

# Converting Colors

YUV(151.4820, -61.3696,  
37.2883)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(151.4820, -61.3696,  
37.2883)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C29A1B
RGB	194, 154, 27
RGB Percent	76%, 60%, 11%
CMY	0.2392, 0.3961, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.86, 0.24
HSL	46°, 76%, 43%
HSV	46°, 86%, 76%
XYZ	34.0016, 34.6597, 5.9348
YIQ	151.4820, 64.6070, -31.0170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

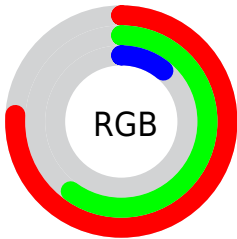
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">80, 194, 27</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12753435</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">65.48, 3.72, 64.66</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">65, 64.764, 86.705</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">34.6597, 0.4558, 0.4646</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290943515</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFC29A1B</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">58.8725, 0.0652, 35.2338</a>

# Details

The YUV color **151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **69.5180, 61.3696, -37.2883**, and the grayscale version is **152.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207.8460, -60.0701, 40.4771**, and **101.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **146.3810, -68.2218, 41.7619**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **156.5830, -54.5174, 32.8147**.

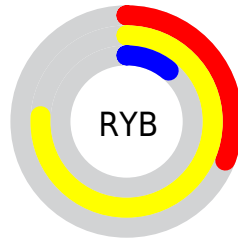
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (60%)

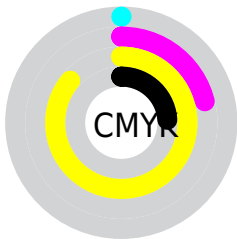
Blue (11%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (11%)

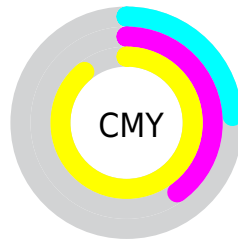


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 151.4820,  
-61.3696, 37.2883

■ 151.4820,  
-61.3696, 37.2883

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 124.4710,  
-61.3642, 35.5439

■ 207.8460,  
-60.0701, 40.4771

■ 101.1250,  
-49.8546, 30.5854

■ 227.6590,  
-56.5269, 23.9781

■ 79.2520, -39.0712,  
25.2120

■ 242.0040,  
-49.7950, 11.3975

■ 57.3790, -28.2878,  
19.8386

■ 245.0820,  
-38.0014, 8.6981

■ 36.9790, -18.2306,  
14.0504

■ 248.3880,  
-25.3343, 5.7987

■ 17.4760, -8.6157,  
10.1065

■ 251.6940,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-12.6671, 2.8994

0.0000

■ 151.4820,  
-61.3696, 37.2883

■ 151.4820,  
-61.3696, 37.2883

■ 146.3810,  
-68.2218, 41.7619

■ 156.5830,  
-54.5174, 32.8147

■ 144.8820,  
-71.4268, 43.0765

■ 161.2110,  
-46.9390, 28.7560

■ 166.3120,  
-40.0868, 24.2824

■ 171.5270,  
-32.7978, 19.7088

■ 176.0410,  
-25.6562, 15.7500

■ 181.1420,  
-18.8040, 11.2765

■ 186.3570,  
-11.5150, 6.7029

■ 190.8710, -4.3734,  
2.7441

■ 196.0860, 2.9156,  
-1.8294

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



154.7140, -46.2010, 72.1648



151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883



146.5410, -51.0457, -7.4905

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883



133.1220, 37.9009, -116.7480



163.2400, 29.9547, 52.4095

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883



69.5180, 61.3696, -37.2883

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158.7250, 47.4636, -10.2828



151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883



135.3170, 59.0037, -118.6730

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883



126.3960, 12.1298, -110.8493



127.6860, 62.7658, -111.9806



156.4450, 5.6966, 86.4327



# Rectangle

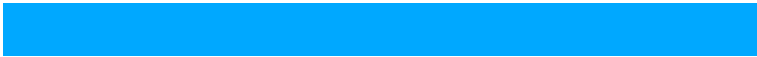
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883



140.1200, -32.5972, -44.8322



127.6860, 62.7658, -111.9806



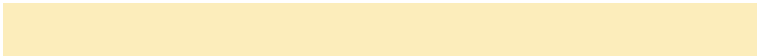
163.6660, 37.1397, 34.4959

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883



235.7850, -24.0510, 14.2206



81.7210, -6.2715, 98.4687



117.5700, -14.5780, 9.1471



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883



188.0520, -92.7096, 56.0824



162.4040, -66.7542, -9.1243



94.6860, -3.7892, 2.0294



119.7530, -59.0382, 36.1736



24.5420, -12.0992, 7.4177



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.5180, 61.3696, -37.2883



63.9480, 92.7096, -56.0824



58.5960, 66.7542, 9.1243



89.9010, 3.4998, -2.5442



40.6600, 59.3276, -35.6588



8.4580, 12.0992, -7.4177



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883

### Protanopia

150.7470, -60.0213, 24.7779

### Deuteranopia

152.0420, -60.6597, 42.9362



## Tritanopia

161.8950, -3.8922, 35.1721

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883

## Protanomaly

150.9540, -60.6163, 28.9813

## Deuteranomaly

151.6180, -60.9437, 40.6770

## Tritanomaly

158.1020, -24.7003, 35.8675

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883

## Achromatopsia

151.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

151.2410, -22.3038, 13.8206

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 154, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 154, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 154, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 154, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 154, 27) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 154, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 154, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 154, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 154, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 154,  
27) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 151.4820, -61.3696, 37.2883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 154, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
154, 27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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