -76.5831 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 177, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 177,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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