

# Converting Colors

YUV(152.3750, -5.6079,  
-21.3769)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(152.3750, -5.6079,  
-21.3769)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80A78D
RGB	128, 167, 141
RGB Percent	50%, 65%, 55%
CMY	0.4980, 0.3451, 0.4471
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.16, 0.35
HSL	140°, 18%, 58%
HSV	140°, 23%, 65%
XYZ	27.5285, 34.1497, 30.3399
YIQ	152.3750, -14.8980, -16.3540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

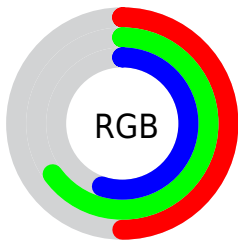
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	128, 157, 167
Decimal	8431501
CIELab	65.08, -18.67, 9.16
CIELCh	65, 20.801, 153.861
Yxy	34.1497, 0.2992, 0.3711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286621581 (0xFF80A78D)
YUV	152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769
Hunter-Lab	58.4378, -18.1793, 10.1240

# Details

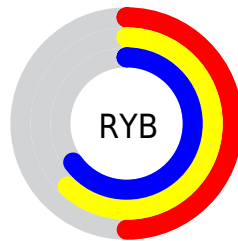
The YUV color **152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **142.6250, 5.6079, 21.3769**, and the grayscale version is **152.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206.6630, -5.7499, -22.5065**, and **101.2010, -5.0291, -20.3473** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **146.0380, -7.9067, -30.7283**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158.7120, -3.3090, -12.0254**.

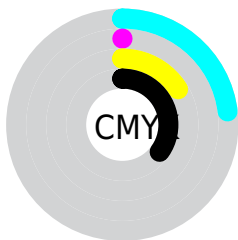
# Distribution



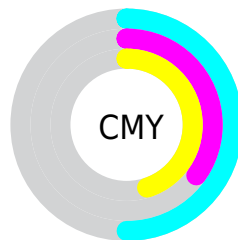
- Red (50%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 152.3750, -5.6079,  
-21.3769

■ 152.3750, -5.6079,  
-21.3769

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 126.3750, -5.6079,  
-21.3769

■ 206.6630, -5.7499,  
-22.5065

■ 101.2010, -5.0291,  
-20.3473

■ 235.2500, -6.0392,  
-23.0212

■ 76.6140, -4.7397,  
-19.8325

■ 249.4610, 0.7587,  
-10.0513

■ 53.7280, -4.3029,  
-19.9325

■ 30.6570, -3.2819,  
-20.7472

■ 14.6750, -7.2348,  
-12.8700

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 152.3750, -5.6079,  
-21.3769

■ 152.3750, -5.6079,  
-21.3769

■ 146.0380, -7.9067,  
-30.7283

■ 158.7120, -3.3090,  
-12.0254

■ 140.0000,  
-10.3530, -39.4650

■ 164.7500, -0.8628,  
-3.2887

■ 133.6630,  
-12.6519, -48.8165

■ 171.0870, 1.4361,  
6.0627

■ 127.2120,  
-15.3875, -58.0679

■ 177.5380, 4.1718,  
15.3142

■ 121.1740,  
-17.8338, -66.8046

■ 183.5760, 6.6180,  
24.0508

■ 114.8370,  
-20.1326, -76.1560

■ 189.9130, 8.9169,  
33.4023

■ 108.5000,  
-22.4315, -85.5075

■ 196.2500, 11.2157,  
42.7537

■ 104.4130,  
-23.8676, -91.5702

■ 200.4940, 14.5465,  
47.8018

■ 201.7480, 19.3512,  
46.7020

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



154.7100, -13.6610, -5.0077



152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769



150.6320, 4.6184, -34.7573

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769



157.1240, 18.6729, -15.8947



159.7390, -10.7173, 30.9239

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769



142.6250, 5.6079, 21.3769

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



161.2040, -2.5656, 29.6391



152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769



159.8060, 14.3926, 3.6781

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769



152.7260, 18.8691, -32.2087



161.2550, 6.7763, 19.9474



158.5010, -16.5160, 24.1166



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769



149.9180, 10.8864, -38.5161



161.2550, 6.7763, 19.9474



160.1350, -7.9546, 31.4536

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769



211.3750, -2.1569, -8.2219



158.6670, -15.1188, -4.0930



106.6250, -1.2941, -4.9331



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769



194.0870, -8.9169, -33.4023



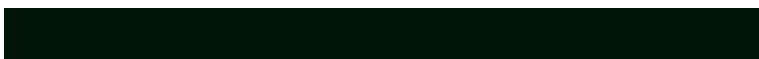
154.5410, 2.6913, -23.2765



81.0380, -1.0047, -4.4183



92.4620, -21.4268, -81.0892



12.5380, -2.7302, -10.9958



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142.6250, 5.6079, 21.3769



178.9130, 8.9169, 33.4023



140.4590, -2.6913, 23.2765



78.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



55.5380, 21.4268, 81.0892



7.5760, 3.1670, 10.8958



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

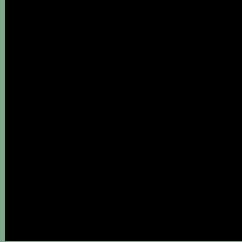
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769.

-21.3769.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769

### Protanopia

156.9980, -10.3520, 7.0178

### Deuteranopia

158.8620, -7.3270, 16.7840



## Tritanopia

155.1100, 9.8058, -18.5135

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769

## Protanomaly

155.6870, -8.7197, -3.2335

## Deuteranomaly

156.3010, -6.5574, 3.2440

## Tritanomaly

154.3180, 4.2802, -19.5729

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769

## Achromatopsia

152.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

151.7880, -1.8675, -7.7071

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 167, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 167, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 167, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 167, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 167, 141) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 167, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 167, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 167, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 167, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 167,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 152.3750, -5.6079, -21.3769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 167, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
167, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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