

# Converting Colors

YUV(152.5230, 43.1262,  
-112.7147)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(152.5230, 43.1262,  
-112.7147)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	18C9F0
RGB	24, 201, 240
RGB Percent	9%, 79%, 94%
CMY	0.9059, 0.2118, 0.0588
CMYK	0.90, 0.16, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	191°, 88%, 52%
HSV	191°, 90%, 94%
XYZ	36.9915, 48.2587, 89.8033
YIQ	152.5230, -118.0110, -25.3950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

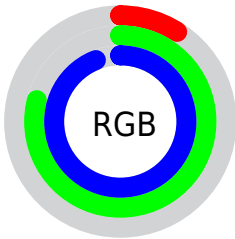
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	24, 121, 240
Decimal	1624560
CIE Lab	74.99, -27.13, -30.68
CIE LCh	75, 40.961, 228.514
Yxy	48.2587, 0.2113, 0.2757
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279814640 (0xFF18C9F0)
YUV	152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147
Hunter-Lab	69.4685, -26.5199, -28.0174

# Details

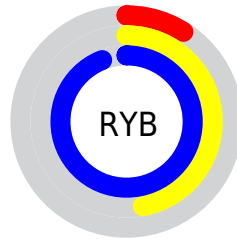
The YUV color **152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **111.4770, -43.1262, 112.7147**, and the grayscale version is **152.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213.4390, 20.4896, -85.4540**, and **107.2650, 37.8304, -94.0714** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142.9990, 47.8215, -125.4101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162.0470, 38.4308, -100.0192**.

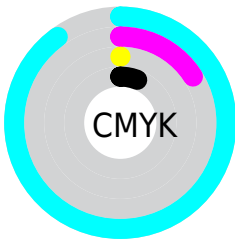
# Distribution



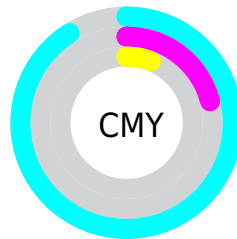
- Red (9%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



152.5230, 43.1262,  
-112.7147

152.5230, 43.1262,  
-112.7147

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

125.7190, 42.5365,  
-110.2556

213.4390, 20.4896,  
-85.4540

107.2650, 37.8304,  
-94.0714

223.6050, 15.4777,  
-64.5516

88.9250, 33.5610,  
-77.9872

233.1730, 10.7607,  
-44.8787

71.2860, 29.4390,  
-62.5178

242.7410, 6.0437,  
-25.2059

54.2340, 25.0276,  
-47.5632

252.0100, 1.4741,  
-6.1478

37.9970, 21.2005,  
-33.3234

23.6350, 16.9419,

-20.7279

■ 5.2780, 15.1459,  
-4.6288

■ 1.3680, 5.2416,  
-1.1997

■ 152.5230, 43.1262,  
-112.7147

■ 152.5230, 43.1262,  
-112.7147

■ 142.9990, 47.8215,  
-125.4101

■ 162.0470, 38.4308,  
-100.0192

■ 172.1580, 33.4461,  
-87.8386

■ 181.6820, 28.7508,  
-75.1431

■ 191.2060, 24.0554,  
-62.4477

■ 201.3170, 19.0707,  
-50.2670

■ 210.8410, 14.3754,  
-37.5716

■ 220.3650, 9.6801,  
-24.8761

■ 230.4760, 4.6953,  
-12.6955

■ 240.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.6040, 26.8172, -108.4007



152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147



173.1580, 40.3481, -61.5286

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147



189.5240, 5.6577, 52.1605



179.9120, -33.4806, 5.3392

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147



111.4770, -43.1262, 112.7147

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182.9310, -35.4620, 34.2635



152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147



186.3990, -11.5357, 60.1631

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147



189.4140, 22.4739, 25.0699



185.2400, -27.2333, 55.0405



174.7320, -20.5739, -27.8290



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147



181.6180, 36.1773, -30.3600



185.2400, -27.2333, 55.0405



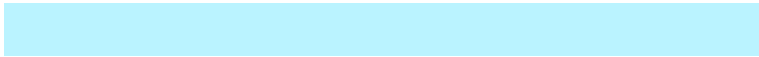
181.1090, -35.5497, 15.6904

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147



227.3250, 13.6438, -36.2420



154.8960, -46.7837, -114.7958



111.0450, 8.3588, -21.0875



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

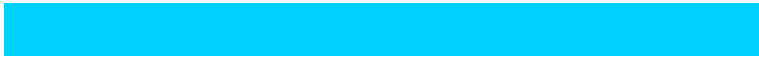


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147



151.7530, 50.9008, -133.0874



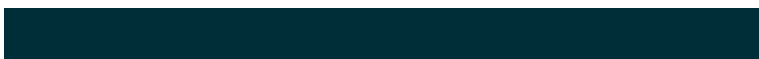
90.8880, 73.5122, -58.6608



115.2380, 2.3477, -6.3477



109.0260, 36.9622, -95.6158



33.3860, 11.1487, -29.2795



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108.7620, 45.4733, 115.0957



100.0710, 53.7020, 135.8727



173.1120, -73.5122, 58.6608



112.7280, 2.5991, 6.3775



72.1160, 38.3968, 98.1223

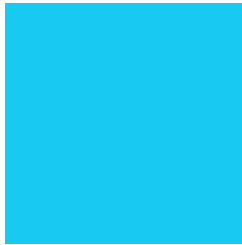


21.9880, 11.8379, 29.8285



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

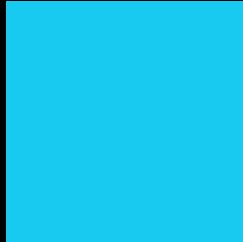
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

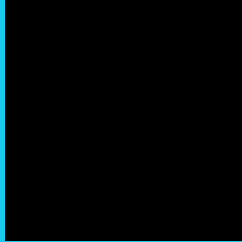
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147

### Protanopia

183.7380, 20.8352, -9.4172

### Deuteranopia

183.5230, 30.3082, -14.4907



## Tritanopia

144.8280, 37.0598, -127.0142

# Trichromacy



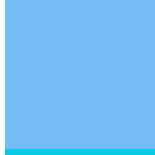
## Original Color

152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147



## Protanomaly

172.2710, 28.9534, -46.7187



## Deuteranomaly

172.4430, 34.7846, -50.3775



## Tritanomaly

147.7300, 39.0801, -121.6662

# Monochromacy



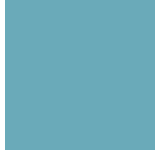
## Original Color

152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147



## Achromatopsia

153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

152.5740, 15.9860, -40.8454

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 201, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 201, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 201, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 201, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 201, 240) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 201, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 201, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 201, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 201, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 201,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 152.5230, 43.1262, -112.7147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 201, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 201,  
240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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