

Converting Colors

YUV(154.3300, -13.9667,
-0.2894)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(154.3300, -13.9667,
-0.2894)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9AA07E
RGB	154, 160, 126
RGB Percent	60%, 63%, 49%
CMY	0.3961, 0.3725, 0.5059
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.21, 0.37
HSL	71°, 15%, 56%
HSV	71°, 21%, 63%
XYZ	29.6631, 33.5180, 24.6449
YIQ	154.3300, 7.3380, -11.8460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

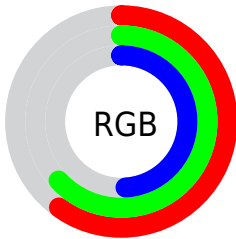
Format	Color
RYB	126, 160, 132
Decimal	10133630
CIELab	64.58, -8.17, 17.04
CIELCh	65, 18.898, 115.603
Yxy	33.5180, 0.3377, 0.3816
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288323710 (0xFF9AA07E)
YUV	154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894
Hunter-Lab	57.8947, -9.8589, 15.2875

Details

The YUV color **154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **131.6700, 13.9667, 0.2894**, and the grayscale version is **154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209.1020, -14.8403, -0.0895**, and **103.5580, -13.0931, -0.4894** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151.6090, -20.5132, -0.5341**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157.0510, -7.4201, -0.0447**.

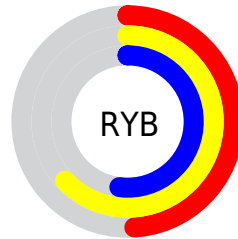
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (63%)

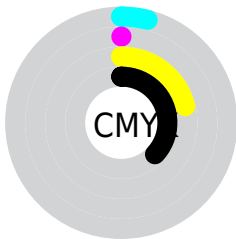
Blue (49%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (52%)

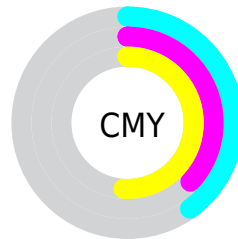


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 154.3300,
-13.9667, -0.2894

■ 154.3300,
-13.9667, -0.2894

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 128.4440,
-13.5299, -0.3894

■ 209.1020,
-14.8403, -0.0895

■ 103.5580,
-13.0931, -0.4894

■ 236.9880,
-15.2771, 0.0105

■ 78.7860, -12.2195,
-0.6893

■ 252.7200, -8.7360,
1.9996

■ 55.9000, -11.7827,
-0.7893

■ 33.9000, -11.7827,
-0.7893

■ 12.9360, -6.3774,
-7.8369

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 154.3300,
-13.9667, -0.2894

■ 154.3300,
-13.9667, -0.2894

■ 151.6090,
-20.5132, -0.5341

■ 157.0510, -7.4201,
-0.0447

■ 148.8880,
-27.0598, -0.7788

■ 159.7720, -0.8736,
0.2000

■ 146.4660,
-33.7537, -0.4087

■ 162.1940, 5.8204,
-0.1701

■ 143.7450,
-40.3003, -0.6534

■ 164.9150, 12.3669,
0.0745

■ 141.0240,
-46.8468, -0.8980

■ 167.6360, 18.9135,
0.3192

■ 138.3030,
-53.3934, -1.1427

■ 170.3570, 25.4600,
0.5639

■ 135.5820,
-59.9399, -1.3874

■ 173.0780, 32.0065,
0.8086

■ 133.3880,
-65.7603, -1.2173

■ 175.7990, 38.5531,
1.0533

■ 176.5110, 38.6951,
2.1829

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156.4350, -16.4835, 13.6505



154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



152.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



151.3410, 16.1009, -30.9941



159.8660, 0.0661, 25.5505

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



131.6700, 13.9667, 0.2894

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



159.5640, 8.1029, 14.4144



154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



155.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



149.8260, 10.4388, -34.9274



157.7730, 14.4089, -1.5549



158.8250, -7.8017, 29.0945

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



151.0910, -1.5239, -24.6358



157.7730, 14.4089, -1.5549



159.8270, 2.5503, 22.0767

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



207.0340, -4.9468, -0.0298



139.6880, -6.7482, 17.8136



103.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



200.1530, -22.2604, -0.1342



149.2470, -11.4608, -10.7406



77.7890, -3.3470, 0.1850



119.2230, -58.7769, -1.0726



12.6920, -6.2572, 0.2701

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.6700, 13.9667, 0.2894



163.8470, 22.2604, 0.1342



136.7530, 11.4608, 10.7406



72.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297



23.7770, 58.7769, 1.0726



2.6070, 6.1097, 0.3447

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

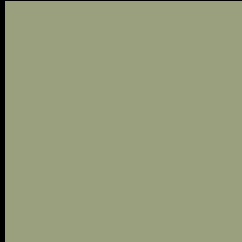
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

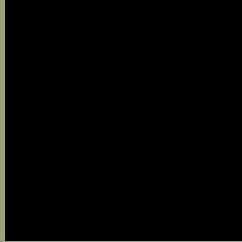
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894.

-0.2894.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894

Protanopia

155.3420, -15.4516, 9.3471

Deuteranopia

156.7610, -14.1792, 21.2576



Tritanopia

157.2760, 4.7939, 2.3889

Trichromacy



Original Color

154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894

Protanomaly

154.8470, -14.7146, 6.2732

Deuteranomaly

156.0050, -14.2995, 13.1506

Tritanomaly

156.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295

Monochromacy



Original Color

154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894

Achromatopsia

154.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

154.0340, -4.9468, -0.0298

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 160, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 160, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 160, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 160, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 160, 126) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 160, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 160, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 160, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 160, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 160,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 154.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 160, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
160, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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