

# Converting Colors

YUV(154.2080, 37.3655,  
-131.7324)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324)  
contains.

<b>YUV(154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(154.2080, 37.3655,  
-131.7324)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	04D8E6
RGB	4, 216, 230
RGB Percent	2%, 85%, 90%
CMY	0.9843, 0.1529, 0.0980
CMYK	0.98, 0.06, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	184°, 97%, 46%
HSV	184°, 98%, 90%
XYZ	38.8889, 54.8507, 83.4005
YIQ	154.2080, -130.8460, -40.5900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

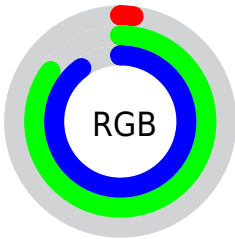
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	4, 113, 230
Decimal	317670
CIE Lab	78.96, -38.10, -19.28
CIE LCh	79, 42.696, 206.838
Yxy	54.8507, 0.2195, 0.3096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278507750 (0xFF04D8E6)
YUV	154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324
Hunter-Lab	74.0613, -35.8786, -14.9237

# Details

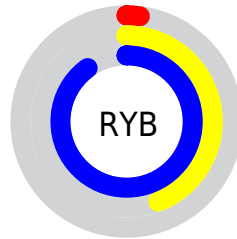
The YUV color **154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **79.7920, -37.3655, 131.7324**, and the grayscale version is **154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212.5420, 20.9318, -87.2983**, and **114.3430, 29.4109, -100.2788** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153.0120, 37.9551, -134.1915**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161.6720, 33.6857, -118.1073**.

# Distribution



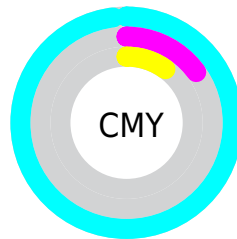
- Red (2%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



154.2080, 37.3655,  
-131.7324

154.2080, 37.3655,  
-131.7324

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

133.3840, 33.8277,  
-116.9778

212.5420, 20.9318,  
-87.2983

114.3430, 29.4109,  
-100.2788

222.7080, 15.9200,  
-66.3959

95.5300, 25.8677,  
-83.7798

232.2760, 11.2029,  
-46.7231

77.3040, 22.0351,  
-67.7956

241.8440, 6.4859,  
-27.0502

59.7790, 18.3500,  
-52.4262

251.4120, 1.7689,  
-7.3773

42.9550, 14.8122,  
-37.6715

28.7070, 10.9904,

-25.1760

■ 4.5940, 12.5252,  
-4.0289

■ 0.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 154.2080, 37.3655,  
-131.7324

■ 154.2080, 37.3655,  
-131.7324

■ 153.0120, 37.9551,  
-134.1915

■ 161.6720, 33.6857,  
-118.1073

■ 169.7230, 29.7166,  
-104.9971

■ 177.1870, 26.0368,  
-91.3720

■ 185.2380, 22.0677,  
-78.2617

■ 192.7020, 18.3879,  
-64.6367

■ 200.7530, 14.4188,  
-51.5264

■ 208.2170, 10.7390,  
-37.9013

■ 215.6810, 7.0593,  
-24.2762

■ 223.7320, 3.0901,  
-11.1660

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173.2690, 8.2484, -79.1659



154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324



168.4750, 42.6568, -102.1486

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324



201.1550, 18.6576, 35.8211



193.2030, -38.0611, 27.8860

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324



79.7920, -37.3655, 131.7324

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195.5510, -32.3166, 52.1368



154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324



196.0140, 2.4581, 51.7307

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324



196.8450, 28.6704, -2.4951



192.7420, -15.1558, 54.6003



189.0850, -32.5799, -3.5825



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324



180.8000, 36.5806, -66.4766



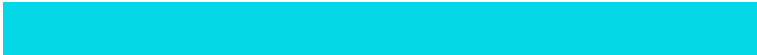
192.7420, -15.1558, 54.6003



194.0840, -37.5094, 37.6373

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324



229.9390, 12.3551, -42.9195



137.9160, -60.5976, -117.4443



112.7840, 7.5015, -26.1206



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324



169.3630, 42.2190, -148.5314



89.6380, 69.1985, -75.1045



110.8250, 2.0583, -6.8625



118.4350, 29.8585, -103.8675



33.9900, 8.3859, -29.8092



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.7420, 59.2872, 117.7443



103.4910, 66.8059, 132.8734



144.3620, -69.1985, 75.1045



107.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776



72.5590, 46.5594, 93.3488

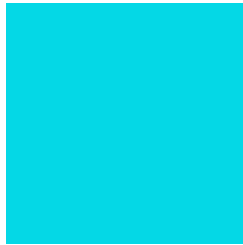


20.7210, 13.4485, 26.5547



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

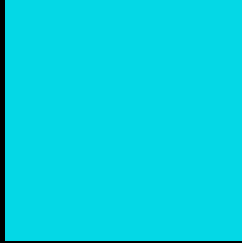
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324.



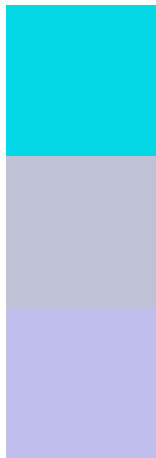
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324

### Protanopia

194.9100, 9.9044, -3.4291

### Deuteranopia

195.8420, 19.7979, -3.3694



## Tritanopia

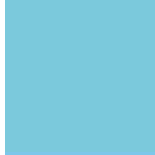
159.3340, 36.3173, -122.1959

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324



## Protanomaly

179.8440, 19.7969, -49.8522



## Deuteranomaly

180.5650, 26.3435, -49.6075



## Tritanomaly

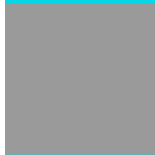
157.4260, 36.7650, -125.7846

# Monochromacy



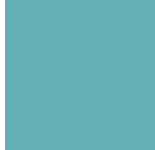
## Original Color

154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324



## Achromatopsia

154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

154.2480, 13.6817, -48.4525

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 216, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 216, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 216, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 216, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 216, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 216, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 216, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 216, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 216, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 216,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 154.2080, 37.3655, -131.7324 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 216, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 216,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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