

Converting Colors

YUV(153.6540, 48.4846,
-11.0976)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(153.6540, 48.4846,
-11.0976)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D8DFC
RGB	141, 141, 252
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 99%
CMY	0.4471, 0.4471, 0.0118
CMYK	0.44, 0.44, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	240°, 95%, 77%
HSV	240°, 44%, 99%
XYZ	38.0801, 31.7407, 96.2150
YIQ	153.6540, -35.6310, 34.5210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

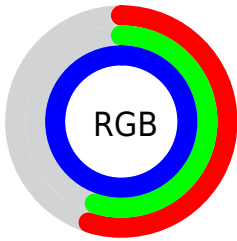
Format	Color
RYB	141, 141, 252
Decimal	9276924
CIELab	63.13, 27.53, -55.49
CIElCh	63, 61.948, 296.387
Yxy	31.7407, 0.2293, 0.1912
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287467004 (0xFF8D8DFC)
YUV	153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976
Hunter-Lab	56.3389, 22.0569, -61.8176

Details

The YUV color **153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **239.3460, -48.4846, 11.0976**, and the grayscale version is **153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203.0360, 25.6183, -3.5396**, and **100.4640, 46.6062, -15.3159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131.5040, 59.4045, -13.5970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **175.8040, 37.5646, -8.5981**.

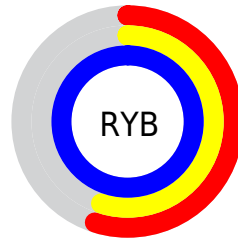
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (55%)

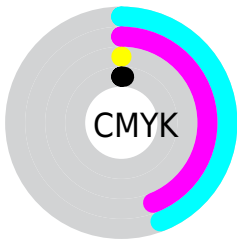
Blue (99%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (99%)

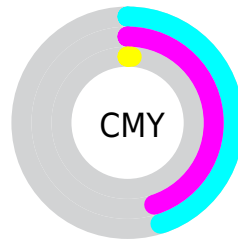


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 153.6540, 48.4846,
-11.0976

■ 153.6540, 48.4846,
-11.0976

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 126.4150, 47.6164,
-12.6420

■ 203.0360, 25.6183,
-3.5396

■ 100.4640, 46.6062,
-15.3159

■ 227.8550, 13.3825,
1.0042

■ 74.5020, 45.6015,
-19.7343

■ 252.6520, 1.1576,
2.0592

■ 43.8590, 47.3975,
-35.8333

■ 27.6710, 42.5602,
-24.2675

■ 11.3200, 38.2962,
-9.9276

■ 11.4050, 25.9293,

-10.0022

■ 6.4350, 17.0405,
-5.6435

■ 2.8670, 8.4466,
-2.5144

■ 153.6540, 48.4846,
-11.0976

■ 153.6540, 48.4846,
-11.0976

■ 131.5040, 59.4045,
-13.5970

■ 175.8040, 37.5646,
-8.5981

■ 109.3540, 70.3245,
-16.0965

■ 197.9540, 26.6447,
-6.0987

■ 86.3180, 81.6812,
-18.6959

■ 220.9900, 15.2879,
-3.4992

■ 64.1680, 92.6012,
-21.1953

■ 243.1400, 4.3680,
-0.9998

■ 42.0180, 103.5211, 254.6580, -1.3104,
-23.6948 0.2999

■ 28.7280, 110.0731,
-25.1945

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



123.5770, 64.7915, -108.3770



153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976



156.8760, 28.6551, 49.2207

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976



148.9740, -43.8642, 69.3058



121.4890, 11.0979, -106.5459

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976



239.3460, -48.4846, 11.0976

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.4300, -19.4390, -65.2751



153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976



146.0950, -57.7278, 35.8737

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976



149.4690, -20.9372, 89.0427



140.9370, -48.2829, -6.9607



127.8730, 35.5586, -112.1446

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976



153.3280, 13.1493, 76.0113



140.9370, -48.2829, -6.9607



118.1490, 3.3775, -103.6167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976



225.7620, 14.4143, -3.2993



218.8110, 16.3622, -68.2402



109.3940, 9.1728, -2.0995



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976



135.3900, 58.9677, -13.4970



170.3980, 40.2298, 23.3300



113.4820, 5.6784, -1.2997



21.5460, 82.5548, -18.8958



6.9540, 26.6447, -6.0987

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186.8430, 32.1224, 57.1427



175.7550, 39.0678, 69.4979



222.9010, -40.3772, -22.7152



117.3690, 3.7621, 6.6924



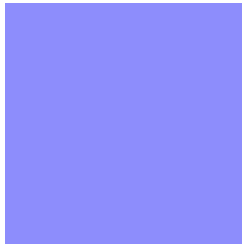
78.0570, 54.6949, 97.2970



25.1930, 17.6529, 31.4027

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

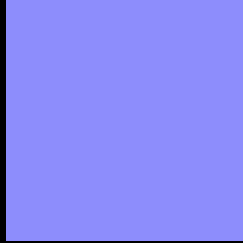
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

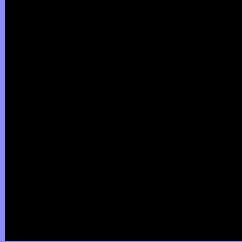
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976.

-11.0976.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976

Protanopia

148.8250, 52.3443, -35.8035

Deuteranopia

145.7050, 50.9244, -47.0993



Tritanopia

148.8210, 11.4272, -25.2760

Trichromacy



Original Color

153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976

Protanomaly

150.5380, 51.0068, -26.7818

Deuteranomaly

148.8530, 49.8655, -34.0741

Tritanomaly

150.4100, 24.9409, -19.6536

Monochromacy



Original Color

153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976

Achromatopsia

154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

153.6740, 17.9087, -4.0991

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 141, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 141, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 141, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 141, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 141, 252) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 141, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 141, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 141, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 141, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 141,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 153.6540, 48.4846, -11.0976 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 141, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
141, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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