

Converting Colors

YUV(154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(154.0300, 7.8732,
-5.2883)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	949AAA
RGB	148, 154, 170
RGB Percent	58%, 60%, 67%
CMY	0.4196, 0.3961, 0.3333
CMYK	0.13, 0.09, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	224°, 11%, 62%
HSV	224°, 13%, 67%
XYZ	31.0240, 32.3094, 42.6314
YIQ	154.0300, -8.7120, 3.7040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

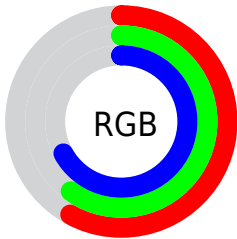
Format	Color
RYB	148, 153, 170
Decimal	9738922
CIELab	63.60, 1.17, -9.08
CIElCh	64, 9.152, 277.338
Yxy	32.3094, 0.2928, 0.3049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287929002 (0xFF949AAA)
YUV	154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883
Hunter-Lab	56.8413, -2.0469, -4.6790

Details

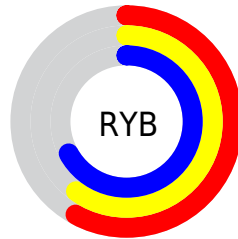
The YUV color **154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **163.9700, -7.8732, 5.2883**, and the grayscale version is **154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **208.1440, 8.3100, -5.3883**, and **102.9160, 7.4364, -5.1883** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **141.9030, 13.8518, -9.5619**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147**.

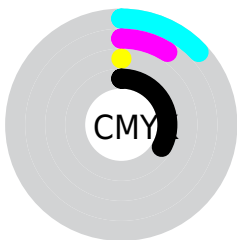
Distribution



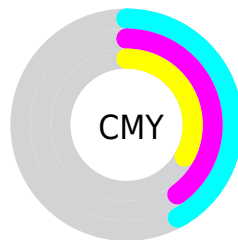
- Red (58%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 154.0300, 7.8732,
-5.2883

■ 154.0300, 7.8732,
-5.2883

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 128.0300, 7.8732,
-5.2883

■ 208.1440, 8.3100,
-5.3883

■ 102.9160, 7.4364,
-5.1883

■ 236.8450, 8.4574,
-6.0031

■ 78.8020, 6.9996,
-5.0884

■ 56.1010, 6.8522,
-4.4736

■ 34.5740, 6.1260,
-4.8884

■ 12.5030, 7.1470,
-5.7031

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 154.0300, 7.8732,
-5.2883

■ 154.0300, 7.8732,
-5.2883

■ 141.9030, 13.8518,
-9.5619

■ 166.1570, 1.8946,
-1.0147

■ 129.1890, 20.1198,
-13.3208

■ 178.8710, -4.3734,
2.7441

■ 117.0620, 26.0984,
-17.5944

■ 190.9980,
-10.3520, 7.0178

■ 104.9350, 32.0770,
-21.8680

■ 203.1250,
-16.3306, 11.2914

■ 92.2210, 38.3450,
-25.6268

■ 215.8390,
-22.5986, 15.0502

■ 80.0940, 44.3237,
-29.9004

■ 227.9660,
-28.5772, 19.3238

■ 67.3800, 50.5917,
-33.6593

■ 237.0920,
-33.0764, 15.7053

■ 55.2530, 56.5703,
-37.9329

■ 244.1360,
-36.5490, 9.5277

■ 46.3820, 60.9437,
-40.6770

■ 245.3100,
-37.1278, 8.4981

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.9860, 7.8949, -12.2657



154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883



154.9170, 5.9569, 2.7038

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883



155.0080, -5.4269, 14.0250



151.6630, -2.2989, -9.3515

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883



163.9700, -7.8732, 5.2883

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152.7840, -5.8095, -3.3186



154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883



154.4160, -7.6001, 11.0362

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883



155.9200, -1.9326, 13.2252



153.6710, -7.7258, 4.6735



151.4820, 2.2274, -14.4547

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883



155.6680, 3.6147, 7.3072



153.6710, -7.7258, 4.6735



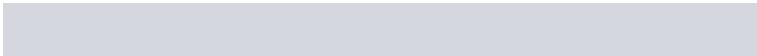
152.0330, -3.4673, -7.9219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883



215.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294



162.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252



108.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883



195.9740, 12.8308, -8.7472



152.0030, 8.8725, 0.8744



78.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294



40.3520, 53.0705, -35.3887



5.8020, 6.9996, -5.0884

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155.2620, -0.6222, 12.9252



197.9040, -0.9387, 21.1322



165.9970, -8.8725, -0.8744



78.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



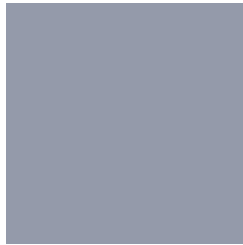
48.8120, -4.3443, 86.9879



6.6640, -0.3274, 11.6957

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

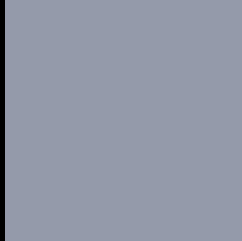
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

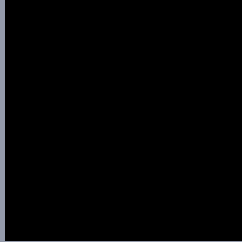
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

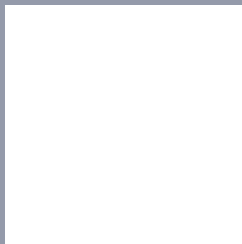
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883.

-5.2883.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883

Protanopia

154.5250, 7.1362, -2.2144

Deuteranopia

155.6830, 7.5513, 4.6630



Tritanopia

153.9760, 6.4208, -6.1180

Trichromacy



Original Color

154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883

Protanomaly

154.2260, 7.2836, -2.8292

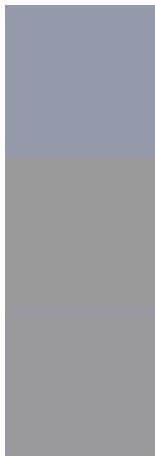
Deuteranomaly

154.7750, 7.9989, 1.0743

Tritanomaly

154.0900, 6.8576, -6.2179

Monochromacy



Original Color

154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883

Achromatopsia

154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

154.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 154, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 154, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 154, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 154, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 154, 170) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 154, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 154, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 154, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 154, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 154,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 154.0300, 7.8732, -5.2883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 154, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
154, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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