

Converting Colors

YUV(150.6420, 9.5435,
-27.7500)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(150.6420, 9.5435,
-27.7500)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	77A3AA
RGB	119, 163, 170
RGB Percent	47%, 64%, 67%
CMY	0.5333, 0.3608, 0.3333
CMYK	0.30, 0.04, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	188°, 23%, 57%
HSV	188°, 30%, 67%
XYZ	27.9606, 33.0186, 42.9298
YIQ	150.6420, -28.4710, -7.1510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

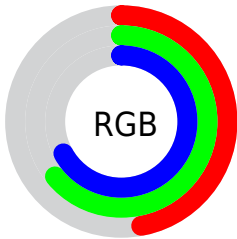
Format	Color
RYB	119, 143, 170
Decimal	7840682
CIELab	64.18, -13.05, -8.42
CIELCh	64, 15.530, 212.833
Yxy	33.0186, 0.2691, 0.3178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286030762 (0xFF77A3AA)
YUV	150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500
Hunter-Lab	57.4618, -13.7009, -4.0723

Details

The YUV color **150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **138.3580, -9.5435, 27.7500**, and the grayscale version is **151.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205.3430, 9.6909, -28.3648**, and **98.9410, 9.3961, -27.1353** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **144.3850, 12.6282, -37.1716**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **156.8990, 6.4588, -18.3284**.

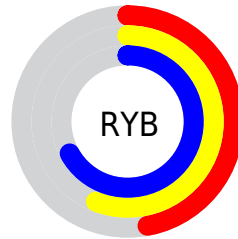
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (64%)

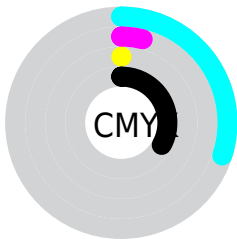
Blue (67%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (67%)

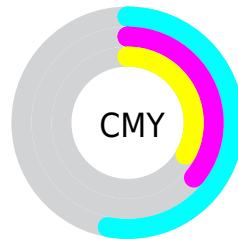


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 150.6420, 9.5435,
-27.7500

■ 150.6420, 9.5435,
-27.7500

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 124.6420, 9.5435,
-27.7500

■ 205.3430, 9.6909,
-28.3648

■ 98.9410, 9.3961,
-27.1353

■ 233.1580, 10.2751,
-29.0796

■ 74.5280, 9.1067,
-27.6501

■ 247.2260, 3.8326,
-15.9842

■ 50.0440, 9.8383,
-28.9796

■ 29.4250, 8.6645,
-25.8057

■ 15.9920, 5.4269,
-14.0250

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 150.6420, 9.5435,
-27.7500

■ 150.6420, 9.5435,
-27.7500

■ 144.3850, 12.6282,
-37.1716

■ 156.8990, 6.4588,
-18.3284

■ 137.5410, 16.0023,
-46.0785

■ 163.7430, 3.0847,
-9.4216

■ 131.2840, 19.0870,
-55.5001

■ 170.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 125.0270, 22.1717,
-64.9217

■ 176.2570, -3.0847,
9.4216

■ 118.1830, 25.5458,
-73.8285

■ 183.1010, -6.4588,
18.3284

■ 111.9260, 28.6305,
-83.2501

■ 189.3580, -9.5435,
27.7500

■ 105.6690, 31.7152,
-92.6717

■ 195.6150,
-12.6282, 37.1716

■ 202.4590,
-16.0023, 46.0785

■ 203.6330,
-16.5811, 45.0489

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150.5300, 2.6967, -25.0208



150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500



152.1140, 13.7478, -22.9020

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500



158.3530, 4.7560, 14.5994



154.9120, -13.2676, 8.8472

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500



138.3580, -9.5435, 27.7500

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156.2060, -12.4266, 19.1133



150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500



158.0890, -1.5229, 21.8469

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500



157.4700, 10.6143, 2.2188



157.3790, -8.0748, 23.3466



153.2310, -10.4669, -2.8336

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500



154.2720, 14.1629, -16.0245



157.3790, -8.0748, 23.3466



155.2330, -13.4259, 12.9507

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500



214.2590, 3.8163, -10.7511



149.7350, -11.7014, -26.9546



107.8250, 2.0583, -6.8625



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500



191.6230, 14.9759, -43.5194



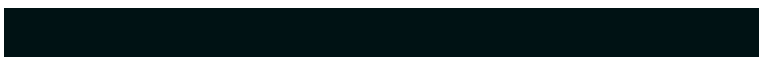
135.9670, 16.7783, -14.8801



81.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034



92.0080, 27.6041, -80.6910



12.8460, 3.5269, -11.2659

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139.2650, 11.7014, 26.9546



173.7860, 18.3465, 42.2837



153.0330, -16.7783, 14.8801



79.1900, 1.8783, 4.2184



58.8440, 34.0939, 78.1898



8.0320, 4.9142, 10.4959

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

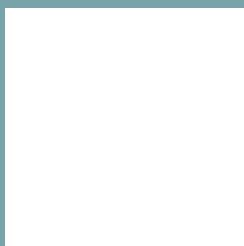
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 150.6420, 9.5435,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500

Protanopia

155.5530, 4.6574, -0.4850

Deuteranopia

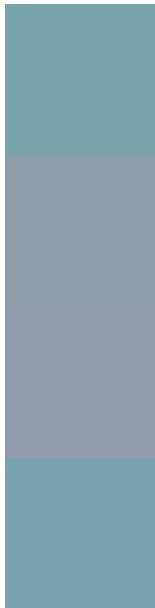
156.7970, 7.9881, 4.5630



Tritanopia

150.9240, 11.8695, -27.1203

Trichromacy



Original Color

150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500

Protanomaly

153.6550, 6.5791, -10.2214

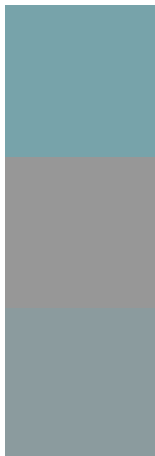
Deuteranomaly

154.2470, 8.7522, -7.2326

Tritanomaly

150.6960, 10.9959, -26.9204

Monochromacy



Original Color

150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500

Achromatopsia

151.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

150.5580, 3.6689, -10.1364

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 163, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 163, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 163, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 163, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 163, 170) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 163, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 163, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 163, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 163, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 163,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 150.6420, 9.5435, -27.7500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 163, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
163, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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