

# Converting Colors

YUV(151.0730, -3.9800,  
16.5990)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(151.0730, -3.9800,  
16.5990)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AA8F8F
RGB	170, 143, 143
RGB Percent	67%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.3333, 0.4392, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.16, 0.33
HSL	0°, 14%, 61%
HSV	0°, 16%, 67%
XYZ	31.3579, 30.1741, 30.1580
YIQ	151.0730, 16.0920, 5.7240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

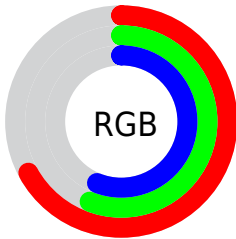
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	170, 143, 143
Decimal	11177871
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.80, 10.13, 3.78
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 10.811, 20.438
Yxy	30.1741, 0.3420, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289367951 (0xFFAA8F8F)
YUV	151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990
Hunter-Lab	54.9310, 5.7694, 5.9005

# Details

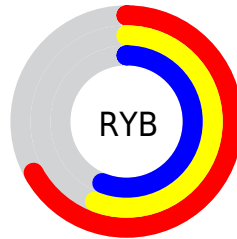
The YUV color **151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **161.9270, 3.9800, -16.5990**, and the grayscale version is **151.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205.6710, -4.2748, 17.8285**, and **100.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139.1560, -6.4859, 27.0502**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478**.

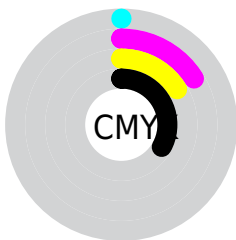
# Distribution



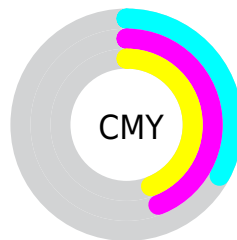
- Red (67%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 151.0730, -3.9800,  
16.5990

■ 151.0730, -3.9800,  
16.5990

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 124.7740, -3.8326,  
15.9842

■ 205.6710, -4.2748,  
17.8285

■ 100.1760, -3.5378,  
14.7546

■ 233.6710, -4.2748,  
17.8285

■ 76.1760, -3.5378,  
14.7546

■ 253.5980, -0.2948,  
1.2296

■ 53.5780, -3.2430,  
13.5251

■ 31.9800, -2.9481,  
12.2955

■ 8.0730, -3.9800,  
16.5990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

151.0730, -3.9800,  
16.5990

151.0730, -3.9800,  
16.5990

139.1560, -6.4859,  
27.0502

162.9900, -1.4741,  
6.1478

127.2390, -8.9918,  
37.5014

174.9070, 1.0318,  
-4.3034

115.3220,  
-11.4977, 47.9526

186.8240, 3.5378,  
-14.7546

103.4050,  
-14.0037, 58.4038

198.7410, 6.0437,  
-25.2059

91.4880, -16.5096,  
68.8550

210.6580, 8.5496,  
-35.6571

79.5710, -19.0155,  
79.3062

222.5750, 11.0555,  
-46.1083

■ 67.6540, -21.5214,  
89.7574

■ 229.5850, 12.5296,  
-52.2560

■ 55.7370, -24.0273,  
100.2087

■ 50.8300, -25.0592,  
104.5121

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151.3160, 0.8302, 13.7549



151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



150.4380, -7.6109, 14.5249

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



146.9900, -4.9251, -7.0072



148.4530, 9.6367, -10.9213

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



161.9270, 3.9800, -16.5990

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147.0670, 8.3480, -17.5988



151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



146.4990, -0.2460, -14.4696

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



148.4210, -8.5886, 1.3848



146.1440, 4.8590, -18.5433



149.8670, 8.4466, -2.5144



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



150.0740, -8.9105, 11.3361



146.1440, 4.8590, -18.5433



147.7300, 9.5001, -13.7952

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



214.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



154.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



107.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



192.5580, -6.1911, 25.8206



158.7040, -7.7421, 9.9066



78.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182



44.2520, -21.8162, 90.9870



5.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161.9270, 3.9800, -16.5990



209.4420, 6.1911, -25.8206



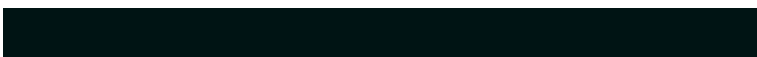
153.7090, 8.0315, -9.3918



81.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182



103.7480, 21.8162, -90.9870



14.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

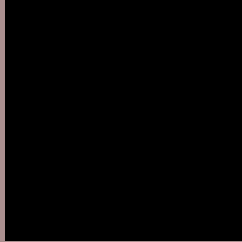
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 151.0730, -3.9800,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990

### Protanopia

149.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590

### Deuteranopia

150.4640, -3.6798, 13.6251



## Tritanopia

151.9250, 0.5300, 16.7288

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990

## Protanomaly

150.3600, -2.6425, 7.5773

## Deuteranomaly

150.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398

## Tritanomaly

151.4690, -1.2172, 17.1287

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990

## Achromatopsia

151.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

150.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 143, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 143, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 143, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 143, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 143, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 143, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 143, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 143, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 143, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 143,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 151.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 143, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
143, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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