

# Converting Colors

YUV(154.9150, 45.8909,  
-19.2195)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(154.9150, 45.8909,  
-19.2195)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8594F8
RGB	133, 148, 248
RGB Percent	52%, 58%, 97%
CMY	0.4784, 0.4196, 0.0275
CMYK	0.46, 0.40, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	232°, 89%, 75%
HSV	232°, 46%, 97%
XYZ	37.2060, 32.9437, 93.2047
YIQ	154.9150, -41.0400, 27.9200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

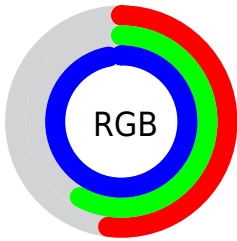
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	133, 146, 248
Decimal	8754424
CIE Lab	64.12, 20.43, -51.77
CIE LCh	64, 55.656, 291.540
Yxy	32.9437, 0.2278, 0.2017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286944504 (0xFF8594F8)
YUV	154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195
Hunter-Lab	57.3966, 15.2646, -56.1018

# Details

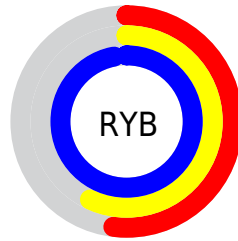
The YUV color **154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **226.0850, -45.8909, 19.2195**, and the grayscale version is **155.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204.7530, 24.7718, -12.0614**, and **101.7250, 44.0126, -23.4378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **134.5260, 55.9427, -23.2633**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **175.3040, 35.8391, -15.1756**.

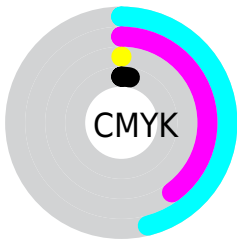
# Distribution



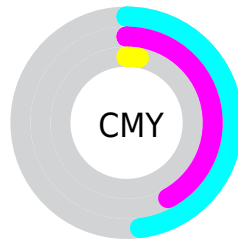
- Red (52%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 154.9150, 45.8909,  
-19.2195

■ 154.9150, 45.8909,  
-19.2195

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 127.6760, 45.0227,  
-20.7639

■ 204.7530, 24.7718,  
-12.0614

■ 101.7250, 44.0126,  
-23.4378

■ 229.8600, 12.3940,  
-8.6472

■ 74.5780, 43.5920,  
-28.5709

■ 253.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

■ 46.1420, 44.7930,  
-40.4665

■ 31.4380, 39.2241,  
-27.5711

■ 15.6740, 34.6707,  
-13.7461

■ 10.5900, 25.3451,

-9.2874

■ 6.2070, 16.1669,  
-5.4435

■ 2.4110, 6.6994,  
-2.1144

■ 154.9150, 45.8909,  
-19.2195

■ 154.9150, 45.8909,  
-19.2195

■ 134.5260, 55.9427,  
-23.2633

■ 175.3040, 35.8391,  
-15.1756

■ 114.7240, 65.7051,  
-27.8219

■ 195.1060, 26.0767,  
-10.6170

■ 94.6340, 75.6094,  
-31.2510

■ 215.1960, 16.1724,  
-7.1879

■ 74.8320, 85.3718,  
-35.8097

■ 234.9980, 6.4100,  
-2.6292

■ 54.4430, 95.4236,  
-39.8535

■ 254.2020, -3.0576,  
0.6998

■ 47.0560, 99.0654,  
-41.2681

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.6970, 62.7604, -110.2363



154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195



159.7990, 28.6931, 37.0103

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195



153.4990, -36.7280, 67.0914



120.9190, 8.9139, -106.0460

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195



226.0850, -45.8909, 19.2195

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138.5250, -23.4298, -45.1874



154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195



151.1090, -48.8607, 38.4924

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195



153.7930, -15.6739, 80.8655



146.9040, -44.8157, 0.9612



127.3200, 30.9012, -111.6596



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195



158.2940, 14.6451, 62.8862



146.9040, -44.8157, 0.9612



118.3940, 1.7778, -103.8315

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195



226.0390, 14.2778, -6.1732



211.9050, 10.3998, -69.1997



110.2690, 8.7414, -3.7439



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195



139.4550, 56.9637, -24.0780



158.6680, 44.0407, 14.3232



114.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293



36.2210, 75.3200, -31.7658



11.6500, 24.3296, -10.2171



# Inverse Universe

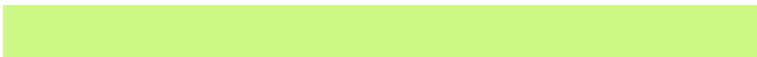
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169.0950, -10.3998, 69.1997



156.9230, -12.7800, 86.0135



222.3320, -44.0407, -14.3232



116.1150, -1.0427, 7.7921



59.3610, -16.9400, 113.6934

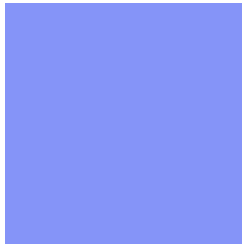


19.1510, -5.4974, 36.7016



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

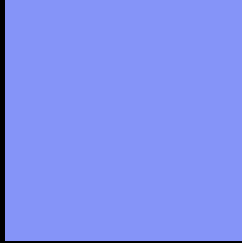
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195.

-19.2195.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195

### Protanopia

152.5220, 48.5497, -32.0298

### Deuteranopia

149.8260, 47.4138, -41.0664



## **Tritanopia**

149.5320, 13.0487, -32.0386

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195

## Protanomaly

153.6150, 47.5178, -27.7264

## Deuteranomaly

151.4680, 47.0973, -32.8594

## Tritanomaly

151.6540, 24.8206, -27.7606

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195

## Achromatopsia

155.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

154.7230, 16.8986, -6.7731

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 148, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 148, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 148, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 148, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 148, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 148, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 148, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 148, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 148, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 148,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 154.9150, 45.8909, -19.2195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 148, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
148, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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