

# Converting Colors

YUV(154.2100, -32.6415,  
-77.3602)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(154.2100, -32.6415,  
-77.3602)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	42D458
RGB	66, 212, 88
RGB Percent	26%, 83%, 35%
CMY	0.7412, 0.1686, 0.6549
CMYK	0.69, 0.00, 0.58, 0.17
HSL	129°, 63%, 55%
HSV	129°, 69%, 83%
XYZ	27.5517, 48.9498, 17.2287
YIQ	154.2100, -47.2120, -69.5160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

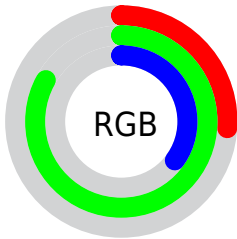
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">66, 193, 212</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4379736</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.42, -63.14, 49.45</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 80.201, 141.937</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.9498, 0.2939, 0.5222</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282569816</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF42D458</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.9641, -52.1444, 34.3747</a>

# Details

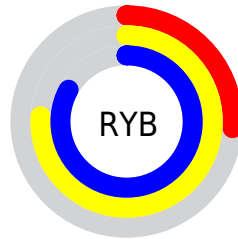
The YUV color **154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. The color can be described as dark muted green. A complement of this color would be **123.7900, 32.6415, 77.3602**, and the grayscale version is **155.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205.2270, -31.6639, -64.2201**, and **95.4480, -30.2939, -83.7079** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145.8790, -37.4083, -88.4709**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162.5410, -27.8747, -66.2495**.

# Distribution



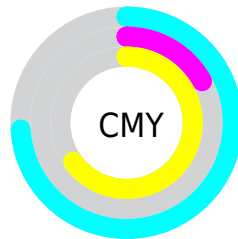
- Red (26%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 154.2100,  
-32.6415, -77.3602

■ 154.2100,  
-32.6415, -77.3602

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 119.5610,  
-28.3776, -91.7000

■ 205.2270,  
-31.6639, -64.2201

■ 95.4480, -30.2939,  
-83.7079

■ 217.3890,  
-23.8558, -48.5762

■ 75.7230, -37.3314,  
-66.4091

■ 229.5510,  
-16.0476, -32.9322

■ 60.4610, -29.8073,  
-53.0243

■ 242.0120, -8.3869,  
-16.6735

■ 45.1990, -22.2831,  
-39.6395

254.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 31.6980, -15.6271,  
-27.7991

■ 15.8490, -7.8136,

-13.8996

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 154.2100,  
-32.6415, -77.3602

■ 154.2100,  
-32.6415, -77.3602

■ 145.8790,  
-37.4083, -88.4709

■ 162.5410,  
-27.8747, -66.2495

■ 137.5480,  
-42.1752, -99.5816

■ 170.8720,  
-23.1079, -55.1387

■ 128.9180,  
-46.7946, -111.3071

■ 179.5020,  
-18.4885, -43.4133

■ 128.0920,  
-47.3734, -112.3367

■ 187.8330,  
-13.7217, -32.3025

■ 196.1640, -8.9549,  
-21.1918

■ 204.4950, -4.1880,  
-10.0811

■ 212.8260, 0.5788,  
1.0296

■ 221.4560, 5.1982,  
12.7551

■ 229.1890, 10.2598,  
22.6362

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168.1250, -76.9696, 0.7674



154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602



147.1350, 7.8214, -129.0374

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602



146.4700, 53.5053, -128.4542



159.1400, -11.9010, 84.0692

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602



123.7900, 32.6415, 77.3602

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165.8150, 21.2902, 78.2152



154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602



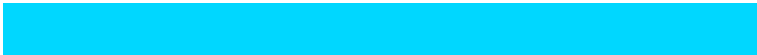
174.8510, 39.5135, -27.0563

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602



155.2750, 49.1644, -136.1762



187.4950, 33.2800, 59.2019



168.5250, -49.5588, 75.8386



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602



153.5360, 29.8088, -134.6511



187.4950, 33.2800, 59.2019



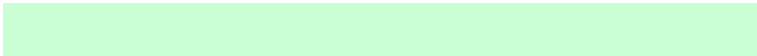
158.9410, 0.0291, 84.2437

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602



233.7240, -11.6959, -28.6989



188.7780, -60.5296, 1.0717



115.2400, -7.5133, -16.8735



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602



171.0920, -47.3734, -112.3367



162.5320, -0.7553, -84.6586



102.6850, -2.3097, -5.8627



103.3410, -38.1291, -90.6301



26.0390, -9.3862, -22.8362



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



123.7900, 32.6415, 77.3602



126.9080, 47.3734, 112.3367



115.4680, 0.7553, 84.6586



100.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627



67.6590, 38.1291, 90.6301



17.0750, 9.8230, 22.7362



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602.



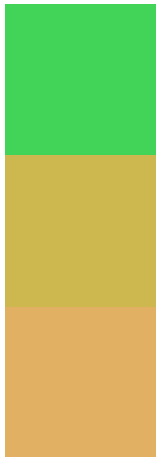
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602.

-77.3602.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602

### Protanopia

178.4230, -48.5225, 23.3080

### Deuteranopia

182.0580, -41.4406, 38.5371



## Tritanopia

172.4190, 20.9924, -60.0035

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602



## Protanomaly

169.3860, -42.5883, -13.4935



## Deuteranomaly

171.8910, -38.4003, -3.4124



## Tritanomaly

165.9240, 1.5165, -66.5853

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602



## Achromatopsia

154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

154.0230, -11.8433, -28.0842

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 212, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 212, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 212, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 212, 88) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 212, 88) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 212, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 212, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 212, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 212, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 212,  
88) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 154.2100, -32.6415, -77.3602 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 212, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 212,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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