

# Converting Colors

YUV(152.4490, -75.1574,  
-20.5648)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(152.4490, -75.1574,  
-20.5648)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81C200
RGB	129, 194, 0
RGB Percent	51%, 76%, 0%
CMY	0.4941, 0.2392, 1.0000
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 1.00, 0.24
HSL	80°, 100%, 38%
HSV	80°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	28.3450, 43.2507, 6.8543
YIQ	152.4490, 23.5340, -74.1140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

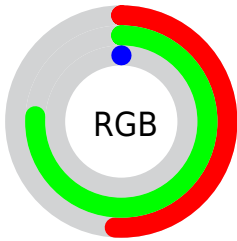
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 194, 65
Decimal	8503808
CIELab	71.72, -44.07, 71.69
CIELCh	72, 84.152, 121.581
Yxy	43.2507, 0.3613, 0.5513
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286693888 (0xFF81C200)
YUV	152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648
Hunter-Lab	65.7653, -38.1551, 39.8563

# Details

The YUV color **152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **41.5510, 75.1574, 20.5648**, and the grayscale version is **153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212.4840, -64.8216, -22.3495**, and **103.4090, -50.9806, -28.4227** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **156.4090, -67.7426, -18.7757**.

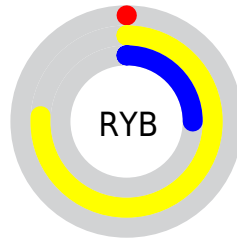
# Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (76%)

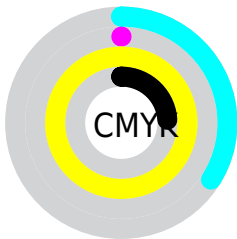
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (25%)

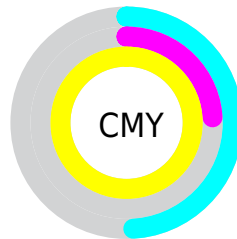


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 152.4490,  
-75.1574, -20.5648

■ 152.4490,  
-75.1574, -20.5648

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 127.9290,  
-63.0690, -24.4937

■ 212.4840,  
-64.8216, -22.3495

■ 103.4090,  
-50.9806, -28.4227

■ 227.1080,  
-57.7342, -8.8647

■ 79.1770, -39.0343,  
-33.4812

■ 239.2700,  
-49.9261, 6.7792

■ 52.2430, -25.7558,  
-45.8171

■ 244.9680,  
-38.4382, 8.7981

■ 38.1550, -18.8104,  
-33.4619

■ 248.1600,  
-26.2079, 5.9987

■ 25.2410, -12.4438,  
-22.1364

■ 251.5800,

■ 7.0440, -3.4727,

-13.1039, 2.9993

-6.1776

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 152.4490,  
-75.1574, -20.5648

■ 156.4090,  
-67.7426, -18.7757

■ 160.7820,  
-60.0385, -16.4718

■ 164.7420,  
-52.6238, -14.6827

■ 169.1150,  
-44.9197, -12.3789

■ 173.0750,  
-37.5050, -10.5898

■ 177.3340,  
-30.2377, -8.1859

■ 181.4080,  
-22.3861, -6.4968

■ 185.6670,  
-15.1188, -4.0930

■ 189.7410, -7.2673,  
-2.4039

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164.0310, -80.8673, 37.6838



152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648



131.5070, -16.5190, -115.3316

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648



147.6440, 52.9265, -129.4838



149.0250, 12.8057, 92.9401

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648



41.5510, 75.1574, 20.5648

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



172.2500, 38.3308, 72.5717



152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648



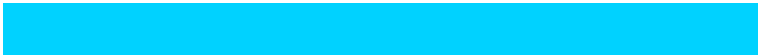
137.0780, 58.1355, -120.2174

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648



152.3400, 50.6114, -133.6022



171.8040, 41.0156, 4.5569



150.4540, -24.8738, 91.6868



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648



139.8970, 5.4738, -122.6897



171.8040, 41.0156, 4.5569



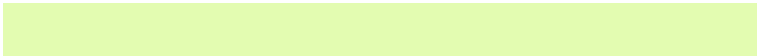
154.3370, 23.0049, 88.2815

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648



235.9750, -29.0747, -7.8711



96.1610, -47.4074, 85.8048



117.9720, -17.7342, -5.2374



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648



198.1560, -97.6909, -26.4468



123.4460, -60.8589, -80.1981



94.9630, -3.9258, -0.8446



126.5000, -62.3645, -17.1015



25.9490, -12.7929, -3.4633



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.5510, 75.1574, 20.5648



54.1430, 97.5435, 27.0616



70.5540, 60.8589, 80.1981



89.0370, 3.9258, 0.8446



34.5000, 62.3645, 17.1015



7.0510, 12.7929, 3.4633



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

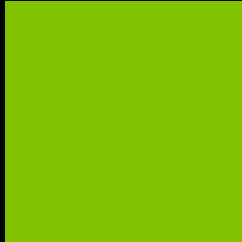
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

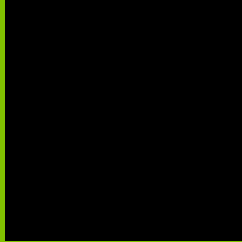
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648.

-20.5648.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

161.6280, -79.6826, 31.0212

### Deuteranopia

167.4400, -64.3069, 46.0951

### Tritanopia

172.4410, 11.1216, -20.5578

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

158.2620, -78.0232, 12.0482

## Deuteranomaly

161.9610, -68.0148, 21.9592

## Tritanomaly

165.1890, -20.3062, -20.3368

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

152.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

152.1430, -27.1855, -7.1414

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 194, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 194, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 194, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 194, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 194, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 194, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 194, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 194, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 194, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 194,  
0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 152.4490, -75.1574, -20.5648 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 194, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
194, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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