

# Converting Colors

YUV(151.8930, -0.9332,  
19.3878)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878)  
contains.

<b>YUV(151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(151.8930, -0.9332,  
19.3878)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AE8D96
RGB	174, 141, 150
RGB Percent	68%, 55%, 59%
CMY	0.3176, 0.4471, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.14, 0.32
HSL	344°, 17%, 62%
HSV	344°, 19%, 68%
XYZ	32.4855, 30.2504, 32.9809
YIQ	151.8930, 16.7790, 9.7950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

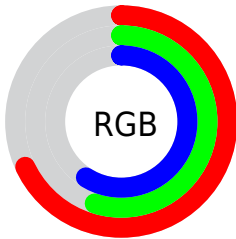
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">174, 141, 150</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11439510</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">61.87, 13.94, -0.06</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">62, 13.940, 359.758</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">30.2504, 0.3394, 0.3160</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289629590 (0xFFAE8D96)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">55.0004, 9.1786, 2.9471</a>

# Details

The YUV color **151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **163.1070, 0.9332, -19.3878**, and the grayscale version is **152.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206.4910, -1.2281, 20.6174**, and **100.8820, -0.9278, 17.6435** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **140.4320, -1.6920, 29.4391**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.3540, -0.1745, 9.3365**.

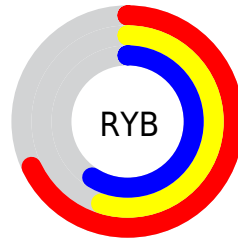
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (55%)

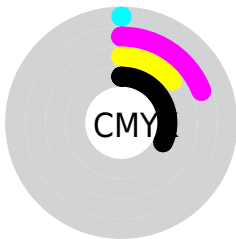
Blue (59%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (59%)

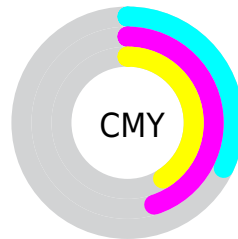


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



151.8930, -0.9332,  
19.3878

151.8930, -0.9332,  
19.3878

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

125.5940, -0.7858,  
18.7731

206.4910, -1.2281,  
20.6174

100.8820, -0.9278,  
17.6435

233.5940, -0.7858,  
18.7731

76.5830, -0.7804,  
17.0287

252.6520, 1.1576,  
2.0592

53.9850, -0.4856,  
15.7992

32.3870, -0.1908,  
14.5696

9.8820, -0.9278,  
17.6435

0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

151.8930, -0.9332,  
19.3878

151.8930, -0.9332,  
19.3878

140.4320, -1.6920,  
29.4391

163.3540, -0.1745,  
9.3365

128.4980, -1.7245,  
39.9053

175.2880, -0.1420,  
-1.1296

117.0370, -2.4832,  
49.9566

186.7490, 0.6167,  
-11.1809

104.9890, -2.9526,  
60.5226

198.7970, 1.0861,  
-21.7470

93.6420, -3.2745,  
70.4740

210.1440, 1.4080,  
-31.6983

82.1810, -4.0332,  
80.5253

221.6050, 2.1667,  
-41.7496

■ 70.1330, -4.5026,  
91.0914

■ 228.9570, 4.9512,  
-48.1973

■ 58.7860, -4.8245,  
101.0427

■ 230.3250, 10.1928,  
-49.3970

■ 57.3840, -5.1193,  
102.2722

■ 230.7810, 11.9400,  
-49.7969

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.0430, 4.9088, 12.2403



151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



151.4110, -6.6116, 20.6876

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



147.4700, -9.5987, -1.2892



146.5550, 11.5584, -20.6577

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



163.1070, 0.9332, -19.3878

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.9090, 7.9329, -24.4762



151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



146.0710, -4.4720, -12.3403

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



149.2540, -11.9572, 8.5472



145.3240, 1.8123, -21.3321



149.1370, 12.2575, -11.5211



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



150.6020, -9.6638, 19.6430



145.3240, 1.8123, -21.3321



146.0170, 10.8376, -22.8169

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



217.6420, -0.3165, 8.2070



151.9380, 10.8766, 11.4554



109.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



192.1440, -1.5500, 30.5687



154.9760, -6.8902, 16.6840



80.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330



49.5240, -4.2023, 88.1175



7.5610, -0.7696, 13.5400



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



192.1440, -1.5500, 30.5687



160.0240, 6.8902, -16.6840



80.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330



49.5240, -4.2023, 88.1175



7.5610, -0.7696, 13.5400



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

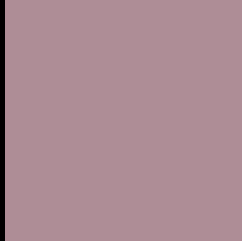
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

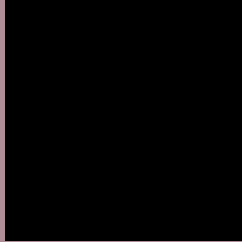
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 151.8930, -0.9332,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878

### Protanopia

150.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297

### Deuteranopia

151.1370, -1.0535, 11.2809



## Tritanopia

152.1210, -0.0597, 19.1879

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878

## Protanomaly

150.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923

## Deuteranomaly

151.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548

## Tritanomaly

152.0070, -0.4965, 19.2879

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878

## Achromatopsia

152.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

151.9300, -0.4585, 7.0774

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 141, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 141, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 141, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 141, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 141, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 141, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 141, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 141, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 141, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 141,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 151.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 141, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
141, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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