

# Converting Colors

YUV(153.4320, -48.5270,  
71.5351)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(153.4320, -48.5270,  
71.5351)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EB8337
RGB	235, 131, 55
RGB Percent	92%, 51%, 22%
CMY	0.0784, 0.4863, 0.7843
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.77, 0.08
HSL	25°, 82%, 57%
HSV	25°, 77%, 92%
XYZ	43.0668, 34.1706, 7.9401
YIQ	153.4320, 86.3800, -1.5880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

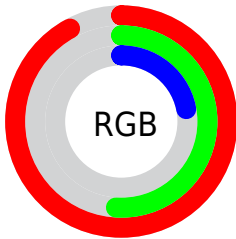
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	235, 187, 55
Decimal	15434551
CIE Lab	65.10, 34.48, 56.27
CIE LCh	65, 65.989, 58.503
Yxy	34.1706, 0.5056, 0.4012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293624631 (0xFFEB8337)
YUV	153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351
Hunter-Lab	58.4556, 29.2115, 32.8655

# Details

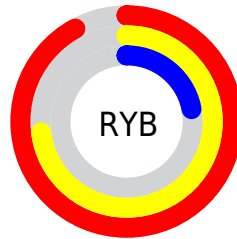
The YUV color **153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9933**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **136.5680, 48.5270, -71.5351**, and the grayscale version is **154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197.0380, -44.3887, 50.8327**, and **98.6870, -48.6527, 65.1725** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142.4780, -54.9587, 81.1418**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164.2720, -42.5321, 62.0285**.

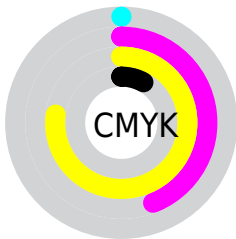
# Distribution



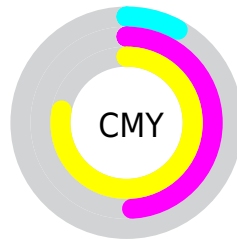
- Red (92%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



153.4320,  
-48.5270, 71.5351

153.4320,  
-48.5270, 71.5351

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

125.8230,  
-48.2267, 68.5612

197.0380,  
-44.3887, 50.8327

98.6870, -48.6527,  
65.1725

216.4380,  
-41.1349, 33.8189

75.0420, -36.9957,  
59.5992

236.5390,  
-37.7337, 16.1903

51.9840, -25.6281,  
53.5110

247.3620,  
-29.2655, 6.6985

26.8770, -13.2504,  
50.0969

250.5540,  
-17.0351, 3.8991

16.7440, -8.2548,  
34.4275

253.8600, -4.3680,

7.8880, -3.3958,

0.9998

15.8842

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 153.4320,  
-48.5270, 71.5351

■ 153.4320,  
-48.5270, 71.5351

■ 142.4780,  
-54.9587, 81.1418

■ 164.2720,  
-42.5321, 62.0285

■ 132.2250,  
-61.2429, 90.1337

■ 174.6390,  
-35.8110, 52.9366

■ 128.3780,  
-63.2904, 93.5075

■ 185.4790,  
-29.8161, 43.4299

■ 195.8460,  
-23.0951, 34.3381

■ 206.6860,  
-17.1002, 24.8314

■ 217.0530,  
-10.3791, 15.7395

■ 227.8930, -4.3842,  
6.2328

■ 238.8470, 2.0474,  
-3.3738

■ 247.8460, 3.5269,  
-11.2659

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151.6110, -22.9792, 90.6722



153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351



149.3740, -64.2744, 35.6290

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351



126.0370, 13.2928, -110.5344



159.0460, 47.3053, -6.1793

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351



136.5680, 48.5270, -71.5351

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126.5120, 63.3446, -110.9510



153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351



132.8770, 39.5006, -116.5331

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351



127.3140, -16.9168, -80.9594



134.1430, 59.5825, -117.6434



161.4470, 29.3596, 56.6130



# Rectangle

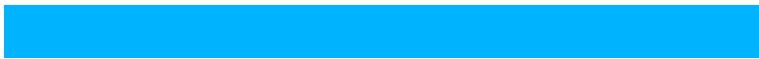
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351



146.3810, -58.3618, 5.8049



134.1430, 59.5825, -117.6434



152.0810, 50.7391, -34.2740

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351



228.3160, -15.9318, 23.4019



120.7900, 19.3305, 100.1622



111.5690, -9.6475, 14.4100



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351



148.3780, -63.2904, 93.5075



205.6750, -74.2828, 25.7180



112.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886



98.7310, -48.6744, 72.1499



29.6470, -14.6160, 21.3576

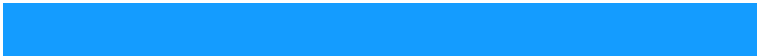


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136.5680, 48.5270, -71.5351



126.6220, 63.2904, -93.5075



84.3250, 74.2828, -25.7180



110.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



82.2690, 48.6744, -72.1499



24.3530, 14.6160, -21.3576



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 153.4320, -48.5270,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351

### Protanopia

153.4380, -44.5859, 20.6639

### Deuteranopia

153.1370, -51.3395, 40.2219



## Tritanopia

158.7100, -13.1680, 70.4143

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351

## Protanomaly

153.5050, -46.0980, 39.0221

## Deuteranomaly

153.1430, -50.3565, 51.6176

## Tritanomaly

156.9800, -26.1191, 71.0545

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351

## Achromatopsia

153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

153.1700, -17.8318, 26.1609

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 131, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 131, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 131, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 131, 55) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 131, 55) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 131, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 131, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 131, 55); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 131, 55); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 131, 55) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 153.4320, -48.5270, 71.5351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 131, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
131, 55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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