

Converting Colors

YUV(151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(151.0940, -5.9623,
-0.9594)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	969A8B
RGB	150, 154, 139
RGB Percent	59%, 60%, 55%
CMY	0.4118, 0.3961, 0.4549
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.10, 0.40
HSL	76°, 7%, 57%
HSV	76°, 10%, 60%
XYZ	28.7935, 31.4593, 28.9808
YIQ	151.0940, 2.4310, -5.5130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

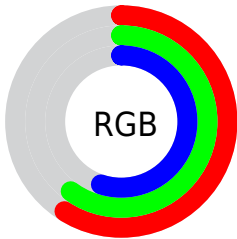
Format	Color
RYB	139, 154, 143
Decimal	9869963
CIELab	62.89, -4.25, 7.37
CIELCh	63, 8.510, 119.975
Yxy	31.4593, 0.3227, 0.3526
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288060043 (0xFF969A8B)
YUV	151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594
Hunter-Lab	56.0886, -6.5208, 8.6271

Details

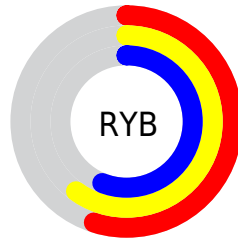
The YUV color **151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **141.9060, 5.9623, 0.9594**, and the grayscale version is **151.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204.9800, -6.3991, -0.8595**, and **100.2080, -5.5255, -1.0594** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148.1880, -11.9247, -1.9189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

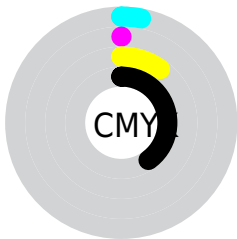
Distribution



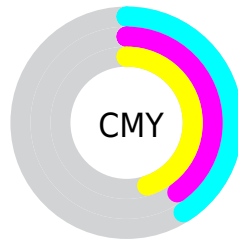
- Red (59%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 151.0940, -5.9623,
-0.9594

■ 151.0940, -5.9623,
-0.9594

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 125.2080, -5.5255,
-1.0594

■ 204.9800, -6.3991,
-0.8595

■ 100.2080, -5.5255,
-1.0594

■ 233.5670, -6.6885,
-1.3743

■ 76.3220, -5.0887,
-1.1594

■ 254.3160, -2.6208,
0.5999

■ 53.7350, -4.7994,
-0.6446

■ 32.4360, -4.6519,
-1.2594

■ 9.1260, -4.4991,
-3.6185

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 151.0940, -5.9623,
-0.9594

■ 151.0940, -5.9623,
-0.9594

■ 148.1880,
-11.9247, -1.9189

■ 154.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 145.1680,
-18.3238, -2.7783

■ 157.0200, 6.3991,
0.8595

■ 142.2620,
-24.2862, -3.7378

■ 159.9260, 12.3615,
1.8189

■ 139.2420,
-30.6853, -4.5972

■ 162.9460, 18.7606,
2.6784

■ 136.0370,
-36.5002, -6.1714

■ 166.1510, 24.5756,
4.2526

■ 133.1310,
-42.4626, -7.1309

■ 169.0570, 30.5379,
5.2120

■ 130.1110,
-48.8617, -7.9903

■ 172.0770, 36.9370,
6.0715

■ 127.2050,
-54.8241, -8.9498

■ 174.1850, 39.8418,
7.7308

■ 124.1850,
-61.2232, -9.8092

■ 175.3810, 39.2522,
10.1899

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.3830, -7.5838, 5.8031



151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594



150.4460, -3.1779, -7.4071

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594



150.7580, 7.0213, -12.0658



153.8490, -0.9116, 12.4104

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594



141.9060, 5.9623, 0.9594

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153.5540, 3.1779, 7.4071



151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594



151.9050, 7.4418, -6.9327

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594



149.4650, 4.7008, -14.4398



152.9060, 5.9623, 0.9594



153.9370, -4.4059, 13.2103

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594



150.1080, -0.5462, -11.4957



152.9060, 5.9623, 0.9594



153.5930, 0.6937, 10.8809

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594



200.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149



145.8330, -3.3687, 7.1625



101.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594



196.4700, -9.5987, -1.2892



149.0010, -4.9305, -5.2629



75.1910, -3.0522, -1.0445



112.9770, -55.6977, -8.7498



10.3220, -5.0887, -1.1594

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141.9060, 5.9623, 0.9594



181.8290, 9.4513, 1.9040



143.9990, 4.9305, 5.2629



70.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297



27.0230, 55.6977, 8.7498



2.3790, 5.2362, 0.5446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

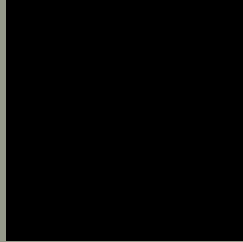
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

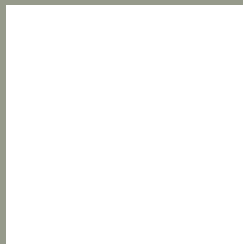
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594.

-0.9594.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594

Protanopia

152.1980, -6.9996, 5.0884

Deuteranopia

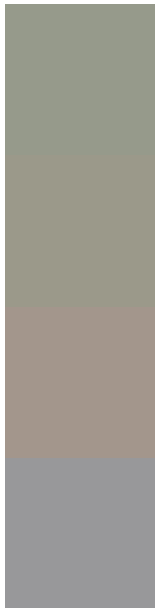
153.3780, -6.5954, 15.4545



Tritanopia

152.8520, 4.5100, 0.1298

Trichromacy



Original Color

151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594

Protanomaly

151.8880, -6.8468, 2.7292

Deuteranomaly

152.7470, -6.2843, 8.9919

Tritanomaly

152.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000

Monochromacy



Original Color

151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594

Achromatopsia

151.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

151.1310, -2.0366, -0.1149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 154, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 154, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 154, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 154, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 154, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 154, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 154, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 154, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 154, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 154,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 151.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 154, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
154, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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