

# Converting Colors

YUV(154.2320, -32.1594,  
1.5505)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(154.2320, -32.1594,  
1.5505)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CA659
RGB	156, 166, 89
RGB Percent	61%, 65%, 35%
CMY	0.3882, 0.3490, 0.6510
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.46, 0.35
HSL	68°, 30%, 50%
HSV	68°, 46%, 65%
XYZ	29.1497, 35.0616, 14.6824
YIQ	154.2320, 18.7570, -26.0670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

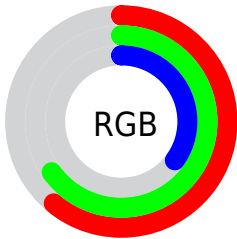
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	89, 166, 99
Decimal	10266201
CIELab	65.80, -15.39, 38.47
CIElCh	66, 41.432, 111.800
Yxy	35.0616, 0.3695, 0.4444
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288456281 (0xFF9CA659)
YUV	154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505
Hunter-Lab	59.2129, -15.7494, 26.7475

# Details

The YUV color **154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **100.7680, 32.1594, -1.5505**, and the grayscale version is **155.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209.1890, -33.6172, 2.4652**, and **102.2750, -30.7016, 0.6358** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151.6960, -39.2901, 2.0206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **156.7680, -25.0286, 1.0805**.

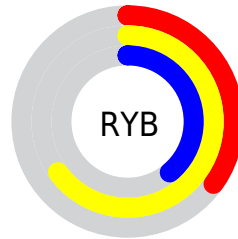
# Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (65%)

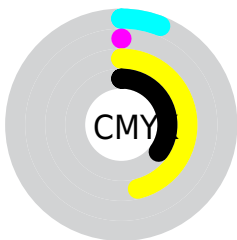
Blue (35%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (39%)

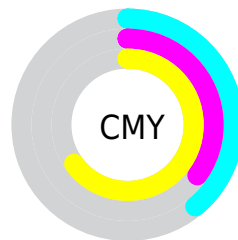


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 154.2320,  
-32.1594, 1.5505

■ 154.2320,  
-32.1594, 1.5505

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 128.0470,  
-31.5752, 0.8358

■ 209.1890,  
-33.6172, 2.4652

■ 102.2750,  
-30.7016, 0.6358

■ 237.8470,  
-34.9276, 2.7652

■ 77.7480, -31.4278,  
0.2210

■ 248.1600,  
-26.2079, 5.9987

■ 54.5890, -26.9124,  
-1.3936

■ 251.3520,  
-13.9775, 3.1993

■ 34.7980, -17.1554,  
-4.2078

■ 254.6580, -1.3104,  
0.2999

■ 14.6750, -7.2348,  
-12.8700

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 154.2320,  
-32.1594, 1.5505

■ 154.2320,  
-32.1594, 1.5505

■ 151.6960,  
-39.2901, 2.0206

■ 156.7680,  
-25.0286, 1.0805

■ 149.2740,  
-45.9841, 2.3907

■ 159.1900,  
-18.3347, 0.7104

■ 146.7380,  
-53.1148, 2.8608

■ 161.7260,  
-11.2039, 0.2403

■ 144.0170,  
-59.6614, 2.6161

■ 164.4470, -4.6574,  
0.4850

■ 141.4810,  
-66.7921, 3.0862

■ 166.9830, 2.4734,  
0.0149

■ 140.4980,  
-69.2655, 3.0713

■ 169.5190, 9.6041,  
-0.4552

■ 171.9410, 16.2981,  
-0.8253

■ 174.4770, 23.4288,  
-1.2953

■ 176.8990, 30.1228,  
-1.6654

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



157.4960, -35.7405, 30.2600



154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505



148.6930, -18.0896, -31.3028

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505



127.4630, 44.1417, -111.7851



163.4810, 4.1999, 53.0752

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505



100.7680, 32.1594, -1.5505

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164.2680, 20.5739, 27.8290



154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505



148.2120, 41.8005, -60.6989

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505



126.2770, 29.4434, -110.7449



160.7560, 33.6443, -11.1870



161.2420, -13.4303, 61.1778



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505



143.1980, -4.0416, -57.1786



160.7560, 33.6443, -11.1870



163.9300, 9.8945, 46.5424

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505



212.2700, -12.9511, 0.6402



117.3060, -13.9549, 42.7046



106.9370, -7.8569, 0.0553



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505



198.3080, -50.9308, 2.3609



143.1690, -26.7053, -21.1962



82.7890, -3.3470, 0.1850



125.4470, -61.8454, 3.1160



17.1220, -8.4411, 0.7700



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100.7680, 32.1594, -1.5505



113.6920, 50.9308, -2.3609



111.8310, 26.7053, 21.1962



77.2110, 3.3470, -0.1850



22.5530, 61.8454, -3.1160



3.1770, 8.2937, -0.1552



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

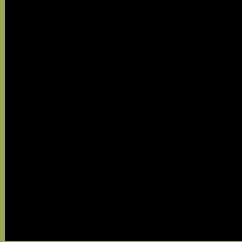
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.2320, -32.1594,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505

### Protanopia

156.4620, -34.2448, 17.1348

### Deuteranopia

157.7180, -32.3990, 31.8193



## Tritanopia

160.7600, 4.0623, 3.7185

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505

## Protanomaly

155.6570, -33.3549, 11.7018

## Deuteranomaly

156.3530, -32.2190, 20.7384

## Tritanomaly

158.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505

## Achromatopsia

154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

153.9110, -11.7881, 0.9551

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 166, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 166, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 166, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 166, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 166, 89) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 166, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 166, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 166, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 166, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 166,  
89) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 154.2320, -32.1594, 1.5505 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 166, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
166, 89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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