

# Converting Colors

YUV(153.7350, -0.8554,  
87.9324)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(153.7350, -0.8554,  
87.9324)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE6798
RGB	254, 103, 152
RGB Percent	100%, 40%, 60%
CMY	0.0039, 0.5961, 0.4039
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	341°, 99%, 70%
HSV	341°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	51.3908, 33.0383, 33.3742
YIQ	153.7350, 74.2670, 47.2510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

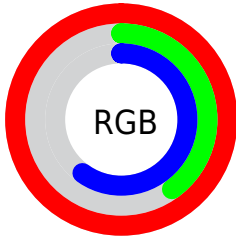
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 103, 152
Decimal	16672664
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.19, 61.68, 3.41
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 61.775, 3.167
Yxy	33.0383, 0.4362, 0.2805
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294862744 (0xFFFE6798)
YUV	153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324
Hunter-Lab	57.4790, 59.0051, 5.8095

# Details

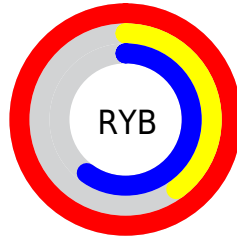
The YUV color  $153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FF6699}$ . A complement of this color would be  $203.2650, 0.8554, -87.9324$ , and the grayscale version is  $154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $193.6490, 6.0890, 53.8048$ , and  $94.4620, 3.2232, 86.4178$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $137.1220, -1.0461, 102.5020$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $170.3480, -0.6646, 73.3628$ .

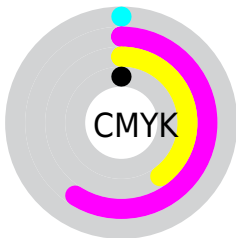
# Distribution



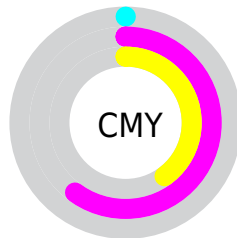
- Red (100%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 153.7350, -0.8554,  
87.9324

 153.7350, -0.8554,  
87.9324


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 124.4790, 0.7499,  
86.4029

 193.6490, 6.0890,  
53.8048

 94.4620, 3.2232,  
86.4178


 213.8640, 9.9270,  
36.0763


 57.6290, 10.0429,  
92.4104

 233.2810, 10.7075,  
19.0476

 46.0370, 4.4188,  
76.2666

 250.3040, 2.3151,  
4.1184

 34.9720, -0.4792,  
60.5376

 23.9780, -6.3982,  
45.6233

 14.5800, -6.2019,

29.3093

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 153.7350, -0.8554,  
87.9324

■ 153.7350, -0.8554,  
87.9324

■ 137.1220, -1.0461,  
102.5020

■ 170.3480, -0.6646,  
73.3628

■ 119.9220, -0.9475,  
117.5864

■ 187.5480, -0.7632,  
58.2784

■ 103.3090, -1.1383,  
132.1560

■ 204.1610, -0.5724,  
43.7088

■ 85.9950, -1.4765,  
147.3404

■ 221.4750, -0.2342,  
28.5244

■ 85.2940, -1.6239,  
147.9552

■ 238.0880, -0.0434,  
13.9548

254.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158.8620, 23.2390, 59.7570



153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324



152.5520, -26.8941, 86.3389

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324



142.5380, -43.1562, -18.0118



130.9800, 60.1559, -114.8695

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324



203.2650, 0.8554, -87.9324

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.7570, 41.5318, -114.6739



153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324



121.0120, -8.8799, -92.0955

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324



148.1540, -57.2639, 27.0519



125.0740, 17.2185, -109.6899



122.9900, 65.0809, -107.8622



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324



152.2670, -41.5436, 71.6798



125.0740, 17.2185, -109.6899



131.6010, 54.9197, -115.4141

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324



224.4640, -0.2288, 26.7801



150.4130, 51.0684, 46.9958



108.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324



134.8450, -0.9096, 105.3759



162.8240, -29.4932, 79.9614



119.3430, -0.1691, 7.5922



64.1770, -1.0733, 111.2238



21.5300, -0.2613, 37.2462



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324



134.8450, -0.9096, 105.3759



194.1760, 29.4932, -79.9614



119.3430, -0.1691, 7.5922



64.1770, -1.0733, 111.2238



21.5300, -0.2613, 37.2462



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

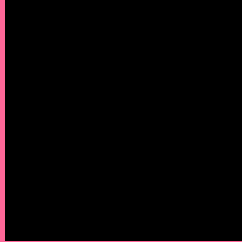
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 153.7350, -0.8554,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324

### Protanopia

156.9960, 12.8200, -5.2585

### Deuteranopia

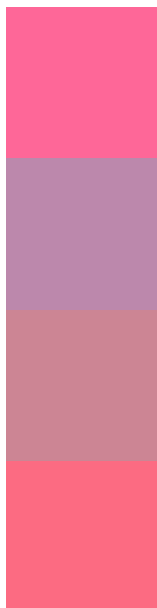
156.9050, -5.8692, 15.8693



**Tritanopia**

152.9570, -17.7268, 85.9837

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324

## Protanomaly

155.6520, 8.0596, 28.3692

## Deuteranomaly

155.9390, -3.9139, 42.1495

## Tritanomaly

152.9770, -11.3277, 86.8432

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324

## Achromatopsia

154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

153.4970, -0.2450, 32.0131

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 103, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 103, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 103, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 103, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 103, 152) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 103, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 103, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 103, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 103, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 103,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 153.7350, -0.8554, 87.9324 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 103, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
103, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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