

Converting Colors

YUV(152.9020, -38.4057,
-1.6681)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(152.9020, -38.4057,
-1.6681)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97A94B
RGB	151, 169, 75
RGB Percent	59%, 66%, 29%
CMY	0.4078, 0.3373, 0.7059
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.56, 0.34
HSL	71°, 39%, 48%
HSV	71°, 56%, 66%
XYZ	28.2205, 35.4632, 12.0143
YIQ	152.9020, 19.4460, -33.0500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

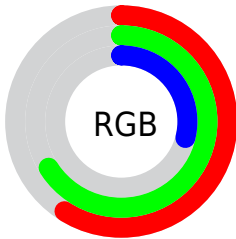
Format	Color
RYB	75, 169, 93
Decimal	9939275
CIELab	66.11, -20.35, 45.64
CIELCh	66, 49.969, 114.031
Yxy	35.4632, 0.3728, 0.4685
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288129355 (0xFF97A94B)
YUV	152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681
Hunter-Lab	59.5510, -19.6254, 29.7241

Details

The YUV color **152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **91.0980, 38.4057, 1.6681**, and the grayscale version is **153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207.8590, -39.8635, -0.7533**, and **100.6030, -38.2583, -2.2828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **150.0670, -45.3890, -1.8128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155.7370, -31.4223, -1.5233**.

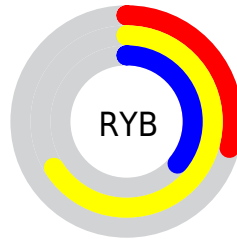
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (66%)

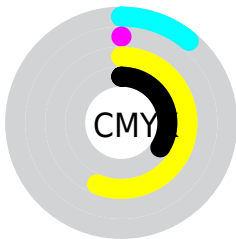
Blue (29%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (36%)

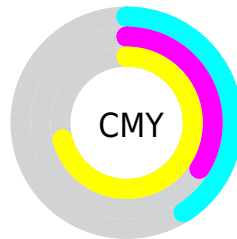


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 152.9020,
-38.4057, -1.6681

■ 152.9020,
-38.4057, -1.6681

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 126.7170,
-37.8215, -2.3828

■ 207.8590,
-39.8635, -0.7533

■ 100.6030,
-38.2583, -2.2828

■ 236.6310,
-40.7371, -0.5534

■ 75.5320, -37.2373,
-3.0976

■ 246.5640,
-32.3231, 7.3984

■ 54.8550, -27.0435,
-6.0118

■ 249.7560,
-20.0927, 4.5990

■ 33.5800, -16.5549,
-10.1557

■ 253.0620, -7.4256,
1.6996

■ 15.8490, -7.8136,
-13.8996

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 152.9020,
-38.4057, -1.6681

■ 152.9020,
-38.4057, -1.6681

■ 150.0670,
-45.3890, -1.8128

■ 155.7370,
-31.4223, -1.5233

■ 147.2320,
-52.3724, -1.9575

■ 158.5720,
-24.4390, -1.3786

■ 144.0980,
-59.2083, -2.7169

■ 161.7060,
-17.6031, -0.6192

■ 141.2630,
-66.1917, -2.8617

■ 164.5410,
-10.6197, -0.4745

■ 140.1660,
-69.1018, -2.7766

■ 167.2620, -4.0732,
-0.2298

■ 170.0970, 2.9102,
-0.0851

■ 173.2310, 9.7461,
0.6744

■ 176.0660, 16.7295,
0.8191

■ 178.9010, 23.7128,
0.9638

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



157.1560, -43.4609, 33.1892



152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681



145.2740, -19.3621, -43.2133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681



130.9340, 49.8255, -114.8291



163.2700, 4.3039, 66.4152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681



91.0980, 38.4057, 1.6681

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165.5340, 23.8937, 36.3657



152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681



140.2720, 54.0959, -84.4305

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681



129.7650, 32.6539, -113.8039



161.4770, 40.1908, -10.9423



160.8090, -16.6678, 72.9585

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681



133.1730, 0.4077, -84.3437



161.4770, 40.1908, -10.9423



164.3490, 11.1669, 58.4529

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681



212.6890, -15.1297, -0.6043



113.0850, -18.7759, 49.0375



105.9970, -8.8725, -0.8744



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681



193.8700, -60.0819, -2.5170



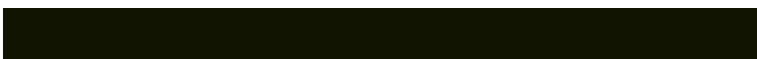
139.1480, -31.6250, -29.9478



82.7890, -3.3470, 0.1850



122.7560, -60.5187, -2.4170



16.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.0980, 38.4057, 1.6681



97.4290, 59.9345, 3.1318



104.8520, 31.6250, 29.9478



77.2110, 3.3470, -0.1850



25.2440, 60.5187, 2.4170



3.4760, 8.1463, 0.4595

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

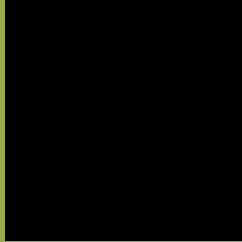
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681.

-1.6681.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681

Protanopia

155.9370, -41.3809, 19.3493

Deuteranopia

157.7200, -38.8090, 34.4486



Tritanopia

161.2650, 4.7994, 0.6446

Trichromacy



Original Color

152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681

Protanomaly

154.8220, -40.3382, 11.5571

Deuteranomaly

156.0450, -38.4762, 21.0085

Tritanomaly

158.4270, -11.0565, -0.3745

Monochromacy



Original Color

152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681

Achromatopsia

153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

153.0310, -13.8193, -0.9042

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 169, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 169, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 169, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 169, 75) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 169, 75) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 169, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 169, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 169, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 169, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 169,  
75) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 152.9020, -38.4057, -1.6681 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 169, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
169, 75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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