

Converting Colors

YUV(154.3270, -22.8392,
-1.1638)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(154.3270, -22.8392,
-1.1638)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99A46C
RGB	153, 164, 108
RGB Percent	60%, 64%, 42%
CMY	0.4000, 0.3569, 0.5765
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.34, 0.36
HSL	72°, 24%, 53%
HSV	72°, 34%, 64%
XYZ	29.1191, 34.4059, 19.2936
YIQ	154.3270, 11.4200, -19.7480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

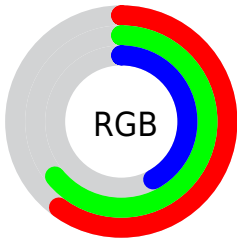
Format	Color
RYB	108, 164, 119
Decimal	10069100
CIELab	65.28, -13.29, 27.81
CIElCh	65, 30.823, 115.548
Yxy	34.4059, 0.3516, 0.4154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288259180 (0xFF99A46C)
YUV	154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638
Hunter-Lab	58.6566, -14.0356, 21.5576

Details

The YUV color **154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **117.6730, 22.8392, 1.1638**, and the grayscale version is **155.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **208.9850, -24.1496, -0.8638**, and **102.7830, -21.0920, -1.5637** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151.6060, -29.3858, -1.4085**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157.0480, -16.2927, -0.9191**.

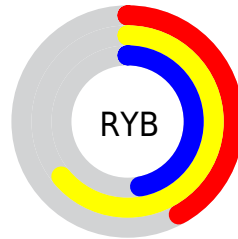
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (64%)

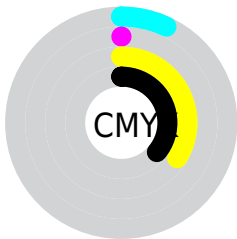
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (47%)

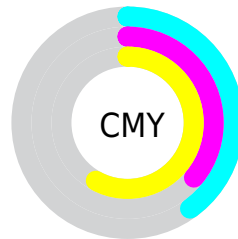


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 154.3270,
-22.8392, -1.1638

■ 154.3270,
-22.8392, -1.1638

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 128.4410,
-22.4024, -1.2638

■ 208.9850,
-24.1496, -0.8638

■ 102.7830,
-21.0920, -1.5637

■ 236.8710,
-24.5864, -0.7639

■ 78.5980, -20.5078,
-2.2784

■ 250.4400,
-17.4719, 3.9991

■ 55.5980, -20.5078,
-2.2784

■ 253.7460, -4.8048,
1.0998

■ 34.2220, -16.8714,
-1.9487

■ 13.5010, -6.6560,
-11.8404

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 154.3270,
-22.8392, -1.1638

■ 154.3270,
-22.8392, -1.1638

■ 151.6060,
-29.3858, -1.4085

■ 157.0480,
-16.2927, -0.9191

■ 148.7710,
-36.3691, -1.5532

■ 159.8830, -9.3093,
-0.7744

■ 145.7510,
-42.7682, -2.4126

■ 162.9030, -2.9102,
0.0851

■ 142.9160,
-49.7516, -2.5573

■ 165.7380, 4.0732,
0.2298

■ 140.1950,
-56.2981, -2.8020

■ 168.4590, 10.6197,
0.4745

■ 137.4740,
-62.8447, -3.0467

■ 171.1800, 17.1663,
0.7191

■ 135.7360,
-66.9178, -3.2765

■ 174.3140, 24.0022,
1.4786

■ 177.0350, 30.5487,
1.7233

■ 179.7560, 37.0953,
1.9680

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156.8460, -26.5461, 21.1831



154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638



150.3330, -11.9962, -25.7250

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638



145.0690, 28.5600, -60.5735



162.1930, 0.8909, 41.0497

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638



117.6730, 22.8392, 1.1638

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



162.4110, 13.6014, 24.1956



154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638



153.7610, 29.2048, -33.9934

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638



141.6200, 19.4143, -67.1957



160.1670, 23.5817, -3.6545



160.7840, -12.2185, 45.7934

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638



147.5680, -1.7590, -42.5941



160.1670, 23.5817, -3.6545



162.3110, 5.2697, 36.5613

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638



210.4100, -8.5831, -0.3596



130.6140, -11.1487, 29.2795



104.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638



198.8850, -35.9323, -1.6531



146.2540, -18.8592, -17.7628



80.3760, -3.6364, -0.3298



120.0980, -59.2083, -2.7169



14.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117.6730, 22.8392, 1.1638



141.4140, 35.7849, 2.2679



125.7460, 18.8592, 17.7628



74.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298



25.2010, 59.0609, 3.3317



3.2480, 7.2727, 0.6595

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

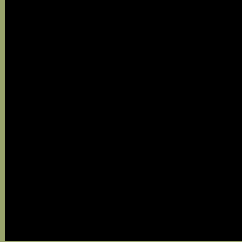
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638.

-1.1638.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638

Protanopia

156.2580, -24.7772, 13.8057

Deuteranopia

158.3890, -23.3628, 26.8458



Tritanopia

158.9770, 4.9413, 1.7742

Trichromacy



Original Color

154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638

Protanomaly

155.4530, -23.8873, 8.3727

Deuteranomaly

156.7360, -23.0408, 16.8945

Tritanomaly

157.3330, -5.0942, 0.5850

Monochromacy



Original Color

154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638

Achromatopsia

154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

154.4100, -8.5831, -0.3596

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 164, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 164, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 164, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 164, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 164, 108) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 164, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 164, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 164, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 164, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 164,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 154.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 164, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
164, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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